Package 'queryBuilder'

September 24, 2024

Type Package

Title Programmatic Way to Construct Complex Filtering Queries

Version 0.1.0

Maintainer Krystian Igras <krystian8207@gmail.com>

Description Syntax for defining complex filtering expressions in a programmatic way.
A filtering query, built as a nested list configuration, can be easily stored in other formats like 'YAML' or 'JSON'.
What's more, it's possible to convert such configuration to a valid expression that can be applied to popular 'dplyr' package operations.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

Imports utils, magrittr, rlang, dplyr, glue, purrr

Collate 'queryBuilder-package.R' 'utils.R' 'operators.R'
'conditions.R' 'config.R' 'rules_and_groups.R'
'parse_results.R'

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

Author Krystian Igras [aut, cre],
Damien Sorel [cph] (Syntax for defining queries using rules and groups
as included in 'jQuery-QueryBuilder' JavaScript framework.)

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-09-24 19:10:02 UTC

Contents

`queryBuilder-package` *Build Filtering Query from Configuration*

Description

Build Filtering Query from Configuration

`attach_to_list` *Combine two lists*

Description

Combine two lists

Usage

```
attach_to_list(base_list, extra_list)
```

Arguments

`base_list`	List to attach objects to.
`extra_list`	List from which elements should be attached to `base_list`. Duplicated objects are overwritten.

Value

List.

err_msg *Generate error message*

Description

Generate error message

Usage

```
err_msg(msg, ..., .envir = parent.frame())
```

Arguments

msg	Character string interpreted by glue.
...	Extra arguments passed to glue.
.envir	Environment to evaluate each expression in, passed to glue.

Value

Executed error with interpolated message.

in_range *Check if value fits to a range*

Description

Check if value fits to a range

Usage

```
in_range(x, range)
```

Arguments

x	Numeric value.
range	Vector of length 2, storing range change limits.

Value

A logical vector indicating which elements of x fit into the specified range.

in_string *Check if character value matches the provided pattern*

Description

Check if character value matches the provided pattern

Usage

```
in_string(x, pattern, ...)
```

Arguments

x	String value.
pattern	Pattern that should be matched to x.
...	Extra arguments passed to grepl.

Value

A logical vector indicating which elements of x are matching the provided pattern.

is_empty *Compare the string to empty value*

Description

Compare the string to empty value

Usage

```
is_empty(x)
```

Arguments

x	String value.

Value

A logical vector indicating which elements equal "".

lget_attr *Extract attribute of each element from a set of lists*

Description

Extract attribute of each element from a set of lists

Usage

```
lget_attr(list_obj, attribute)
```

Arguments

list_obj	List of lists. Each nested list should contain el_name object.
attribute	Name of the attribute to extract from each object.

Value

Vector of the same length, storing extracted attributes.

operator_name_prefix *Prefix used for renaming operators names*

Description

Required due to erroneous operations on objects with names such as 'in' or 'for'.

Usage

```
operator_name_prefix
```

Format

An object of class character of length 1.

prefix_operators_name *Rename operators with the provided prefix*

Description

Rename operators with the provided prefix

Usage

```
prefix_operators_name(operators)
```

Arguments

operators	List storing queryOperators.

query-condition *Register new or list existing query conditions*

Description

Condition is two-argument function such as ‘|‘ or ‘&‘ used to combine pair of rules.

Usage

```
queryCondition(method)

setQueryConditions(..., .queryBuilderConfig = queryBuilderConfig)

listQueryConditions(.queryBuilderConfig = queryBuilderConfig, print = TRUE)

default_conditions
```

Arguments

method	R function of two parameters that is used to combine a pair of rules.
...	Name-value pairs defining condition name and method respectively. Should be defined with usage of queryCondition function.
.queryBuilderConfig	R6 class object storing query configuration. See queryBuilderConfigClass.
print	Should the list of operators be printed into console?

Format

An object of class list of length 2.

Details

- `queryCondition`: defines condition method.
- `setQueryConditions`: is used to register the defined conditions in the default or custom queryBuilderConfigClass object.
- `listQueryConditions`: returns list of registered conditions.
- `default_conditions`: an object storing default definitions for conditions.

Examples

```
setQueryConditions(
  "XOR" = queryCondition(xor)
)
query <- queryGroup(
  condition = "XOR",
  queryRule("am", "equal", 1),
  queryRule("vs", "equal", 1)
)
queryToExpr(query)
```

`query-operator` *Register new or list existing query operators*

Description

Operator are functions of maximum two arguments. The first argument is interpreted as a field (e.g. column name), the second one as a filtering value interpreted by operator accordingly. Some operators, such as 'is_empty' (that compares field values to empty string) don't require any value provided.

Usage

```
queryOperator(method)

setQueryOperators(..., .queryBuilderConfig = queryBuilderConfig)

listQueryOperators(.queryBuilderConfig = queryBuilderConfig, print = TRUE)

default_operators
```

Arguments

`method`	R function the operator should be transformed to when parsing result to R expression. The function should take at most two parameters. The first one (obligatory) is variable vector, the second one additional parameters interpreted by operator. Could be negated with exclamation mark e.g. `queryOperator(!startsWith)` which will be interpreted as the negation of the associated expression.

`...`	Name-value pairs defining operator name and method respectively. Should be defined with usage of `queryOperator` function.
`.queryBuilderConfig`	R6 class object storing query configuration. See queryBuilderConfigClass.
`print`	Should the list of operators be printed into console?

Format

An object of class `list` of length 20.

Details

Operators are stored as quotes, that are further interpreted while converting the query to filtering expression.

- `queryOperator`: defines a custom operator that can be used in generated query.
- `setQueryOperators`: is used to register the defined operators in the default or custom queryBuilderConfigClass object.
- `listQueryOperators`: allows to list available operators for the specific column type.
- `default_operators`: an object storing default definitions for operators.

Value

A single 'quote' storing the provided method.

Examples

```
listQueryOperators()

in_closed_range <- function(x, range) {
  x >= range[1] & x <= range[2]
}

setQueryOperators(
  "within" = queryOperator(in_closed_range),
  "not_within" = queryOperator(!in_closed_range)
)
query <- queryGroup(
  condition = "AND",
  queryRule("am", "equal", 1),
  queryRule("qsec", "within", c(10, 15)),
  queryRule("disp", "not_within", c(10, 15))
)
queryToExpr(query)
```

query-rules *Define filtering query*

Description

Query is configuration consisting of rules and group. Rule defines a single filtering expression whereas group is combining multiple rules (or nested groups) with the provided condition.

Usage

```
queryGroup(..., condition = "AND")

queryRule(field, operator, value = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

`...`	Rules defined with `queryRule` function.
`condition`	Group condition. By default 'AND' and 'OR' are available. To set custom one use setQueryConditions.
`field`	Field of the filter applied to the rule. To set custom one use setQueryOperators.
`operator`	Name of the operator to be applied to the rule.
`value`	(optional) Values that should be applied to the rule. Some operators, such as 'is_null', don't require any value provided.

Details

Having the example expression 'a == 1 | (vs == 0 & qsec > 10)' we can distinct the following rules and groups:

Rules: - 'am == 1' - related to 'am' field, applies '==' operator with '1' value, - 'vs == 0' - related to 'vs' field, applies '==' operator with '1' value, - 'qsec > 10' - related to 'qsec' field, applies '>' operator with '10' value.

Groups: - '(vs == 0 & qsec > 10)' - combines two rules ('vs == 0' and 'qsec > 10') with '&' condition, - 'a == 1 | (vs == 0 & qsec > 10)' - combines rule 'a == 1' and group '(vs == 0 & qsec > 10)' with '|' condition.

Such query can be defined by 'queryBuilder' the following way:

```
queryGroup( condition = "OR", queryRule("am", "equal", 1) queryGroup( condition = "AND",
queryRule("vs", "equal", 0), queryRule("qsec", "greater", 10) ) )
```

Connection between conditions and operators names and their R-based counterparts are defined with queryBuilderConfig class.

The defined query can be then converted to filtering expression with queryToExpr function.

Value

Nested lists structure.

Examples

```
queryGroup(
  condition = "OR",
  queryRule("am", "equal", 1),
  queryGroup(
    condition = "AND",
    queryRule("vs", "equal", 0),
    queryRule("qsec", "greater", 10)
  )
)
```

`queryBuilderConfig` *Default object storing 'queryBuilder' configuration.*

Description

Default object storing 'queryBuilder' configuration.

Usage

```
queryBuilderConfig
```

Format

An object of class `queryBuilderConfig` (inherits from `R6`) of length 8.

`queryBuilderConfigClass` *R6 class representing 'queryBuilderConfig' object.*

Description

R6 class representing 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

R6 class representing 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

Details

The object is responsible for storing definitions for operators and conditions that are used to generate query expression. It also allows to manage its objects by the provided methods.

Value

R6 Class constructor for query configuration (operators, conditions and methods for managing the objects).

Methods

Public methods:

- queryBuilderConfigClass$new()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$add()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$remove()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$get_from_private()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$set_to_private()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$reset()
- queryBuilderConfigClass$clone()

Method `new()`**:** Create queryBuilderConfig object with initialized conditions and operators.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$new(
  conditions = default_conditions,
  operators = default_operators,
  ...
)
```

Arguments:

`conditions` Conditions.

`operators` Operators.

`...` Unused.

Returns: The object of class 'queryBuilderConfig'.

Method `add()`**:** Add conditions and conditions to 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$add(conditions = NULL, operators = NULL)
```

Arguments:

`conditions` Conditions.

`operators` Operators.

Method `remove()`**:** Remove conditions or operators from 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$remove(conditions_id = NULL, operators_id = NULL)
```

Arguments:

`conditions_id` Id of conditions to remove.

`operators_id` Id of operators to remove.

Method `get_from_private()`**:** Get private elements from 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$get_from_private(name)
```

Arguments:

`name` Name of the element to get.

Method `set_to_private()`**:** Set private elements to 'queryBuilderConfig' object.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$set_to_private(name, value)
```

Arguments:

`name` Name of the element to set.

`value` New element value.

Method `reset()`**:** Restore default conditions and conditions of 'queryBuilderConfig' object and clear out remaining private objects.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$reset()
```

Method `clone()`**:** The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
queryBuilderConfigClass$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

`queryToExpr` *Parse query rules to R filtering expression*

Description

The function takes a list of condition rules provided by the widget (`input[[<widget-name>]]`) and returns valid R expression that can be used for example in filter function.

Usage

```
queryToExpr(query, keep_na = FALSE, .queryBuilderConfig = queryBuilderConfig)
```

Arguments

`query`	Query definition (see queryRule and queryGroup).
`keep_na`	Should query keep or exclude missing values?
`.queryBuilderConfig`	R6 class object storing query configuration. See queryBuilderConfigClass.

Value

Object of class 'call'. A filtering expression that can be passed to 'dplyr'-based filtering methods.

Examples

```
query <- queryGroup(
  condition = "AND",
  queryGroup(
    queryRule(
      field = "Species",
      operator = "equal",
      value = "setosa"
    ),
    queryRule(
      field = "Petal.Length",
      operator = "less",
      value = 1.2
    )
  )
)
queryToExpr(query)
dplyr::filter(iris, !!queryToExpr(query))
```

`query_to_expr_bare` *Convert query definition to expression*

Description

Convert query definition to expression

Usage

```
query_to_expr_bare(query, operators, conditions, keep_na)
```

Arguments

`query`	Query definition (see queryRule and queryGroup).
`operators`	List storing queryOperators.
`conditions`	List storing queryConditions.
`keep_na`	Should each rule expression be extended with rule excluding/including 'NA' values?

Value

Character value storing expression to be parsed.

remove_by_name *Remove list elements by their names*

Description

Remove list elements by their names

Usage

```
remove_by_name(list_obj, ids)
```

Arguments

list_obj	List object.
ids	Objects names to be removed.

Value

List.

rule_to_expr *Convert rule definition to expression*

Description

Convert rule definition to expression

Usage

```
rule_to_expr(rule, operators, keep_na = FALSE)
```

Arguments

rule	Rule definition (see queryRule).
operators	List storing queryOperators.
keep_na	Should the expression be extended with rule excluding/including 'NA' values?

Value

Character value storing expression to be parsed.

`substitute_q` *Substitute expression stored as a variable*

Description

Substitute expression stored as a variable

Usage

```
substitute_q(x, env)
```

Arguments

`x`	Expression to be substituted.
`env`	List of arguments to substitute for `x`.

Index