## Package 'nat.utils'

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Title File System Utility Functions for 'NeuroAnatomy Toolbox'

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**Description** Utility functions that may be of general interest but are specifically required by the 'NeuroAnatomy Toolbox' ('nat'). Includes functions to provide a basic make style system to update files based on timestamp information, file locking and 'touch' utility. Convenience functions for working with file paths include 'abs2rel', 'split\_path' and 'common\_path'. Finally there are utility functions for working with 'zip' and 'gzip' files including integrity tests.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

Imports utils, checkmate

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```
abs2rel
```

Remove common part of two paths, leaving relative path

## Description

Remove common part of two paths, leaving relative path

## Usage

```
abs2rel(path, stempath = getwd(), StopIfNoCommonPath = FALSE)
```

#### Arguments

	path	Paths to make relative			
	stempath	Root to which path will be made relative			
StopIfNoCommonPath					
		Error if no path in common			

#### Value

Character vector containing relative path

## Author(s)

jefferis

## See Also

path.expand, normalizePath
Other path\_utils: common\_path(), split\_path()

#### common\_path

#### Examples

```
path = "/Volumes/JData/JPeople/Sebastian/images"
abs2rel(path,'/Volumes/JData')
```

common\_path

Find common prefix of two or more (normalised) file paths

#### Description

Find common prefix of two or more (normalised) file paths

#### Usage

```
common_path(paths, normalise = FALSE, fsep = .Platform$file.sep)
```

#### Arguments

paths	Character vector of file paths
normalise	$Whether \ to \ normalise \ paths \ (with \ normalizePath, \ default \ FALSE)$
fsep	Optional path separator (defaults to .Platform\$file.sep)

#### Details

Note that for absolute paths, the common prefix will be returned e.g.  $common_path(c("/a", "/b"))$  is "/"

Note that normalizePath 1) operates according to the conventions of the current runtime platform 2) is called with winslash=.Platform\$file.sep which means that normalised paths will eventually end up separated by "\" by default on Windows rather than by "//", which is normalizePath's standard behaviour.

## Value

Character vector of common prefix, "" when there is no common prefix, or the original value of paths when fewer than 2 paths were supplied.

## See Also

normalizePath

Other path\_utils: abs2rel(), split\_path()

#### Examples

```
common_path(c("/a","/b"))
common_path(c("/a/b/","/a/b"))
common_path(c("/a/b/d","/a/b/c/d"))
common_path(c("/a/b/d","/b/c/d"))
common_path(c("a","b"))
common_path(c("","/a"))
common_path(c("~","~/"))
common_path(c("~',"~/"))
common_path(c("~',"~/"), normalise = FALSE)
```

file.swap

Swap names of two files (by renaming first to a temporary file)

#### Description

Swap names of two files (by renaming first to a temporary file)

#### Usage

file.swap(f1, f2)

#### Arguments

f1, f2 Paths to files

#### Value

logical indicating success

#### Author(s)

jefferis

## See Also

file.rename

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find\_extdata

#### Description

Construct paths to files in the extdata folder of a package

#### Usage

```
find_extdata(..., package = NULL, firstpath = NULL, Verbose = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

	components of the path (eventually appended to location of extdata)
package	The package to search
firstpath	An additional location to check before looking anywhere else
Verbose	Whether to print messages about failed paths while looking for extdata

## Details

inst/extdata is the conventional place to store data that is not managed directly by the standard R package mechanisms. Unfortunately its location changes at different stages of the package build/load process, since in the final package all folders underneath inst are moved directly to the package root.

#### Value

A character vector containing the constructed path

#### See Also

Other extdata: read\_nl\_from\_parts(), save\_nl\_in\_parts()

#### Examples

find\_extdata(package='nat.utils')

```
gzip.crc
```

#### Description

Reads the crc from a gzip file, assuming it is the last 4 bytes of the file. First checks for a valid gzip magic number at the start of the file.

#### Usage

gzip.crc(f)

#### Arguments

f

Path to a gzip file

## Details

CRC32 is not a strong hash like SHA1 or even MD5, but it does provide a basic hash of the **un-compressed contents** of the gzip file. NB CRCs are stored in little endian byte order regardless of platform.

#### Value

hexadecimal formatted

#### Examples

```
rdsfile=system.file('help/aliases.rds')
gzip.crc(rdsfile)
```

is.gzip

Check if a file is a gzip file

#### Description

Check if a file is a gzip file

## Usage

is.gzip(f)

#### Arguments

f Path to file to test

#### makelock

#### Value

logical indicating whether f is in gzip format (or NA if the file cannot be accessed)

#### Examples

```
notgzipfile=tempfile()
writeLines('not a gzip', notgzipfile)
is.gzip(notgzipfile)
con=gzfile(gzipfile<-tempfile(),open='wt')
writeLines('This one is gzipped', con)
close(con)
is.gzip(gzipfile)
unlink(c(notgzipfile,gzipfile))</pre>
```

makelock

Make and remove (NFS safe) lock files

#### Description

Creates a lock file on disk containing a message that should identify the current R session. Will return FALSE is someone else has already made a lockfile. In order to avoid race conditions typical on NFS mounted drives makelock appends a unique message to the lock file and then reads the file back in. Only if the unique message is the first line in the file will makelock return TRUE.

removelock displays a warning and returns false if lockfile cannot be removed. No error message is given if the file does not exist.

#### Usage

```
makelock(lockfile, lockmsg, CreateDirectories = TRUE)
```

```
removelock(lockfile)
```

#### Arguments

lockfile	Path to lockfile					
lockmsg	Character vector with message to be written to lockfile					
CreateDirectories						
	Recursively create directories implied by lockfile path					

#### Value

logical indicating success

#### Author(s)

jefferis

#### Examples

```
makelock(lock<-tempfile())
stopifnot(!makelock(lock))
removelock(lock)</pre>
```

make\_chunks

Split inputs into a number of chunks

## Description

Split inputs into a number of chunks

#### Usage

```
make_chunks(x, size = length(x), nchunks = NULL, chunksize = NULL)
```

#### Arguments

Х	A vector of inputs e.g. ids, neurons etc (optional, see examples)
size	The number of inputs (defaults to length(x) when x is present)
nchunks	The desired number of chunks
chunksize	The desired number of items per chunk

#### Details

You must specify exactly one of nchunks and chunksize.

#### Value

The elements of x split into a list of chunks or (when x is missing) a vector of integer indices in the range 1:nchunks specifying the chunk for each input element .

#### Examples

```
make_chunks(1:11, nchunks=2)
make_chunks(size=11, chunksize=2)
```

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ncpus

#### Description

Return number of cpus (or a default on failure)

## Usage

ncpus(default = 1L)

## Arguments

default Number of cores to assume if detectCores fails

## Value

Integer number of cores

integer number of cores always >=1 for default values

#### Author(s)

jefferis

#### See Also

detectCores

#### Examples

ncpus()

read\_nl\_from\_parts Make a neuronlist object from two separate files

#### Description

Make a neuronlist object from two separate files

#### Usage

```
read_nl_from_parts(datapath, dfpath = NULL, package = NULL, ...)
```

#### Arguments

datapath	Path to the data object
dfpath	Path to the data.frame object (constructed from datapath when NULL, see de- tails)
package	Character vector naming a package whose extdata directory will be sought (with find_extdata) and prepended to the two input paths.
	Additional arguments passd to find_extdata

#### Details

It is expected that you will use this in an R source file within the data folder of a package. See **Examples** for more information.

If dfpath is missing, it will be inferred from datapath according to the following pattern:

- myblob.rda main data file
- myblob.df.rda metdata file

#### Value

a neuronlist object

## See Also

Other extdata: find\_extdata(), save\_nl\_in\_parts()

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
# you could use the following in a file
# data/make_data.R
delayedAssign('pns', read_nl_from_parts('pns.rds', package='testlazyneuronlist'))
# based on objects created by
save_nl_in_parts(pns)
# which would make:
# - inst/extdata/pns.rds
# - inst/extdata/pns.df.rds
```

## End(Not run)

RunCmdForNewerInput Run a command if input files are newer than outputs

#### Description

Run a command if input files are newer than outputs

#### RunCmdForNewerInput

#### Usage

```
RunCmdForNewerInput(
    cmd,
    infiles,
    outfiles,
    Verbose = FALSE,
    UseLock = FALSE,
    Force = FALSE,
    ReturnInputTimes = FALSE,
    ...
```

```
)
```

#### Arguments

cmd	An expression, a string or NA/NULL					
infiles	Character vector of path to one or more input files					
outfiles	Character vector of path to one or more output files					
Verbose	Write information to consolse (Default FALSE)					
UseLock	Stop other processes working on this task (Default FALSE)					
Force	Ignore file modification times and always produce output if input files exist.					
ReturnInputTimes						
	Return mtimes of input files (default FALSE)					
	additional parameters passed to system call.					

## Details

cmd can be an R expression, which is evaluated if necessary in the environment calling RunCmdForNewerInput, a string to be passed to system or NULL/NA in which cases the files are checked and TRUE or FALSE is returned depending on whether action is required.

When UseLock=TRUE, the lock file created is called outfiles[1].lock

When ReturnInputTimes=TRUE, the input mtimes are returned as an attribute of a logical value (if available).

#### Value

logical indicating if cmd was run or for an R expression, eval(cmd)

#### See Also

makelock, eval, expression

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
RunCmdForNewerInput(expression(myfunc("somefile")))
```

## End(Not run)

save\_nl\_in\_parts

#### Description

Save a neuronlist object into separate data and metadata parts

#### Usage

```
save_nl_in_parts(
    x,
    datapath = NULL,
    dfpath = NULL,
    extdata = TRUE,
    format = c("rds", "rda"),
    ...
)
```

## Arguments

х	A neuronlist object to save in separate parts
datapath	Optional path to new data file (constructed from name of x argument when miss- ing)
dfpath	Optional path to new metadata file (constructed from datapath when missing)
extdata	Logical indicating whether the files should be saved into extdata folder (default TRUE, when FALSE the paths are untouched)
format	Either 'rds' (default) or 'rda'.
	Additional arguments passed to saveRDS or save (based on the value of format).

#### Details

Saves a neuronlist into separate data and metadata parts. This can significantly mitigate git repository bloat since only the metadata object will change when any metadata is updated. By default the objects will be saved into the package inst/extdata folder with sensible names based on the incoming object. E.g. if x=mypns the files will be

- mypns.rds
- mypns.df.rds

#### Value

character vector with path to the saved files (returned invisibly)

#### See Also

```
Other extdata: find_extdata(), read_nl_from_parts()
```

#### split\_path

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
save_nl_in_parts(pns)
# which would make:
# - inst/extdata/pns.rds
# - inst/extdata/pns.df.rds
save_nl_in_parts(pns, format='rda')
# which would make:
# - inst/extdata/pns.rda
# - inst/extdata/pns.df.rda
save_nl_in_parts(pns, 'mypns.rda')
# which would make (NB format argument wins):
# - inst/extdata/mypns.rds
# - inst/extdata/mypns.df.rds
## End(Not run)
```

split\_path Split file path into individual components (optionally including separators)

#### Description

Split file path into individual components (optionally including separators)

#### Usage

```
split_path(
   path,
   include.fseps = FALSE,
   omit.duplicate.fseps = FALSE,
   fsep = .Platform$file.sep
)
```

## Arguments

path	A path with directories separated by fseps.					
include.fseps	Whether to include the separators in the returned character vector (default FALSE)					
omit.duplicate.fseps						
	$Whether \ to \ omit \ duplicate \ file \ separators \ if \ include \ . fseps=TRUE \ (default \ FALSE).$					
fsep	The path separator (default to .Platform\$file.sep)					

#### Value

A character vector with one element for each component in the path (including path separators if include.fseps=TRUE).

touch

#### See Also

file.path Other path\_utils: abs2rel(), common\_path()

## Examples

```
split_path("/a/b/c")
split_path("a/b/c")
parts=split_path("/a/b/c", include.fseps=TRUE)
# join parts back up again
paste(parts, collapse = "")
split_path("a/b//c", include.fseps=TRUE, omit.duplicate.fseps=TRUE)
# Windows style
split_path("C:\\a\\b\\c", fsep="\\")
```

```
touch
```

Use unix touch utility to change file's timestamp

#### Description

If neither a time or a reference file is provided then the current time is used. If the file does not already exist, it is created unless Create=FALSE.

#### Usage

```
touch(
  file,
  time,
  reference,
  timestoupdate = c("access", "modification"),
  Create = TRUE
```

#### Arguments

)

file	Path to file to modify
time	Absolute time in POSIXct format
reference	Path to a reference file
timestoupdate	"access" or "modification" (default both)
Create	Logical indicating whether to create file (default TRUE)

#### Value

TRUE or FALSE according to success

#### Author(s)

jefferis

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zipinfo

## Description

Return information about a zip archive using system unzip command

#### Usage

zipinfo(f)

## Arguments f

Path to one (or more) files

## Details

Uses system unzip command.

## Value

dataframe of information

#### Author(s)

jefferis

#### See Also

#### zip

Other ziputils: zipok()

zipok

Verify integrity of one or more zip files

## Description

Verify integrity of one or more zip files

## Usage

zipok(f, Verbose = FALSE)

## Arguments

f	Path to one (or more) files
Verbose	Whether to be Verbose (default FALSE)

## Details

Uses system unzip command.

## Value

TRUE when file OK, FALSE otherwise

## Author(s)

jefferis

## See Also

Other ziputils: zipinfo()

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