# Package 'measurements'

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<b>Description</b> Collection of tools to make working with physical measurements easier. Convert between metric and imperial units, or calculate a dimension's unknown value from other dimensions' measurements.			
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conv\_dim

## Description

Converts between dimensions of measurement given a transition dimension (the dimension that "bridges" x and y, e.g. liters per second, lbs per acre). Note that 2 of the 3 measurements (x, y, or trans) must be defined to calculate the 3rd. See conv\_unit\_options for all options.

#### Usage

conv\_dim(x, x\_unit, trans, trans\_unit, y, y\_unit)

# Arguments

х	a numeric vector giving the measurement value in the first dimension.
x_unit	the unit in which x was measured.
trans	a numeric vector giving the measurement value in the transition dimension.
trans_unit	the unit in which trans was measured.
У	a numeric vector giving the measurement value in the second dimension.
y_unit	the unit in which y was measured.

#### Details

This function supports all dimensions in conv\_unit\_options except for coordinates. The conversion values have been defined based primarily from international weight and measurement authorities (e.g. General Conference on Weights and Measures, International Committee for Weights and Measures, etc.). While much effort was made to make conversions as accurate as possible, you should check the accuracy of conversions to ensure that conversions are precise enough for your applications.

#### Note

Duration Years are defined as 365.25 days and months are defined as 1/12 a year.

Energy cal is a thermochemical calorie (4.184 J) and Cal is 1000 cal (kcal or 4184 J).

Flow All gallon-based units are US gallons.

Mass All non-metric units are based on the avoirdupois system.

Power hp is mechanical horsepower, or 745.69 W.

**Speed** mach is calculated at sea level at 15 °C.

# Author(s)

Matthew A. Birk, <matthewabirk@gmail.com>

#### conv\_multiunit

#### See Also

conv\_unit\_options, conv\_unit

#### Examples

```
# How many minutes does it take to travel 100 meters at 3 feet per second?
conv_dim(x = 100, x_unit = "m", trans = 3, trans_unit = "ft_per_sec", y_unit = "min")
# How many degrees does the temperature increase with an increase in 4 kPa given 0.8 Celcius
# increase per psi?
conv_dim(x_unit = "C", trans = 0.8, trans_unit = "C_per_psi", y = 4, y_unit = "kPa")
# Find the densities given volume and mass measurements.
conv_dim(x = c(60, 80), x_unit = "ft3", trans_unit = "kg_per_1", y = c(6e6, 4e6), y_unit = "g")
```

conv\_multiunit Convert Units of Measurement Composed of Multiple Units

#### Description

Converts complex units of measurement that are joined by "/" or " \* ". This function supports all dimensions in conv\_unit\_options except for coordinates.

#### Usage

 $conv_multiunit(x = 1, from, to)$ 

#### Arguments

x	a numeric vector giving the measurement value in its original units. Default is 1.
from, to	a string defining the multiunit with subunits separated by "/" or " * ".

#### Author(s)

Matthew A. Birk, <matthewabirk@gmail.com>

# See Also

conv\_unit, conv\_unit\_options, conv\_dim

#### Examples

```
conv_multiunit(x = 10, from = "ft / hr * F", to = "m / min * C")
conv_multiunit(x = 1:100, from = "gal_per_min * ft / psi * hp", to = "l_per_hr * km / kPa * kW")
```

conv\_unit

#### Description

Converts common units of measurement for a variety of dimensions. See conv\_unit\_options for all options.

#### Usage

conv\_unit(x, from, to)

#### Arguments

х	a numeric vector giving the measurement value in its original units.
from	the unit in which the measurement was made.
to	the unit to which the measurement is to be converted.

#### Details

Acceleration mm\_per\_sec2, cm\_per\_sec2, m\_per\_sec2, km\_per\_sec2, grav, inch\_per\_sec2, ft\_per\_sec2, mi\_per\_sec2, kph\_per\_sec, mph\_per\_sec

Angle degree, radian, grad, arcmin, arcsec, turn

Area nm2, um2, mm2, cm2, m2, hectare, km2, inch2, ft2, yd2, acre, mi2, naut\_mi2

Coordinate dec\_deg, deg\_dec\_min, deg\_min\_sec (see note)

**Count** fmol, pmol, nmol, umol, mmol, mol

Duration nsec, usec, msec, sec, min, hr, day, wk, mon, yr, dec, cen, mil, Ma

Energy J, kJ, erg, cal, Cal, Wsec, kWh, MWh, BTU

File size byte, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB, bit, Kbit, Mbit, Gbit, Tbit, Pbit

Flow ml\_per\_sec, ml\_per\_min, ml\_per\_hr, l\_per\_sec, l\_per\_min, l\_per\_hr, m3\_per\_sec, m3\_per\_min, m3\_per\_hr, gal\_per\_sec, gal\_per\_min, gal\_per\_hr, ft3\_per\_sec, ft3\_per\_min, ft3\_per\_hr, Sv

Length angstrom, nm, um, mm, cm, dm, m, km, inch, ft, yd, fathom, mi, naut\_mi, au, light\_yr, parsec, point

Mass Da, fg, pg, ng, ug, mg, g, kg, Mg, Gg, Tg, Pg, carat, metric\_ton, oz, lbs, short\_ton, long\_ton, stone

**Power** uW, mW, W, kW, MW, GW, erg\_per\_sec, cal\_per\_sec, cal\_per\_hr, Cal\_per\_sec, Cal\_per\_hr, BTU\_per\_sec, BTU\_per\_hr, hp

Pressure uatm, atm, Pa, hPa, kPa, torr, mmHg, inHg, cmH2O, inH2O, mbar, bar, dbar, psi

**Speed** mm\_per\_sec, cm\_per\_sec, m\_per\_sec, km\_per\_sec, inch\_per\_sec, ft\_per\_sec, kph, mph, km\_per\_day, mi\_per\_day, knot, mach, light

Temperature C, F, K, R

Torque N-m, ft-lbs, inch-lbs

Volume ul, ml, dl, l, cm3, dm3, m3, km3, us\_tsp, us\_tbsp, us\_oz, us\_cup, us\_pint, us\_quart, us\_gal, inch3, ft3, mi3, imp\_tsp, imp\_tbsp, imp\_oz, imp\_cup, imp\_pint, imp\_quart, imp\_gal

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#### Note

**Duration** Years are defined as 365.25 days and months are defined as 1/12 a year.

- **Coordinate** Values must be entered as a string with one space between subunits (e.g.  $70^{\circ} 33' 11'' = "70 33 11"$ ).
- Energy cal is a thermochemical calorie (4.184 J) and Cal is 1000 cal (kcal or 4184 J).

Flow All gallon-based units are US gallons.

Mass All non-metric units are based on the avoirdupois system.

Power hp is mechanical horsepower, or 745.69 W.

Pressure cmH2O is defined at 4 °C.

Pressure inH2O is defined at 60 °F.

**Speed** mach is calculated at sea level at 15 °C.

#### Author(s)

Matthew A. Birk, <matthewabirk@gmail.com>

#### See Also

conv\_unit\_options, conv\_dim

#### Examples

```
conv_unit(2.54, "cm", "inch") # Result = 1 inch
conv_unit(seq(1, 10), "kg", "short_ton") # A vector of measurement values can be converted
# Convert 1, 10, and 100 meters to all other length units
sapply(conv_unit_options$length, function(x) conv_unit(c(1, 10, 100), "m", x))
conv_unit("33 1 1", "deg_min_sec", "dec_deg")
conv_unit(c("101 44.32","3 19.453"), "deg_dec_min", "deg_min_sec")
```

conv\_unit\_options Unit of Measurement Conversion Options

#### Description

Shows what units of measurement can be converted with the function conv\_unit.

# Usage

conv\_unit\_options

#### Format

A list with all units available for conversion using conv\_unit.

#### Details

Duration Years are defined as 365.25 days and months are defined as 1/12 a year.

**Coordinate** Values must be entered as a string with one space between subunits (e.g.  $70^{\circ} 33' 11'' = "70 33 11"$ ).

Energy cal is a thermochemical calorie (4.184 J) and Cal is 1000 cal (kcal or 4184 J).

Mass All non-metric units are based on the avoirdupois system.

Power hp is mechanical horsepower, or 745.69 W.

**Pressure** cmH2O is defined at 4 °C.

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#### Source

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## See Also

conv\_unit

# Examples

conv\_unit\_options
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measurements

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