# Package 'daff'

February 15, 2024

Version 1.1.1

Title Diff, Patch and Merge for Data.frames

**Description** Diff, patch and merge for data frames. Document changes in data sets and use them to apply patches. Changes to data can be made visible by using render\_diff(). The 'V8' package is used to wrap the 'daff.js' 'JavaScript' library which is included in the package.

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**Imports** V8 (>= 0.6), jsonlite, utils

URL https://github.com/edwindj/daff

Suggests testthat

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

**Encoding** UTF-8

NeedsCompilation no

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**Repository** CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-02-15 09:40:02 UTC

# **R** topics documented:

laff	2
liffers_from	2
liff_data	3
nerge_data	5
patch_data	6
ender_diff	7
which_conflicts	8
vrite_diff	9

#### Index

daff

Data diff, patch and merge for R

#### Description

Daff calculates differences between two data.frames. This difference can be stored and later used to patch the original data. Differences can also be made visual by using render\_diff showing what changed.

#### Details

Storing the difference between data sets allows for tracking or incorporating manual changes to data sets. Ideally changes to data should be scripted to be reproducable, but there are situations or scenario's where this is not possible or happens out of your control. daff can help track these changes.

#### actions

diff_data	Find differences in values between data.frames
patch_data	Apply a patch generated with diff_data to a data.frame
merge_data	Merge two diverged data.frames orginating from a same parent

# daff.js

Daff wraps the daff.js library which offers more functionality.

differs\_from differs from,

#### Description

This is the same function as diff\_data but with arguments reversed. This is more useful when using dplyr and magrittr

#### Usage

differs\_from(data, data\_ref, ...)

#### Arguments

data	data.frame to check for changes
data_ref	data.frame reference data frame
	not further specified

#### 10

# diff\_data

# Value

difference object

# See Also

diff\_data

diff\_data

Do a data diff

# Description

Find differences with a reference data set. The diff can be used to patch\_data, to store the difference for documentation purposes using write\_diff or to visualize the difference using render\_diff

#### Usage

```
diff_data(
  data_ref,
  data,
  always_show_header = TRUE,
  always_show_order = FALSE,
  columns_to_ignore = c(),
  count_like_a_spreadsheet = TRUE,
  ids = c(),
  ignore_whitespace = FALSE,
  never_show_order = FALSE,
  ordered = TRUE,
  padding_strategy = c("auto", "smart", "dense", "sparse"),
  show_meta = TRUE,
  show_unchanged = FALSE,
  show_unchanged_columns = FALSE,
  show_unchanged_meta = FALSE,
  unchanged_column_context = 1L,
  unchanged_context = 1L
)
```

#### Arguments

data_ref	data.frame reference data frame
data	data.frame to check for changes
always_show_hea	ader
	logical Should we always give a table header

logical Should we always give a table header in diffs? This defaults to TRUE, and - frankly - you should leave it at TRUE for now.

always_show_ord	der
	logical Diffs for tables where row/column order has been permuted may in- clude an extra row/column specifying the changes in row/column numbers. If you'd like that extra row/column to always be included, turn on this flag, and turn off never_show_order.
columns_to_igno	
	character List of columns to ignore in all calculations. Changes related to these columns are ignored.
count_like_a_sp	
	logical Should column numbers, if present, be rendered spreadsheet-style as A,B,C,,AA,BB,CC? Defaults to TRUE.
ids	character List of columns that make up a primary key, if known. Otherwise heuristics are used to find a decent key (or a set of decent keys).
ignore_whitespa	ace
	logical Should whitespace be omitted from comparisons. Defaults to FALSE.
never_show_orde	
	logical Diffs for tables where row/column order has been permuted may in- clude an extra row/column specifying the changes in row/column numbers. If you'd like to be sure that that row/column is *never included, turn on this flag, and turn off always_show_order.
ordered	logical Is the order of rows and columns meaningful? Defaults to 'TRUE'.
padding_strateg	gy
	logical Strategy to use when padding columns. Valid values are "auto", "smart", "dense", and "sparse". Leave null for a sensible default.
show_meta	logical Show changes in column properties, not just data, if available. Defaults to TRUE.
	logical Should we show all rows in diffs? We default to showing just rows that have changes (and some context rows around them, if row order is meaningful), but you can override this here.
show_unchanged_	
	logical Should we show all columns in diffs? We default to showing just columns that have changes (and some context columns around them, if column order is meaningful), but you can override this here. Irrespective of this flag, you can rely on index/key columns needed to identify rows to be included in the diff.
show_unchanged_	_meta
unchanged_colur	logical Show all column properties, if available, even if unchanged. Defaults to FALSE.
-	integer When showing context columns around a changed column, what is the minimum number of such columns we should show?
unchanged_conte	
	integer When showing context rows around a changed row, what is the mini- mum number of such rows we should show?

# Value

difference object

merge\_data

#### See Also

differs\_from

#### Examples

```
library(daff)
x <- iris
x[1,1] <- 10
diff_data(x, iris)
dd <- diff_data(x, iris)
#write_diff(dd, "diff.csv")
summary(dd)</pre>
```

merge\_data

#### Merge two tables based on a parent version

#### Description

merge\_data provides a three-way merge: suppose two versions are based on a common version, this function will merge tables a and b.

#### Usage

merge\_data(parent, a, b)

### Arguments

parent	data.frame
а	data.frame changed version of parent
b	${\tt data.frame}$ other changed version of parent

#### Details

If both a and b change the same table cell with a different value, this results in a conflict. In that case a warning will be generated with the number of conflicts. In the returned data.frame of a conflicting merge columns with conflicting values are of type character and contain all three values coded as

(parent) a /// b

#### Value

merged data.frame. When a merge has conflicts the columns of conflicting changes are of type character and contain all three values.

# See Also

which\_conflicts

#### Examples

```
parent <- a <- b <- iris[1:3,]
a[1,1] <- 10
b[2,1] <- 11
# succesful merge
merge_data(parent, a, b)
parent <- a <- b <- iris[1:3,]
a[1,1] <- 10
b[1,1] <- 11
# conflicting merge (both a and b change same cell)
merged <- merge_data(parent, a, b)
merged #note the conflict
#find out which rows contain a conflict
```

which\_conflicts(merged)

patch\_data

patch data

#### Description

Patch data with a diff generated by diff\_data

#### Usage

patch\_data(data, patch)

#### Arguments

data	data.frame that should be patched
patch	generated with diff_data

# Value

data.frame that has been patched.

#### Examples

```
library(daff)
x <- iris
#change a value
x[1,1] <- 1000
patch <- diff_data(iris, x)
print(patch)
# apply patch
iris_patched <- patch_data(iris, patch)</pre>
```

iris\_patched[1,1] == 1000

6

render\_diff

# Description

Converts a diff\_data object to HTML code, and opens the resulting HTML code in a browser window if view==TRUE and R is running interactively.

# Usage

```
render_diff(
  diff,
  file = tempfile(fileext = ".html"),
  view = interactive(),
  fragment = FALSE,
  pretty = TRUE,
  title,
  summary = !fragment,
  use.DataTables = !fragment
)
```

# Arguments

diff	diff_data object generated with diff_data
file	character target file (optional)
view	logical Open the generated HTML in a browser if R is being used interactively
fragment	logical If TRUE generate (just) an HTML table, otherwise generate a valid HTML document.
pretty	logical Use HTML arrow characters instead of '->'.
title	character title text. Defaults to the quoted names of the data objects compared, separated by 'vs.'
summary	logical Should a summary of changes be shown above the HTML table?
use.DataTables	logical Include jQuery DataTables plugin and enable: - pagination (10,25,50,100,All) - searching - filtering - column visibility (individually enable/disable) - copy/csv/excel/pdf export buttons - column reorder (drag and drop) - row reorder (drag and drop) - row/multirow select

# Value

generated html

#### See Also

data\_diff

#### Examples

```
y <- iris[1:3,]
x <- y
x <- head(x,2) # remove a row
x[1,1] <- 10 # change a value
x$hello <- "world" # add a column
x$Species <- NULL # remove a column
patch <- diff_data(y, x)
render_diff(patch, title="compare x and y", pretty = TRUE)
#apply patch
y_patched <- patch_data(y, patch)</pre>
```

which\_conflicts return which rows of a merged data.frame contain conflicts

#### Description

return which rows of a merged data.frame contain conflicts.

#### Usage

```
which_conflicts(merged)
```

#### Arguments

merged data.frame merged data.frame with possible conflicts.

#### Value

integer vector with row positions containing conflicts.

#### See Also

merge\_data

#### Examples

```
parent <- a <- b <- iris[1:3,]
a[1,1] <- 10
b[2,1] <- 11
# succesful merge
merge_data(parent, a, b)
parent <- a <- b <- iris[1:3,]
a[1,1] <- 10
b[1,1] <- 11</pre>
```

8

#### write\_diff

```
# conflicting merge (both a and b change same cell)
merged <- merge_data(parent, a, b)
merged #note the conflict
#find out which rows contain a conflict
which_conflicts(merged)</pre>
```

write\_diff

#### Write or read a diff to or from a file

#### Description

The diff information is stored in the Coopy highlighter diff format: https://paulfitz.github. io/daff-doc/spec.html

#### Usage

```
write_diff(diff, file = "diff.csv")
```

read\_diff(file)

#### Arguments

diff	generated with diff_data
file	filename or connection

#### Details

Note that type information of the target data.frame is lost when writing a patch to disk. Using a stored diff to patch a data.frame will use the column types of the source data.frame to determine the target column types. New introduced columns may become characters.

Names of the reference and comparison dataset are also lost when writing a data\_diff object to disk.

#### Value

diff object that can be used in patch\_data

# Index

daff, 2
diff\_data, 2, 3, 6, 7
differs\_from, 2

merge\_data, 2, 5, 8

patch\_data, 2, 3, 6, 9

read\_diff(write\_diff), 9
render\_diff, 3, 7

which\_conflicts, 5, 8
write\_diff, 3, 9