# Package 'chromote'

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Title Headless Chrome Web Browser Interface

Version 0.5.1

**Description** An implementation of the 'Chrome DevTools Protocol', for controlling a headless Chrome web browser.

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BugReports https://github.com/rstudio/chromote/issues

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Author Garrick Aden-Buie [aut, cre] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7111-0077>), Winston Chang [aut], Barret Schloerke [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9986-114X>), Posit Software, PBC [cph, fnd] (03wc8by49)

Maintainer Garrick Aden-Buie <garrick@posit.co>

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```
Browser
```

Browser base class

## Description

Base class for browsers like Chrome, Chromium, etc. Defines the interface used by various browser implementations. It can represent a local browser process or one running remotely.

## Details

The initialize() method of an implementation should set private\$host and private\$port. If the process is local, the initialize() method should also set private\$process.

## Methods

## **Public methods:**

- Browser\$is\_local()
- Browser\$get\_process()
- Browser\$is\_alive()
- Browser\$get\_host()
- Browser\$get\_port()
- Browser\$close()
- Browser\$clone()

**Method** is\_local(): Is local browser? Returns TRUE if the browser is running locally, FALSE if it's remote.

Usage:
Browser\$is\_local()

## Chrome

**Method** get\_process(): Browser process Usage:

Browser\$get\_process()

Method is\_alive(): Is the process alive?

Usage:
Browser\$is\_alive()

#### Method get\_host(): Browser Host

Usage: Browser\$get\_host()

Method get\_port(): Browser port

Usage:
Browser\$get\_port()

## Method close(): Close the browser

Usage: Browser\$close(wait = FALSE)

Arguments:

wait If an integer, waits a number of seconds for the process to exit, killing the process if it takes longer than wait seconds to close. Use wait = TRUE to wait for 10 seconds.

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: Browser\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

Chrome

Local Chrome process

## Description

This is a subclass of Browser that represents a local browser. It extends the Browser class with a processx::process object, which represents the browser's system process.

#### Super class

chromote::Browser -> Chrome

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- Chrome\$new()
- Chrome\$get\_path()
- Chrome\$clone()

#### Method new(): Create a new Chrome object.

#### Usage:

```
Chrome$new(path = find_chrome(), args = get_chrome_args())
```

## Arguments:

path Location of chrome installation

args A character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing Chrome. Single on-off arguments are passed as single values (e.g."--disable-gpu"), arguments with a value are given with a nested character vector (e.g. c("--force-color-profile", "srgb")). See here for a list of possible arguments. Defaults to get\_chrome\_args().

Returns: A new Chrome object.

Method get\_path(): Browser application path

Usage: Chrome\$get\_path()

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: Chrome\$clone(deep = FALSE) Arguments: deep Whether to make a deep clone.

## See Also

get\_chrome\_args()

ChromeRemote Remote Chrome process

## Description

Remote Chrome process

#### Super class

chromote::Browser -> ChromeRemote

#### chrome\_versions

#### Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- ChromeRemote\$new()
- ChromeRemote\$is\_alive()
- ChromeRemote\$close()
- ChromeRemote\$clone()

Method new(): Create a new ChromeRemote object.

Usage:

ChromeRemote\$new(host, port)

Arguments:

host A string that is a valid IPv4 or IPv6 address. "0.0.0.0" represents all IPv4 addresses and "::/0" represents all IPv6 addresses.

port A number or integer that indicates the server port.

Method is\_alive(): Is the remote service alive?

Usage: ChromeRemote\$is\_alive()

**Method** close(): chromote does not manage remote processes, so closing a remote Chrome browser does nothing. You can send a Browser\$close() command if this is really something you want to do.

```
Usage:
ChromeRemote$close()
```

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage: ChromeRemote\$clone(deep = FALSE)

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

chrome\_versions Chrome versions cache helpers

## Description

[E]

These functions help interact with the cache used by **chromote**'s for storing versioned Chrome for Testing binaries:

- chrome\_versions\_path(): Returns a path or paths to specific Chrome binaries in the cache.
- chrome\_versions\_add(): Add a specific version to the Chrome versions cache.

- chrome\_versions\_remove(): Remove specific versions and binaries from the Chrome cache. The version, binary and platform arguments can each take "all" to remove all installed copies of that version, binary or platform.
- chrome\_versions\_path\_cache(): Returns the path to the cache directory used for Chrome binaries.

Managed Chrome installations is an experimental feature introduced in chromote v0.5.0 and was inspired by similar features in playwright.

## Usage

```
chrome_versions_path_cache(...)
chrome_versions_path(version = "latest", binary = "chrome", platform = NULL)
chrome_versions_add(version, binary, platform = NULL)
chrome_versions_remove(version, binary, platform = NULL, ask = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

	Additional path parts.
version	A character string specifying the version to list, add or remove.
binary	A character string specifying which binary to list. Defaults to "all" to show all binaries, or can be one or more of of "chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", or "chromedriver".
platform	A character string specifying the platform(s) to list. If NULL (default), the plat- form will be automatically detected, or if "all", then binaries for all platforms will be listed.
ask	Whether to ask before removing files.

#### Value

A character vector of Chrome binary paths.

## See Also

chrome\_versions\_list()

chrome\_versions\_list List installed or available Chrome binary versions

## Description

## [E]

By default lists the installed Chrome versions in the chrome\_versions\_path\_cache(), or list all Chrome versions available via Google's Chrome for Testing service.

Managed Chrome installations is an experimental feature introduced in chromote v0.5.0 and was inspired by similar features in playwright.

#### Usage

```
chrome_versions_list(
  which = c("installed", "all"),
  binary = c("all", "chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", "chromedriver"),
  platform = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

which	Whether to list "installed" local binaries or to list "all" chrome versions available from online sources.
binary	A character string specifying which binary to list. Defaults to "all" to show all binaries, or can be one or more of of "chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", or "chromedriver".
platform	A character string specifying the platform(s) to list. If NULL (default), the platform will be automatically detected, or if "all", then binaries for all platforms will be listed.

### Value

Returns a data.frame() of Chrome for Testing versions with columns: version, revision, binary, platform, url (where the binary can be downloaded), and—if which = "installed"—the local path to the binary in the chrome\_versions\_path\_cache().

## Examples

chrome\_versions\_list()

Chromote

#### Description

A Chromote object represents the browser as a whole, and it can have multiple *targets*, which each represent a browser tab. In the Chrome DevTools Protocol, each target can have one or more debugging *sessions* to control it. A ChromoteSession object represents a single *session*.

A Chromote object can have any number of ChromoteSession objects as children. It is not necessary to create a Chromote object manually. You can simply call:

```
b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
```

and it will automatically create a Chromote object if one has not already been created. The **chro-mote** package will then designate that Chromote object as the *default* Chromote object for the package, so that any future calls to ChromoteSession\$new() will automatically use the same Chromote. This is so that it doesn't start a new browser for every ChromoteSession object that is created.

## **Public fields**

default\_timeout Default timeout in seconds for **chromote** to wait for a Chrome DevTools Protocol response.

protocol Dynamic protocol implementation. For expert use only!

## Methods

#### **Public methods:**

- Chromote\$new()
- Chromote\$connect()
- Chromote\$view()
- Chromote\$get\_auto\_events()
- Chromote\$auto\_events\_enable\_args()
- Chromote\$get\_child\_loop()
- Chromote\$wait\_for()
- Chromote\$new\_session()
- Chromote\$get\_sessions()
- Chromote\$register\_session()
- Chromote\$send\_command()
- Chromote\$invoke\_event\_callbacks()
- Chromote\$debug\_messages()
- Chromote\$debug\_log()
- Chromote\$url()
- Chromote\$is\_active()

## Chromote

- Chromote\$is\_alive()
- Chromote\$check\_active()
- Chromote\$get\_browser()
- Chromote\$close()
- Chromote\$print()

#### Method new():

Usage:

```
Chromote$new(browser = Chrome$new(), multi_session = TRUE, auto_events = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

browser A Browser object

multi\_session Should multiple sessions be allowed?

auto\_events If TRUE, enable automatic event enabling/disabling; if FALSE, disable automatic event enabling/disabling.

**Method** connect(): Re-connect the websocket to the browser. The Chrome browser automatically closes websockets when your computer goes to sleep; you can use this to bring it back to life with a new connection.

Chromote\$connect(multi\_session = TRUE, wait\_ = TRUE)

Arguments:

Usage:

multi\_session Should multiple sessions be allowed?

wait\_ If FALSE, return a promise; if TRUE wait until connection is complete.

**Method** view(): Display the current session in the browser

If a Chrome browser is being used, this method will open a new tab using your Chrome browser. When not using a Chrome browser, set options(browser=) to change the default behavior of browseURL().

Usage: Chromote\$view()

Method get\_auto\_events(): auto\_events value.

For internal use only.

Usage: Chromote\$get\_auto\_events()

**Method** auto\_events\_enable\_args(): Set or retrieve the enable command arguments for a domain. These arguments are used for the enable command that is called for a domain, e.g. Fetch\$enable(), when accessing an event method.

Usage:

Chromote\$auto\_events\_enable\_args(domain, ...)

Arguments:

domain A command domain, e.g. "Fetch".

... Arguments to use for auto-events for the domain. If not provided, returns the argument values currently in place for the domain. Use NULL to clear the enable arguments for a domain.

Method get\_child\_loop(): Local later loop.

For expert async usage only.

Usage: Chromote\$get\_child\_loop()

Method wait\_for(): Wait until the promise resolves

Blocks the R session until the promise (p) is resolved. The loop from  $get_child_loop()$  will only advance just far enough for the promise to resolve.

Usage:

Chromote\$wait\_for(p)

Arguments:

p A promise to resolve.

Method new\_session(): Create a new tab / window

Usage:

Chromote\$new\_session(width = 992, height = 1323, targetId = NULL, wait\_ = TRUE)

Arguments:

width, height Width and height of the new window.

- targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.
- wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Otherwise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.

Method get\_sessions(): Retrieve all ChromoteSession objects

Usage:

Chromote\$get\_sessions()

Returns: A list of ChromoteSession objects

Method register\_session(): Register ChromoteSession object

Usage:

Chromote\$register\_session(session)

Arguments:

session A ChromoteSession object For internal use only.

**Method** send\_command(): Send command through Chrome DevTools Protocol. For expert use only.

or empere a

Usage:

## Chromote

```
Chromote$send_command(

msg,

callback = NULL,

error = NULL,

timeout = NULL,

sessionId = NULL

)

Arguments:

msg A JSON-serializable list containing method, and params.

callback Method to run when the command finishes successfully.

error Method to run if an error occurs.

timeout Number of milliseconds for Chrome DevTools Protocol execute a method.

sessionId Determines which ChromoteSession with the corresponding to send the command

to.
```

**Method** invoke\_event\_callbacks(): Immediately call all event callback methods. For internal use only.

```
Usage:
Chromote$invoke_event_callbacks(event, params)
Arguments:
event A single event string
params A list of parameters to pass to the event callback methods.
```

Method debug\_messages(): Enable or disable message debugging

If enabled, R will print out the

```
Usage:
Chromote$debug_messages(value = NULL)
Arguments:
value If TRUE, enable debugging. If FALSE, disable debugging.
```

**Method** debug\_log(): Submit debug log message

```
Examples:
b <- ChromoteSession$new()
b$parent$debug_messages(TRUE)
b$Page$navigate("https://www.r-project.org/")
#> SEND {"method":"Page.navigate","params":{"url":"https://www.r-project.org/"}| __truncated__}
# Turn off debug messages
b$parent$debug_messages(FALSE)
Usage:
Chromote$debug_log(...)
Arguments:
... Arguments pasted together with paste0(..., collapse = "").
```

Method url(): Create url for a given path

## Chromote

Usage: Chromote\$url(path = NULL) Arguments: path A path string to append to the host and port

Method is\_active(): Is there an active websocket connection to the browser process?

Usage: Chromote\$is\_active()

**Method** is\_alive(): Is the underlying browser process running?

Usage: Chromote\$is\_alive()

**Method** check\_active(): Check that a chromote instance is active and alive. Will automatically reconnect if browser process is alive, but there's no active web socket connection.

Usage: Chromote\$check\_active()

Method get\_browser(): Retrieve Browser' object

Usage: Chromote\$get\_browser()

Method close(): Close the Browser object

Usage: Chromote\$close(wait = TRUE)

Arguments:

wait If an integer, waits a number of seconds for the process to exit, killing the process if it takes longer than wait seconds to close. Use wait = TRUE to wait for 10 seconds, or wait = FALSE to close the connection without waiting for the process to exit. Only applies when Chromote is connected to a local process.

Method print(): Summarise the current state of the object.

Usage:

Chromote\$print(..., verbose = FALSE)

Arguments:

... Passed on to format() when verbose = TRUE

verbose The print method defaults to a brief summary of the most important debugging info; use verbose = TRUE tp see the complex R6 object.

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#### Description

These options and environment variables that are used by chromote. Options are lowercase and can be set with options(). Environment variables are uppercase and can be set in an .Renviron file, with Sys.setenv(), or in the shell or process running R. If both an option or environment variable are supported, chromote will use the option first.

- CHROMOTE\_CHROME Path to the Chrome executable. If not set, chromote will attempt to find and use the system installation of Chrome.
- chromote.headless, CHROMOTE\_HEADLESS Headless mode for Chrome. Can be "old" or "new". See Chrome Headless mode for more details.
- chromote.timeout Timeout (in seconds) for Chrome to launch or connect. Default is 10.
- chromote.launch.echo\_cmd Echo the command used to launch Chrome to the console for debugging. Default is FALSE.

ChromoteSession ChromoteSession class

## Description

This represents one *session* in a Chromote object. Note that in the Chrome DevTools Protocol a session is a debugging session connected to a *target*, which is a browser window/tab or an iframe.

A single target can potentially have more than one session connected to it, but this is not currently supported by chromote.

#### **Public fields**

parent Chromote object

default\_timeout Default timeout in seconds for chromote to wait for a Chrome DevTools Protocol response.

protocol Dynamic protocol implementation. For expert use only!

## Methods

## **Public methods:**

- ChromoteSession\$new()
- ChromoteSession\$view()
- ChromoteSession\$close()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_viewport\_size()
- ChromoteSession\$set\_viewport\_size()
- ChromoteSession\$go\_to()
- ChromoteSession\$screenshot()
- ChromoteSession\$screenshot\_pdf()
- ChromoteSession\$new\_session()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_session\_id()
- ChromoteSession\$respawn()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_target\_id()
- ChromoteSession\$wait\_for()
- ChromoteSession\$debug\_log()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_child\_loop()
- ChromoteSession\$send\_command()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_auto\_events()
- ChromoteSession\$auto\_events\_enable\_args()
- ChromoteSession\$invoke\_event\_callbacks()
- ChromoteSession\$mark\_closed()
- ChromoteSession\$is\_active()
- ChromoteSession\$check\_active()
- ChromoteSession\$get\_init\_promise()
- ChromoteSession\$print()

### Method new(): Create a new ChromoteSession object.

## Examples:

```
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
```

```
# Create a ChromoteSession with a specific height,width
b <- ChromoteSession$new(height = 1080, width = 1920)</pre>
```

```
# Navigate to page
b$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
```

```
# View current chromote session
if (interactive()) b$view()
```

Usage:

## ChromoteSession

```
ChromoteSession$new(
   parent = default_chromote_object(),
   width = 992,
   height = 1323,
   targetId = NULL,
   wait_ = TRUE,
   auto_events = NULL,
   mobile = FALSE
)
```

#### Arguments:

parent Chromote object to use; defaults to default\_chromote\_object()

- width, height Width and height of the new window in integer pixel values.
- targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.
- wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Otherwise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.
- auto\_events If NULL (the default), use the auto\_events setting from the parent Chromote object. If TRUE, enable automatic event enabling/disabling; if FALSE, disable automatic event enabling/disabling.
- mobile Whether to emulate mobile device. When TRUE, Chrome updates settings to emulate browsing on a mobile phone; this includes viewport meta tag, overlay scrollbars, text autosizing and more. The default is FALSE.

Returns: A new ChromoteSession object.

**Method** view(): Display the current session in the Chromote browser.

If a Chrome browser is being used, this method will open a new tab using your Chrome browser. When not using a Chrome browser, set options(browser=) to change the default behavior of browseURL().

Examples:

```
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
```

```
# Navigate to page
b$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
```

```
# View current chromote session
if (interactive()) b$view()
```

Usage:

ChromoteSession\$view()

Method close(): Close the Chromote session.

Examples:

- # Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
- b <- ChromoteSession\$new()</pre>

```
# Navigate to page
b$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
```

# Close current chromote session b\$close()

Usage:

```
ChromoteSession$close(wait_ = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession is closed. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has closed.

Method get\_viewport\_size(): Get the viewport size

```
Usage:
```

ChromoteSession\$get\_viewport\_size(wait\_ = TRUE)

Arguments:

wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Otherwise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.

*Returns:* Returns a list with values width, height, zoom and mobile. See \$set\_viewport\_size() for more details.

#### Method set\_viewport\_size(): Set the viewport size

Each ChromoteSession is associated with a page that may be one page open in a browser window among many. Each page can have its own viewport size, that can be thought of like the window size for that page.

This function uses the Emulation.setDeviceMetricsOverride command to set the viewport size. If you need more granular control or access to additional settings, use \$Emulation\$setDeviceMetricsOverride().

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$set_viewport_size(
  width,
  height,
  zoom = NULL,
  mobile = NULL,
  wait_ = TRUE
)
```

Arguments:

width, height Width and height of the new window in integer pixel values.

- zoom The zoom level of displayed content on a device, where a value of 1 indicates normal size, greater than 1 indicates zoomed in, and less than 1 indicates zoomed out.
- mobile Whether to emulate mobile device. When TRUE, Chrome updates settings to emulate browsing on a mobile phone; this includes viewport meta tag, overlay scrollbars, text autosizing and more. The default is FALSE.
- wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() of a new ChromoteSession object. Otherwise, block during initialization, and return a ChromoteSession object directly.

## ChromoteSession

*Returns:* Invisibly returns the previous viewport dimensions so that you can restore the viewport size, if desired.

## Method go\_to(): Navigate to a URL and wait for the page to load

This method navigates to a specified URL and waits for the page load event to complete. This is a more reliable alternative to directly calling Page\$navigate(), which can return before the page is actually loaded. This method also allows for an optional delay after the load event has fired, in case the page needs to load additional assets after that event.

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$go_to(
  url,
  ...,
  delay = 0,
  callback_ = NULL,
  error_ = NULL,
  timeout_ = self$default_timeout,
  wait_ = TRUE
)
```

Arguments:

url The URL to navigate to.

... Additional parameters passed to Page\$navigate().

delay Number of seconds to wait after the page load event fires.

callback\_ Function to call when the page load event fires.

error\_ Function to call if an error occurs during navigation.

- timeout\_ Maximum time in seconds to wait for the page load event (defaults to session's 'de-fault\_timeout").
- wait\_ If FALSE, returns a promise that resolves when navigation is complete. If TRUE (default), blocks until navigation is complete.

*Returns:* If wait\_ is TRUE, returns invisible(NULL). If wait\_ is FALSE, returns a promise that resolves when navigation is complete. The promise resolves with the value from the navigate command.

```
Examples:
```

```
\dontrun{
    # Basic navigation
    b$go_to("https://www.r-project.org")
```

```
# Navigation with delay
b$go_to("https://www.r-project.org", delay = 2)
```

```
# Asynchronous navigation
p <- b$go_to("https://www.r-project.org", wait_ = FALSE)
p$then(function(value) print("Navigation complete!"))
}</pre>
```

Method screenshot(): Take a PNG screenshot

Examples:

```
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
# Navigate to page
b$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
# Take screenshot
tmppngfile <- tempfile(fileext = ".png")</pre>
is_interactive <- interactive() # Display screenshot if interactive</pre>
b$screenshot(tmppngfile, show = is_interactive)
# Show screenshot file info
unlist(file.info(tmppngfile))
# Take screenshot using a selector
sidebar_file <- tempfile(fileext = ".png")</pre>
b$screenshot(sidebar_file, selector = ".sidebar", show = is_interactive)
# ------
# Take screenshots in parallel
urls <- c(
  "https://www.r-project.org/",
  "https://github.com/",
  "https://news.ycombinator.com/"
)
# Helper method that:
# 1. Navigates to the given URL
# 2. Waits for the page loaded event to fire
# 3. Takes a screenshot
# 4. Prints a message
# 5. Close the ChromoteSession
screenshot_p <- function(url, filename = NULL) {</pre>
  if (is.null(filename)) {
    filename <- gsub("^.*://", "", url)</pre>
    filename <- gsub("/", "_", filename)</pre>
    filename <- gsub("\\.", "_", filename)
filename <- sub("\\.", "", filename)</pre>
    filename <- paste0(filename, ".png")</pre>
  }
  b2 <- b$new_session()</pre>
  b2$go_to(url, wait_ = FALSE)$
    then(function(value) {
      b2$screenshot(filename, wait_ = FALSE)
    })$
    then(function(value) {
```

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```
message(filename)
    })$
    finally(function() {
      b2$close()
    })
}
# Take multiple screenshots simultaneously
ps <- lapply(urls, screenshot_p)</pre>
pa <- promises::promise_all(.list = ps)$then(function(value) {</pre>
 message("Done!")
})
# Block the console until the screenshots finish (optional)
b$wait_for(pa)
#> www_r-project_org.png
#> github_com.png
#> news_ycombinator_com.png
#> Done!
Usage:
ChromoteSession$screenshot(
  filename = "screenshot.png",
  selector = "html",
  cliprect = NULL,
```

```
cliprect = NULL,
region = c("content", "padding", "border", "margin"),
expand = NULL,
scale = 1,
show = FALSE,
delay = 0.5,
options = list(),
wait_ = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments:

- filename File path of where to save the screenshot. The format of the screenshot is inferred from the file extension; use options = list(format = "jpeg") to manually choose the format. See Page.captureScreenshot for supported formats; at the time of this release the format options were "png" (default), "jpeg", or "webp".
- selector CSS selector to use for the screenshot.
- cliprect An unnamed vector or list containing values for top, left, width, and height, in that order. See Page.Viewport for more information. If provided, selector and expand will be ignored. To provide a scale, use the scale parameter.
- region CSS region to use for the screenshot.
- expand Extra pixels to expand the screenshot. May be a single value or a numeric vector of top, right, bottom, left values.
- scale Page scale factor
- show If TRUE, the screenshot will be displayed in the viewer.

- delay The number of seconds to wait before taking the screenshot after resizing the page. For complicated pages, this may need to be increased.
- options Additional options passed to Page.captureScreenshot.
- wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession has saved the screenshot. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has saved the screenshot.

Method screenshot\_pdf(): Take a PDF screenshot

```
Examples:
```

```
# Create a new `ChromoteSession` object.
b <- ChromoteSession$new()
# Navigate to page
b$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
# Take screenshot
tmppdffile <- tempfile(fileext = ".pdf")
b$screenshot_pdf(tmppdffile)
# Show PDF file info
unlist(file.info(tmppdffile))
Usage:
ChromoteSession$screenshot_pdf(
```

```
filename = "screenshot.pdf",
pagesize = "letter",
margins = 0.5,
units = c("in", "cm"),
landscape = FALSE,
display_header_footer = FALSE,
print_background = FALSE,
scale = 1,
wait_ = TRUE
```

```
)
```

Arguments:

filename File path of where to save the screenshot.

pagesize A single character value in the set "letter", "legal", "tabloid", "ledger" and "a0" through "a1". Or a numeric vector c(width, height) specifying the page size.

margins A numeric vector c(top, right, bottom, left) specifying the page margins. units Page and margin size units. Either "in" or "cm" for inches and centimeters respectively. landscape Paper orientation.

display\_header\_footer Display header and footer.

print\_background Print background graphics.

scale Page scale factor.

wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession has saved the screenshot. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has saved the screnshot.

## ChromoteSession

Method new\_session(): Create a new tab / window

#### Examples:

```
b1 <- ChromoteSession$new()
b1$go_to("http://www.google.com")
b2 <- b1$new_session()
b2$go_to("http://www.r-project.org/")
b1$Runtime$evaluate("window.location", returnByValue = TRUE)$result$value$href
#> [1] "https://www.google.com/"
b2$Runtime$evaluate("window.location", returnByValue = TRUE)$result$value$href
#> [1] "https://www.r-project.org/"
```

### Usage:

```
ChromoteSession$new_session(
```

```
width = 992,
height = 1323,
targetId = NULL,
wait_ = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments:

width, height Width and height of the new window.

- targetId Target ID of an existing target to attach to. When a targetId is provided, the width and height arguments are ignored. If NULL (the default) a new target is created and attached to, and the width and height arguments determine its viewport size.
- wait\_ If FALSE, return a promises::promise() that will resolve when the ChromoteSession has created a new session. Otherwise, block until the ChromoteSession has created a new session.

Method get\_session\_id(): Retrieve the session id

Usage:

```
ChromoteSession$get_session_id()
```

**Method** respawn(): Create a new session that connects to the same target (i.e. page) as this session. This is useful if the session has been closed but the target still exists.

Usage:

ChromoteSession\$respawn()

Method get\_target\_id(): Retrieve the target id

Usage: ChromoteSession\$get\_target\_id()

**Method** wait\_for(): Wait for a Chromote Session to finish. This method will block the R session until the provided promise resolves. The loop from \$get\_child\_loop() will only advance just far enough for the promise to resolve.

Examples:

```
b <- ChromoteSession$new()</pre>
```

```
# Async with promise
p <- b$Browser$getVersion(wait_ = FALSE)
p$then(str)</pre>
```

```
# Async with callback
b$Browser$getVersion(wait_ = FALSE, callback_ = str)
```

Usage: ChromoteSession\$wait\_for(p)

Arguments: p A promise to resolve.

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Method debug\_log(): Send a debug log message to the parent Chromote object

```
Examples:
b <- ChromoteSession$new()
b$parent$debug_messages(TRUE)
b$go_to("https://www.r-project.org/")
#> SEND {"method":"Page.navigate","params":{"url":"https://www.r-project.org/"}| __truncated__}
# Turn off debug messages
b$parent$debug_messages(FALSE)
```

Usage:

```
ChromoteSession$debug_log(...)
```

Arguments:

... Arguments pasted together with paste0(..., collapse = "").

Method get\_child\_loop(): later loop.

For expert async usage only.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$get\_child\_loop()

Method send\_command(): Send command through Chrome DevTools Protocol.

For expert use only.

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$send_command(
   msg,
   callback = NULL,
   error = NULL,
   timeout = NULL
)
```

Arguments:

msg A JSON-serializable list containing method, and params. callback Method to run when the command finishes successfully. error Method to run if an error occurs.

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timeout Number of milliseconds for Chrome DevTools Protocol execute a method.

Method get\_auto\_events(): Resolved auto\_events value.

For internal use only.

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$get_auto_events()
```

**Method** auto\_events\_enable\_args(): Set or retrieve the enable command arguments for a domain. These arguments are used for the enable command that is called for a domain, e.g. Fetch\$enable(), when accessing an event method.

```
Usage:
ChromoteSession$auto_events_enable_args(domain, ...)
```

Arguments:

domain A command domain, e.g. "Fetch".

... Arguments to use for auto-events for the domain. If not provided, returns the argument values currently in place for the domain. Use NULL to clear the enable arguments for a domain.

#### Examples:

```
if (interactive()) {
    b <- ChromoteSession$new(
        auto_events_enable_args = list(
            Fetch = list(handleAuthRequests = TRUE)
        )
        # Get current `Fetch.enable` args
        b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch")
    # Update the `Fetch.enable` args
        b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch", handleAuthRequests = FALSE)
    # Reset `Fetch.enable` args
    b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch", NULL)
}</pre>
```

**Method** invoke\_event\_callbacks(): Immediately call all event callback methods. For internal use only.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$invoke\_event\_callbacks(event, params) Arguments: event A single event string params A list of parameters to pass to the event callback methods.

**Method** mark\_closed(): Mark a session, and optionally, the underlying target, as closed. For internal use only.

Usage:

ChromoteSession\$mark\_closed(target\_closed)

Arguments:

target\_closed Has the underlying target been closed as well as the active debugging session?

**Method** is\_active(): Retrieve active status Once initialized, the value returned is TRUE. If \$close() has been called, this value will be FALSE.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$is\_active()

Method check\_active(): Check that a session is active, erroring if not.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$check\_active()

Method get\_init\_promise(): Initial promise

For internal use only.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$get\_init\_promise()

Method print(): Summarise the current state of the object.

Usage: ChromoteSession\$print(..., verbose = FALSE) Arguments:

... Passed on to format() when verbose = TRUE

verbose The print method defaults to a brief summary of the most important debugging info; use verbose = TRUE tp see the complex R6 object.

## Examples

```
## Method `ChromoteSession$auto_events_enable_args`
```

#### chromote\_info

```
## ------
if (interactive()) {
    b <- ChromoteSession$new(
        auto_events_enable_args = list(
            Fetch = list(handleAuthRequests = TRUE)
        )
    # Get current `Fetch.enable` args
    b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch")
    # Update the `Fetch.enable` args
    b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch", handleAuthRequests = FALSE)
    # Reset `Fetch.enable` args
    b$auto_events_enable_args("Fetch", NULL)
}</pre>
```

chromote\_info Show information about the chromote package and Chrome browser

#### Description

This function gathers information about the operating system, R version, chromote package version, environment variables, Chrome path, and Chrome arguments. It also verifies the Chrome installation and retrieves its version.

## Usage

chromote\_info()

#### Value

A list containing the following elements:

os The operating system platform.

**version\_r** The version of R.

version\_chromote The version of the chromote package.

envvar The value of the CHROMOTE\_CHROME environment variable.

path The path to the Chrome browser.

args A vector of Chrome arguments.

version The version of Chrome (if verification is successful).

error The error message (if verification fails).

.check A list with the status and output of the Chrome verification.

## Examples

chromote\_info()

#### Description

A character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing any new instance of Chrome. Single on-off arguments are passed as single values (e.g. "--disable-gpu"), arguments with a value are given with a nested character vector (e.g. c("--force-color-profile", "srgb")). See here for a list of possible arguments.

#### Usage

```
default_chrome_args()
```

get\_chrome\_args()

set\_chrome\_args(args)

#### Arguments

args

A character vector of command-line arguments (or NULL) to be used with every new ChromoteSession.

#### Details

Default chromote arguments are composed of the following values (when appropriate):

- "-disable-gpu"
  - Only added on Windows, as empirically it appears to be needed (if not, check runs on GHA never terminate).
  - Disables GPU hardware acceleration. If software renderer is not in place, then the GPU process won't launch.
- "-no-sandbox"
  - Only added when CI system environment variable is set, when the user on a Linux system is not set, or when executing inside a Docker container.
  - Disables the sandbox for all process types that are normally sandboxed. Meant to be used as a browser-level switch for testing purposes only
- "-disable-dev-shm-usage"
  - Only added when CI system environment variable is set or when inside a docker instance.
  - The /dev/shm partition is too small in certain VM environments, causing Chrome to fail or crash.

- "-force-color-profile=srgb"
  - This means that screenshots taken on a laptop plugged into an external monitor will often have subtly different colors than one taken when the laptop is using its built-in monitor. This problem will be even more likely across machines.
  - Force all monitors to be treated as though they have the specified color profile.
- "-disable-extensions"
  - Disable extensions.
- "-mute-audio"
  - Mutes audio sent to the audio device so it is not audible during automated testing.

#### Value

A character vector of default command-line arguments to be used with every new ChromoteSession

#### Functions

- default\_chrome\_args(): Returns a character vector of command-line arguments passed when initializing Chrome. See Details for more information.
- get\_chrome\_args(): Retrieves the default command-line arguments passed to Chrome during initialization. Returns either NULL or a character vector.
- set\_chrome\_args(): Sets the default command-line arguments passed when initializing. Returns the updated defaults.

## Examples

```
old_chrome_args <- get_chrome_args()
# Disable the gpu and use of `/dev/shm`
set_chrome_args(c("--disable-gpu", "--disable-dev-shm-usage"))
#... Make new `Chrome` or `ChromoteSession` instance
# Restore old defaults
set_chrome_args(old_chrome_args)</pre>
```

default\_chromote\_object

Default Chromote object

## Description

Returns the Chromote package's default Chromote object. If there is not currently a default Chromote object that is active, then one will be created and set as the default.

#### Usage

```
default_chromote_object()
```

has\_default\_chromote\_object()

set\_default\_chromote\_object(x)

# Arguments ×

A Chromote object.

#### Details

ChromoteSession\$new() calls this function by default, if the parent is not specified. That means that when ChromoteSession\$new() is called and there is not currently an active default Chromote object, then a new Chromote object will be created and set as the default.

find\_chrome

Find path to Chrome or Chromium browser

## Description

**chromote** requires a Chrome- or Chromium-based browser with support for the Chrome DevTools Protocol. There are many such browser variants, including Google Chrome, Chromium, Microsoft Edge and others.

If you want **chromote** to use a specific browser, set the CHROMOTE\_CHROME environment variable to the full path to the browser's executable. Note that when CHROMOTE\_CHROME is set, **chromote** will use the value without any additional checks. On Mac, for example, one could use Microsoft Edge by setting CHROMOTE\_CHROME with the following:

```
Sys.setenv(
    CHROMOTE_CHROME = "/Applications/Microsoft Edge.app/Contents/MacOS/Microsoft Edge"
)
```

When CHROMOTE\_CHROME is not set, find\_chrome() will perform a limited search to find a reasonable executable. On Windows, find\_chrome() consults the registry to find chrome.exe. On Mac, it looks for Google Chrome in the /Applications folder (or tries the same checks as on Linux). On Linux, it searches for several common executable names.

#### Usage

```
find_chrome()
```

#### Value

A character vector with the value of CHROMOTE\_CHROME, or a path to the discovered Chrome executable. If no path to is found, find\_chrome() returns NULL.

## Examples

find\_chrome()

with\_chrome\_version Use a specific version of Chrome or related binaries

## Description

## [E]

This function downloads and sets up a specific version of Chrome, using the Google Chrome for Testing builds for chrome, chrome-headless-shell or chromedriver for use with chromote.

Managed Chrome installations is an experimental feature introduced in chromote v0.5.0 and was inspired by similar features in playwright.

## Usage

```
with_chrome_version(
  version = "latest-stable",
  code,
  . . . ,
  binary = c("chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", "chromedriver"),
  platform = NULL,
  quiet = TRUE
)
local_chrome_version(
  version = "latest-stable",
  binary = c("chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", "chromedriver"),
  platform = NULL,
  . . . ,
  quiet = FALSE,
  .local_envir = parent.frame()
)
local_chromote_chrome(path, ..., .local_envir = parent.frame())
with_chromote_chrome(path, code, ...)
```

#### Arguments

version A character string specifying the version to use. The default value is "latest-stable" to follow the latest stable release of Chrome. For robust results, and to avoid frequently downloading new versions of Chrome, use a fully qualified version number, e.g. "133.0.6943.141".

	If you specify a partial version, e.g. "133", chromote will find the most recent release matching that version, preferring to use the latest <i>installed</i> release that matches the partially-specified version. chromote also supports a few special version names:
	• "latest-installed": The latest version currently installed locally in chro- mote's cache. If you don't have any installed versions of the binary, chro- mote uses "latest".
	• "latest": The most recent Chrome for Testing release, which may be a beta or canary release.
	• "latest-stable", "latest-beta", "latest-extended", "latest-canary" or "latest-dev": Installs the latest release from one of Chrome's version channels, queried from the VersionHistory API. "latest-stable" is the default value of with_chrome_version() and local_chrome_version().
	• "system": Use the system-wide installation of Chrome.
	Chromote also supports
code	[any] Code to execute in the temporary environment
	Ignored, used to require named arguments and for future feature expansion.
binary	A character string specifying which binary to use. Must be one of "chrome", "chrome-headless-shell", or "chromedriver". Default is "chrome".
platform	A character string specifying the platform. If NULL (default), the platform will be automatically detected.
quiet	Whether to print a message indicating which version and binary of Chrome is be- ing used. By default, this message is suppressed for with_chrome_version() and enabled for local_chrome_version().
.local_envir	[environment] The environment to use for scoping.
path	A direct path to the Chrome (or Chrome-based) binary. See find_chrome() for details or chrome_versions_path() for paths from the chromote-managed cache.

## Details

This function downloads the specified binary, if not already available and configures find\_chrome() to use the specified binary while evaluating code or within the local scope. It uses the "known-good-versions" list from the Google Chrome for Testing versions at https://googlechromelabs.github.io/chrome-for-testing/.

## Value

Temporarily sets the CHROMOTE\_CHROME environment variable and returns the result of the code argument.

## Functions

- with\_chrome\_version(): Temporarily use a specific version of Chrome during the evaluation of code.
- local\_chrome\_version(): Use a specific version of Chrome within the current scope.
- local\_chromote\_chrome(): Use a specific Chrome, by path, within the current scope.
- with\_chromote\_chrome(): Temporarily use a specific Chrome version, by path, for the evaluation of code.

## Examples

```
# Use the latest version of Chrome
local_chrome_version()
```

```
# Use a specific version of chrome-headless-shell
local_chrome_version("114.0.5735.90", binary = "chrome-headless-shell")
```

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