# Package 'bulkAnalyseR'

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Title Interactive Shiny App for Bulk Sequencing Data

Version 1.1.0

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**Description** Given an expression matrix from a bulk sequencing experiment, pre-processes it and creates a shiny app for interactive data analysis and visualisation. The app contains quality checks, differential expression analysis, volcano and cross plots, enrichment analysis and gene regulatory network inference, and can be customised to contain more panels by the user.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

URL https://github.com/Core-Bioinformatics/bulkAnalyseR

BugReports https://github.com/Core-Bioinformatics/bulkAnalyseR/issues

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**Depends** R (>= 4.0)

Imports ggplot2, shiny, gprofiler2, edgeR, DESeq2, stats, ggrepel, utils, RColorBrewer, ComplexHeatmap, circlize, grid, shinyWidgets, shinyjqui, dplyr, magrittr, ggforce, rlang, glue, preprocessCore, matrixStats, noisyr, tibble, ggnewscale, ggrastr, GENIE3, visNetwork, DT, scales, shinyjs, tidyr, shinyLP, UpSetR, stringr, ggVennDiagram

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```
calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene
```

Calculate statistics for each gene of an expression matrix given a grouping

# Description

This function calculates the mean and standard deviation of the expression of each gene in an expression matrix, grouped by the conditions supplied.

# Usage

```
calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene(expression.matrix, condition)
```

#### Arguments

expression.matrix	
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
condition	the condition to group the columns of the expression matrix by; must be a factor of the same length as ncol(expression.matrix)

# Value

A tibble in long format, with the mean and standard deviation of each gene in each condition. The standard deviation is increased to the minimum value in the expression matrix (the noise threshold) if it is lower, in order to avoid sensitivity to small changes.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
condition <- factor(rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2))
tbl <- calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene(expression.matrix.preproc[1:10, ], condition)
tbl</pre>
```

crossPanel

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the cross plot panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'Cross' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

crossPanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)
crossPanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, anno)

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #'length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

cross\_plot

# Description

This function creates a cross plot visualising the differences in log2(fold-change) between two DE analyses.

#### Usage

```
cross_plot(
  DEtable1,
  DEtable2,
  DEtable1Subset,
  DEtable2Subset,
  df = NULL,
  lfc.threshold = NULL,
  raster = FALSE,
  mask = FALSE,
  labnames = c("not DE", "DE both", "DE comparison 1", "DE comparison 2"),
cols.chosen = c("grey", "purple", "dodgerblue", "lightcoral"),
  labels.per.region = 5,
  fix.axis.ratio = TRUE,
  add.guide.lines = TRUE,
  add.labels.custom = FALSE,
  genes.to.label = NULL,
  seed = 0,
  label.force = 1
)
```

#### Arguments

DEtable1, DEtable2, DEtable1Subset, DEtable2Subset		
	tables of DE results, usually generated by DEanalysis_edger; the first two should contain all genes, while the second two should only contain DE genes	
df	Optionally, pre-computed cross plot table, from cross_plot_prep	
lfc.threshold	the log2(fold-change) threshold to determine whether a gene is DE	
raster	whether to rasterize non-DE genes with ggraster to reduce memory usage; par- ticularly useful when saving plots to files	
mask	whether to hide genes that were not called DE in either comparison; default is FALSE	
labnames, cols.chosen		
	the legend labels and colours for the 4 categories of genes ("not DE", "DE both", "DE comparison 1", "DE comparison 2")	

labels.per.region		
how many labels to show in each region of the plot; the plot is split in 8 regions using the axes and major diagonals, and the points closest to the origin in each region are labelled; default is 5, set to 0 for no labels		
whether to ensure the x and y axes have the same units, resulting in a square plot; default is TRUE		
whether to add vertical and horizontal guide lines to the plot to highlight the thresholds; default is TRUE		
add.labels.custom		
whether to add labels to user-specified genes; the parameter genes.to.label must also be specified; default is FALSE		
a vector of gene names to be labelled in the plot; if names are present those are shown as the labels (but the values are the ones matched - this is to allow custom gene names to be presented)		
the random seed to be used for reproducibility; only used for ggrepel::geom_label_repel if labels are present		
passed to the force argument of ggrepel::geom_label_repel; higher values make labels overlap less (at the cost of them being further away from the points they are labelling)		

#### Value

The cross plot as a ggplot object.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500, 1:4]
anno <- AnnotationDbi::select(</pre>
  getExportedValue('org.Mm.eg.db', 'org.Mm.eg.db'),
  keys = rownames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  keytype = 'ENSEMBL',
  columns = 'SYMBOL'
) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(ENSEMBL, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(NAME = ifelse(is.na(SYMBOL), ENSEMBL, SYMBOL))
edger <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
  var1 = "0h",
  var2 = "12h"
  anno = anno
)
deseq <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
```

# DEanalysis

```
condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
var1 = "0h",
var2 = "12h",
anno = anno
)
cross_plot(
    DEtable1 = edger,
    DEtable2 = deseq,
    DEtable1Subset = dplyr::filter(edger, abs(log2FC) > 1, pvalAdj < 0.05),
    DEtable2Subset = dplyr::filter(deseq, abs(log2FC) > 1, pvalAdj < 0.05),
    labels.per.region = 0
)
```

DEanalysis

Perform differential expression (DE) analysis on an expression matrix

#### Description

This function performs DE analysis on an expression using edgeR or DESeq2, given a vector of sample conditions.

# Usage

```
DEanalysis_edger(expression.matrix, condition, var1, var2, anno)
```

DEanalysis\_deseq2(expression.matrix, condition, var1, var2, anno)

#### Arguments

	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
condition	a vector of the same length as the number of columns of expression.matrix, containing the sample conditions; this is usually the last column of the metadata
var1, var2	conditions (contained in condition) to perform DE between; note that DESeq2 requires at least two replicates per condition
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyAp using the org.db specified

#### Value

A tibble with the differential expression results for all genes. Columns are

- gene\_id (usually ENSEMBL ID matching one of the rows of the expression matrix)
- gene\_name (name matched through the annotation)

- log2exp (average log2(expression) of the gene across samples)
- log2FC (log2(fold-change) of the gene between conditions)
- pval (p-value of the gene being called DE)
- pvalAdj (adjusted p-value using the Benjamini Hochberg correction)

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:100, 1:4]
anno <- AnnotationDbi::select(</pre>
  getExportedValue('org.Mm.eg.db', 'org.Mm.eg.db'),
  keys = rownames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  keytype = 'ENSEMBL',
  columns = 'SYMBOL'
) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(ENSEMBL, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(NAME = ifelse(is.na(SYMBOL), ENSEMBL, SYMBOL))
edger <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
  var1 = "0h",
  var2 = "12h",
  anno = anno
)
deseq <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
  var1 = "0h",
  var2 = "12h"
  anno = anno
)
# DE genes with log2(fold-change) > 1 in both pipelines
intersect(
  dplyr::filter(edger, abs(log2FC) > 1, pvalAdj < 0.05)$gene_name,</pre>
  dplyr::filter(deseq, abs(log2FC) > 1, pvalAdj < 0.05)$gene_name</pre>
)
```

DEpanel

Generate the DE panel of the shiny app

#### Description

These are the UI and server components of the DE panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'DE' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# **DEplotPanel**

# Usage

DEpanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)

DEpanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, anno)

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #'length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	

#### Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

DEplotPanel

Generate the DE plot plot panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the DE plot panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'DEplot' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

#### Usage

DEplotPanelUI(id, show = TRUE)

DEplotPanelServer(id, DEresults, anno)

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show
DEresults	differential expression results output from DEpanelServer; a reactive list with slots 'DEtable' (all genes), 'DEtableSubset' (only DE genes), 'lfcThreshold' and 'pvalThreshold'
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

DEsummaryPanel

Generate the DE summary panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the Heatmap panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'DEsummary' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

#### Usage

```
DEsummaryPanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)
```

```
DEsummaryPanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, DEresults, anno)
```

#### Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	

DEresults	differential expression results output from DEpanelServer; a reactive list with slots 'DEtable' (all genes), 'DEtableSubset' (only DE genes), 'lfcThreshold' and 'pvalThreshold'
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

determine\_uds

Determine the pattern between two intervals

#### Description

This function checks if the two input intervals oferlap and outputs the corresponding pattern (up, down, or straight) based on that.

#### Usage

determine\_uds(min1, max1, min2, max2)

#### Arguments

min1, max1, min2, max2 the endpoints of the two intervals

# Value

A single character (one of "U", "D", "S") representing the pattern

# Examples

determine\_uds(10, 20, 15, 25) # overlap
determine\_uds(10, 20, 25, 35) # no overlap

enrichmentPanel

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the enrichment panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'Enrichment' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
enrichmentPanelUI(id, show = TRUE)
```

```
enrichmentPanelServer(id, DEresults, organism, seed = 13)
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show
DEresults	differential expression results output from DEpanelServer; a reactive list with slots 'DEtable' (all genes), 'DEtableSubset' (only DE genes), 'lfcThreshold' and 'pvalThreshold'
organism	organism name to be passed on to gprofiler2::gost; organism names are constructed by concatenating the first letter of the name and the family name; default is NA - enrichment is not included to ensure compatibility with datasets that have non-standard gene names; a vector (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1
seed	the random seed to be set for the jitter plot, to avoid seemingly different plots for the same inputs

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

expression\_heatmap Create heatmap of an expression matrix

# Description

This function creates a heatmap to visualise an expression matrix

# expression\_heatmap

# Usage

```
expression_heatmap(
  expression.matrix.subset,
  top.annotation.ids = NULL,
  metadata,
  type = c("Z-score", "Log2 Expression", "Expression"),
  show.column.names = TRUE
)
```

# Arguments

expression.matrix.subset		
	a subset of rows from the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples	
top.annotation.	ids	
	a vector of column indices denoting which columns of the metadata should be- come heatmap annotations	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #'length(modality) > 1	
type	type of rescaling; one of "Expression" (defautl, does nothing), "Log2 Expression" (returns $log2(x + 1)$ for every value), "Mean Scaled" (each row is scaled by its average), "Z-score" (each row is centered and scaled to mean = 0 and sd = 1)	
show.column.names		

whether to show the column names below the heatmap; default is TRUE

#### Value

The heatmap as detailed in the ComplexHeatmap package.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
  system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
metadata <- data.frame(
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
print(expression_heatmap(head(expression.matrix.preproc), NULL, metadata))
```

#### Description

This function finds regulators that appear as the same network edge in more than one of the input networks.

#### Usage

```
find_regulators_with_recurring_edges(weightMatList, plotConnections)
```

#### Arguments

weightMatList a list of (weighted) adjacency matrices; each list element must be an adjacency matrix with regulators in rows, targets in columns

plotConnections

the number of connections to subset to

#### Value

A vector containing the names of the recurring regulators

# Examples

```
weightMat1 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.4, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
weightMat2 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.2, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
find_regulators_with_recurring_edges(list(weightMat1, weightMat2), 2)
```

generateShinyApp Generate all files required for an autonomous shiny app

#### Description

This function creates an app.R file and all required objects to run the app in .rda format in the target directory. A basic argument check is performed to avoid input data problems. The app directory is standalone and can be used on another platform, as long as bulkAnalyseR is installed there. It is recommended to run preprocessExpressionMatrix before this function.

#### generateShinyApp

#### Usage

```
generateShinyApp(
  shiny.dir = "shiny_bulkAnalyseR",
  app.title = "Visualisation of RNA-Seq data",
  theme = "flatly",
  modality = "RNA",
  expression.matrix,
  metadata,
  organism = NA,
  org.db = NA,
 panels.default = c("Landing", "SampleSelect", "QC", "GRN", "DE", "DEplot", "DEsummary",
    "Enrichment", "GRNenrichment", "Cross", "Patterns"),
 panels.extra = tibble::tibble(name = NULL, UIfun = NULL, UIvars = NULL, serverFun =
    NULL, serverVars = NULL),
  data.extra = list(),
  packages.extra = c(),
 cis.integration = tibble::tibble(reference.expression.matrix = NULL, reference.org.db =
  NULL, reference.coord = NULL, comparison.coord = NULL, reference.table.name = NULL,
    comparison.table.name = NULL),
 trans.integration = tibble::tibble(reference.expression.matrix = NULL, reference.org.db
    = NULL, comparison.expression.matrix = NULL, comparison.org.db = NULL,
    reference.table.name = NULL, comparison.table.name = NULL),
  custom.integration = tibble::tibble(reference.expression.matrix = NULL,
   reference.org.db = NULL, comparison.table = NULL, reference.table.name = NULL,
    comparison.table.name = NULL)
```

#### Arguments

)

shiny.dir	directory to store the shiny app; if a non-empty directory with that name already exists an error is generated
app.title	title to be displayed within the app
theme	shiny theme to be used in the app; default is 'flatly'
modality	name of the modality, or a vector of modalities to be included in the app
expression.mat	rix
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
organism	organism name to be passed on to gprofiler2::gost; organism names are constructed by concatenating the first letter of the name and the family name; default is NA - enrichment is not included to ensure compatibility with datasets

that have non-standard gene names; a vector (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1

org.db database for annotations to transform ENSEMBL IDs to gene names; a list of bioconductor packaged databases can be found with BiocManager::available("^org\."); default in NA, in which case the row names of the expression matrix are used directly - it is recommended to provide ENSEMBL IDs if the database for your model organism is available; a vector (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1

panels.default argument to control which of the default panels will be included in the app; default is all, but the enrichment panel will not appear unless organism is also supplied; note that the 'DE' panel is required for 'DEplot', 'DEsummary', 'Enrichment', and 'GRNenrichment'; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1

#### panels.extra, data.extra, packages.extra

functionality to add new user-created panels to the app to extend functionality or change the default behaviour of existing panels; a data frame of the modality, panel UI and server names and default parameters should be passed to panels.extra (see example); the names of any packages required should be passed to the packages.extra argument; extra data should be a single list and passed to the data.extra argument

cis.integration

functionality to integrate extra cis-regulatory information into GRN panel. Tibble containing names of reference expression matrix, tables of coordinates for elements corresponding to rows of reference expression matrix (reference.coord), tables of coordinates to compare against reference.coord (comparison.coord) and names for comparison tables. See vignettes for more details about inputs.

#### trans.integration

functionality to integrate extra trans-regulatory information into GRN panel. Tibble containing names of reference expression matrix, (reference.expression.matrix), comparison expression matrix (comparison.expression.matrix). Organism database names for each expression matrix and names for each table are also required. See vignettes for more details about inputs.

#### custom.integration

functionality to integrate custom information related to rows of reference expression matrix. Tibble containing names of reference expression matrix, tables (comparison.table) with Reference\_ID and Reference\_Name (matching ENSEMBL and NAME columns of reference organism database) and Comparison\_ID and Comparison\_Name plus a Category column containing extra information. Names for the reference expression matrix and comparison table (comparison.table.name) are also required. See vignettes for more details about inputs.

#### Value

The path to shiny.dir (invisibly).

# Examples

expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>

```
system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))
metadata <- data.frame(</pre>
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
app.dir <- generateShinyApp(</pre>
  shiny.dir = paste0(tempdir(), "/shiny_Yang2019"),
  app.title = "Shiny app for the Yang 2019 data",
  modality = "RNA",
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  metadata = metadata,
  organism = "mmusculus"
  org.db = "org.Mm.eg.db"
)
# runApp(app.dir)
# Example of an app with a second copy of the QC panel
app.dir.qc2 <- generateShinyApp(</pre>
  shiny.dir = paste0(tempdir(), "/shiny_Yang2019_QC2"),
  app.title = "Shiny app for the Yang 2019 data",
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  metadata = metadata,
  organism = "mmusculus"
  org.db = "org.Mm.eg.db",
  panels.extra = tibble::tibble(
   name = "RNA2",
   UIfun = "modalityPanelUI",
   UIvars = "'RNA2', metadata[[1]], NA, 'QC'",
    serverFun = "modalityPanelServer",
    serverVars = "'RNA2', expression.matrix[[1]], metadata[[1]], anno[[1]], NA, 'QC'"
  )
)
# runApp(app.dir.qc2)
# clean up tempdir
unlink(paste0(normalizePath(tempdir()), "/", dir(tempdir())), recursive = TRUE)
```

genes_barplot	Create a bar plot of expression for selected genes across samples in
	an experiment

#### Description

This function creates a clustered bar plot between all samples in the expression matrix for the selection of genes.

```
genes_barplot(sub.expression.matrix, log.transformation = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

sub.expression.matrix
 subset of the expression matrix containing only selected genes
log.transformation
 whether expression should be shown on log (default) or linear scale

#### Value

The bar plot as a ggplot object.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
```

print(genes\_barplot(head(expression.matrix.preproc,5)))

get\_link\_list\_rename Convert the adjacency matrix to network links

#### Description

This function converts an adjacency matrix to a data frame of network links, subset to the most important ones.

#### Usage

get\_link\_list\_rename(weightMat, plotConnections)

# Arguments

weightMat the (weighted) adjacency matrix - regulators in rows, targets in columns plotConnections

the number of connections to subset to

#### Value

A data frame with fields from, to and value, describing the edges of the network

#### Examples

```
weightMat <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.4, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
get_link_list_rename(weightMat, 2)
```

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GRNCisPanel

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the GRN cis integration panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including at least 1 row in the cis.integration parameter of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
GRNCisPanelUI(id, reference.table.name, comparison.table.name)
```

```
GRNCisPanelServer(
    id,
    expression.matrix,
    anno,
    coord.table.reference,
    coord.table.comparison,
    seed = 13
)
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
reference.table	e.name	
	Name for reference expression matrix and coordinate table	
comparison.tab	le.name	
	Name for comparison coordinate table	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	
coord.table.reference		
	Table of coordinates corresponding to rows of expression.matrix	
coord.table.comparison		
	Table of coordinates to compare against coord.table.reference	
seed	Random seed to create reproducible GRNs	

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

GRNCustomPanel

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the GRN custom integration panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including at least 1 row in the custom.integration parameter of generateShinyApp.

#### Usage

```
GRNCustomPanelUI(id, title = "GRN with custom integration", show = TRUE)
GRNCustomPanelServer(
    id,
    expression.matrix,
    anno,
    comparison.table,
    DEresults = NULL,
    seed = 13
)
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
title	Name for custom panel instance	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	
comparison.table		
	Table linking rows of expression.matrix to custom information, for example miRNAs or transcription factors.	
DEresults	differential expression results output from DEpanelServer; a reactive list with slots 'DEtable' (all genes), 'DEtableSubset' (only DE genes), 'lfcThreshold' and 'pvalThreshold'	
seed	Random seed to create reproducible GRNs	

# GRNpanel

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

GRNpanel

Generate the GRN panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the GRN panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'GRN' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

GRNpanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)

GRNpanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, anno)

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

GRNTransPanel

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the GRN trans integration panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including at least 1 row in the trans.integration parameter of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
GRNTransPanelUI(id, reference.table.name, comparison.table.name)
```

```
GRNTransPanelServer(
    id,
    expression.matrix,
    anno,
    anno.comparison,
    expression.matrix.comparison,
    tablenames,
    seed = 13
)
```

#### Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
expression.matr	ix	
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	
anno.comparison		
	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the compar- ison expression matrix and the names that should be rendered within the app and in output files. The structure matches the anno table created in generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	
expression.matrix.comparison		
	Additional expression matrix to integrate. Column names must match column names from expression.matrix.	
tablenames, reference.table.name, comparison.table.name		
	Names for reference and comparison expression tables.	
seed	Random seed to create reproducible GRNs	

# infer\_GRN

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

infer\_GRN

Perform GRN inference

# Description

This function performs Gene Regulatory Network inference on a subset of the expression matrix, for a set of potential targets

# Usage

```
infer_GRN(
  expression.matrix,
 metadata,
  anno,
  seed = 13,
  targets,
  condition,
  samples,
  inference_method
)
```

# Arguments

expression.matrix

	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified
seed	the random seed to be set when running GRN inference, to ensure reproducibil- ity of outputs
targets	the target genes of interest around which the GRN is built; must be row names of the expression matrix
condition	name of the metadata column to select samples from

samples names of the sample groups to select; must appear in metadata[[condition]] inference\_method

method used for GRN inference; only supported method is currently GENIE3.

#### Value

The adjacency matrix of the inferred network

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500, ]
metadata <- data.frame(</pre>
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
anno <- AnnotationDbi::select(</pre>
  getExportedValue('org.Mm.eg.db', 'org.Mm.eg.db'),
  keys = rownames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  keytype = 'ENSEMBL',
  columns = 'SYMBOL'
) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(ENSEMBL, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(NAME = ifelse(is.na(SYMBOL), ENSEMBL, SYMBOL))
res <- infer_GRN(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  metadata = metadata,
  anno = anno,
  seed = 13,
  targets = c("Hecw2", "Akr1cl"),
  condition = "timepoint",
  samples = "0h",
  inference_method = "GENIE3"
)
```

jaccard\_heatmap

Create a heatmap of the Jaccard similarity index (JSI) between samples of an experiment

#### Description

This function creates a JSI heatmap between all samples in the expression matrix using the specified number of most abundant genes as input. Metadata columns are used as annotations.

# jaccard\_heatmap

# Usage

```
jaccard_heatmap(
    expression.matrix,
    metadata,
    top.annotation.ids = NULL,
    n.abundant = NULL,
    show.values = TRUE,
    show.row.column.names = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments

expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
top.annotation.ids		
	a vector of column indices denoting which columns of the metadata should be- come heatmap annotations	
n.abundant	number of most abundant genes to use for the JSI calculation	
show.values	whether to show the JSI values within the heatmap squares	
show.row.column.names		
	whether to show the row and column names below the heatmap; default is TRUE	

# Value

The JSI heatmap as detailed in the ComplexHeatmap package.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
  system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
metadata <- data.frame(
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
print(jaccard_heatmap(expression.matrix.preproc, metadata, n.abundant = 100))
```

jaccard\_index

#### Description

Calculate the Jaccard similarity index (JSI) between two vectors

#### Usage

```
jaccard_index(a, b)
```

#### Arguments

a, b two vectors

#### Value

The JSI of the two vectors, a single value between 0 and 1.

#### Examples

jaccard\_index(1:4, 2:6)

landingPanel Generate the landing page panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the landing page panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'Landing' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

#### Usage

```
landingPanelUI(id, show = TRUE)
```

landingPanelServer(id)

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with
	specifying panels to show

# Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

make\_heatmap\_matrix Create a matrix of the average expression of each gene in each condition

#### Description

This function reshapes the tibble output of calculate\_condition\_mean\_sd\_per\_gene into a matrix of average expression by condition. Its output can be used by expression\_heatmap.

#### Usage

```
make_heatmap_matrix(tbl, genes = NULL)
```

#### Arguments

tbl	<pre>the output of calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene</pre>
genes	gene names to use for the output; if NULL (the default), all genes will be used

#### Value

A matrix of averaged expression per gene in each condition.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
  system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
condition <- factor(rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2))
tbl <- calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene(expression.matrix.preproc[1:10, ], condition)
heatmat <- make_heatmap_matrix(tbl)
heatmat
```

make\_pattern\_matrix Create a matrix of the patterns between conditions

# Description

This function determines the patterns between different conditions of each gene. It should be applied to the output of calculate\_condition\_mean\_sd\_per\_gene.

```
make_pattern_matrix(tbl, n_sd = 2)
```

#### Arguments

tbl	the output of calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene
n_sd	number of standard deviations from the mean to use to construct the intervals; default is 2

#### Value

A matrix of single character patterns between conditions. The last column is named pattern and is a concatenation of all other columns.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
condition <- factor(rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2))
tbl <- calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene(expression.matrix.preproc[1:10, ], condition)
patmat <- make_pattern_matrix(tbl)
patmat
```

ma\_plot

Create an MA plot visualising differential expression (DE) results

# Description

This function creates an MA plot to visualise the results of a DE analysis. ma\_enhance is called indirectly by ma\_plot to add extra features.

```
ma_plot(
  genes.de.results,
  pval.threshold = 0.05,
  lfc.threshold = 1,
  alpha = 0.1,
  ylims = NULL,
  add.colours = TRUE,
  add.expression.colour.gradient = TRUE,
  add.guide.lines = TRUE,
  add.labels.auto = TRUE,
  add.labels.custom = FALSE,
  ...
)
ma_enhance(
```

ma\_plot

```
p,
df,
pval.threshold,
lfc.threshold,
alpha,
add.colours,
point.colours = c("#bfbfbf", "orange", "red", "blue"),
raster = FALSE,
add.expression.colour.gradient,
colour.gradient.scale = list(left = c("#99e6ff", "#000066"), right = c("#99e6ff",
  "#000066")),
colour.gradient.breaks = waiver(),
colour.gradient.limits = NULL,
add.guide.lines,
guide.line.colours = c("green", "blue"),
add.labels.auto,
add.labels.custom,
annotation = NULL,
n.labels.auto = c(5, 5, 5),
genes.to.label = NULL,
seed = 0,
label.force = 1
```

# Arguments

)

S		
the table of DE genes, usually generated by DEanalysis_edger		
lfc.threshold		
the p-value and/or log2(fold-change) thresholds to determine whether a gene is DE		
the transparency of points; ignored for DE genes if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE; default is 0.1		
a single value to create (symmetric) y-axis limits; by default inferred from the data		
whether to colour genes based on their log2(fold-change) and -log10(p-value); default is TRUE		
add.expression.colour.gradient		
whether to add a colour gradient for DE genes to present their log2(expression); default is TRUE		
whether to add vertical and horizontal guide lines to the plot to highlight the thresholds; default is TRUE		
whether to automatically label genes with the highest $llog2(fold-change)l$ and expression; default is TRUE		

add.labels.cust	om
	whether to add labels to user-specified genes; the parameter genes.to.label must also be specified; default is FALSE
	parameters passed on to ma_enhance
р	MA plot as a ggplot object (usually passed by ma_plot)
df	data frame of DE results for all genes (usually passed by ma_plot)
point.colours	a vector of 4 colours to colour genes with both pval and lfc under thresholds, just pval under threshold, just lfc under threshold, both pval and lfc over threshold (DE genes) respectively; only used if add.colours is TRUE
raster	whether to rasterize non-DE genes with ggraster to reduce memory usage; par- ticularly useful when saving plots to files
colour.gradient	.scale
	a vector of two colours to create a colour gradient for colouring the DE genes based on expression; a named list with components left and right can be supplied to use two different colour scales; only used if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE
colour.gradient	.breaks, colour.gradient.limits
	parameters to customise the legend of the colour gradient scale; especially useful if creating multiple plots or a plot with two scales; only used if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE
guide.line.colo	
	a vector with two colours to be used to colour the guide lines; the first colour is used for the p-value and log2(fold-change) thresholds and the second for double those values
annotation	annotation data frame containing a match between the gene field of df (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be shown in the plot labels; not necessary if df already contains gene names
n.labels.auto	a integer vector of length 3 denoting the number of genes that should be au- tomatically labelled; the first entry corresponds to DE genes with the lowest p-value, the second to those with highest absolute log2(fold-change) and the third to those with highest expression; a single integer can also be specified, to be used for all 3 entries; default is 5
genes.to.label	a vector of gene names to be labelled in the plot; if names are present those are shown as the labels (but the values are the ones matched - this is to allow custom gene names to be presented)
seed	the random seed to be used for reproducibility; only used for ggrepel::geom_label_repel if labels are present
label.force	passed to the force argument of ggrepel::geom_label_repel; higher values make labels overlap less (at the cost of them being further away from the points they are labelling)

# Value

The MA plot as a ggplot object.

The enhanced MA plot as a ggplot object.

# modalityPanel

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500, 1:4]
anno <- AnnotationDbi::select(</pre>
  getExportedValue('org.Mm.eg.db', 'org.Mm.eg.db'),
  keys = rownames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  keytype = 'ENSEMBL',
  columns = 'SYMBOL'
) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(ENSEMBL, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(NAME = ifelse(is.na(SYMBOL), ENSEMBL, SYMBOL))
edger <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
  var1 = "0h",
  var2 = "12h"
  anno = anno
)
mp <- ma_plot(edger)</pre>
print(mp)
```

modalityPanel Generate an app panel for a modality
--

#### Description

These are the UI and server components of a modality panel of the shiny app. Different modalities can be included by specifying their inputs in generateShinyApp.

```
modalityPanelUI(id, metadata, organism, panels.default)
modalityPanelServer(
    id,
    expression.matrix,
    metadata,
    anno,
    organism,
    panels.default
)
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
organism	organism name to be passed on to gprofiler2::gost; organism names are constructed by concatenating the first letter of the name and the family name; default is NA - enrichment is not included to ensure compatibility with datasets that have non-standard gene names; a vector (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1	
panels.default	argument to control which of the default panels will be included in the app; default is all, but the enrichment panel will not appear unless organism is also supplied; note that the 'DE' panel is required for 'DEplot', 'DEsummary', 'En- richment', and 'GRNenrichment'; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if length(modality) > 1	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	

#### Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

noisyr\_counts\_with\_plot

Apply a modified noisyR counts pipeline printing a plot

# Description

This function is identical to the noisyr::noisyr\_counts function, with the addition of the option to print a line plot of the similarity against expression for all samples.

```
noisyr_counts_with_plot(
    expression.matrix,
    n.elements.per.window = NULL,
```

```
optimise.window.length.logical = FALSE,
similarity.threshold = 0.25,
method.chosen = "Boxplot-IQR",
...,
output.plot = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

expression.matrix	
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to
	samples
n.elements.per	window
	number of elements to have in a window passed to calculate_expression_similarity_counts();
	default 10% of the number of rows
optimise.window.length.logical	
	whether to call optimise_window_length to try and optimise the value of n.elements.per.window
similarity.threshold, method.chosen	
	parameters passed on to calculate_noise_threshold; they can be single val-
	ues or vectors; if they are vectors optimal values are computed by calling calculate_noise_threshold_n
	and minimising the coefficient of variation across samples; all possible values
	for method.chosen can be viewed by get_methods_calculate_noise_threshold
	optional arguments passed on to noisyr::noisyr_counts()
output.plot	whether to create an expression-similarity plot for the noise analysis (printed to the console); default is FALSE

#### Value

The denoised expression matrix.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:10, 1:4]
expression.matrix.denoised <- noisyr_counts_with_plot(expression.matrix)</pre>
```

```
patternPanel
```

Generate the expression patterns panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the expression patterns panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'Patterns' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
patternPanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)
```

```
patternPanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, anno)
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	

#### Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

plot\_GRN

Plot a GRN

# Description

This function creates a network plot of a GRN.

```
plot_GRN(
   weightMat,
   anno,
   plotConnections,
   plot_position_grid,
   n_networks,
   recurring_regulators
)
```

#### Arguments

weightMat	the (weighted) adjacency matrix - regulators in rows, targets in columns	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp	
	using the org.db specified	
plotConnections		
the number of connections to subset to plot_position_grid, n_networks		
	the position of the plot in the grid (1-4) and the number of networks shown (1-4);	
	these are solely used for hiding unwanted plots in the shiny app	
recurring_regulators		
	targets to be highlighted; usually the result of find_regulators_with_recurring_edges	

#### Value

A network plot. See visNetwork package for more details.

#### Examples

```
weightMat1 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.4, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
weightMat2 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.2, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
anno <- tibble::tibble(ENSEMBL = c("r1", "r2", "t1", "t2"), NAME = ENSEMBL)
recurring_regulators <- find_regulators_with_recurring_edges(list(weightMat1, weightMat2), 2)
plot_GRN(weightMat1, anno, 2, 1, 1, recurring_regulators)
plot_GRN(weightMat2, anno, 2, 1, 1, recurring_regulators)
```

plot\_line\_pattern Create a line plot of average expression across conditions

#### Description

This function creates a line plot of average expression across conditions for a selection of genes, usually to visualise an expression pattern.

```
plot_line_pattern(
   tbl,
   genes = NULL,
   type = c("Mean Scaled", "Log2 Expression", "Expression"),
   show.legend = FALSE
)
```

#### Arguments

tbl	the output of calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene
genes	gene names to use for the output; if NULL (the default), all genes will be used
type	whether the expression values should be scaled using their mean (default), log-transformed, or not adjusted for the plot
show.legend	whether to show the gene names in the legend; should be avoided in many genes are plotted

#### Value

A matrix of average gene expression per gene in each condition.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
condition <- factor(rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2))
tbl <- calculate_condition_mean_sd_per_gene(expression.matrix.preproc[1:10, ], condition)</pre>
```

```
plot_line_pattern(tbl)
```

plot_pca	Create a principal component analysis (PCA) plot the samples of an
	experiment

#### Description

This function creates a PCA plot between all samples in the expression matrix using the specified number of most abundant genes as input. A metadata column is used as annotation.

```
plot_pca(
    expression.matrix,
    metadata,
    annotation.id,
    n.abundant = NULL,
    show.labels = FALSE,
    show.ellipses = TRUE,
    label.force = 1
)
```
# plot\_upset

#### Arguments

expression.matrix

	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
annotation.id	a column index denoting which column of the metadata should be used to colour the points and draw confidence ellipses
n.abundant	number of most abundant genes to use for the JSI calculation
show.labels	whether to label the points with the sample names
show.ellipses	whether to draw confidence ellipses
label.force	passed to the force argument of ggrepel::geom_label_repel; higher values make labels overlap less (at the cost of them being further away from the points they are labelling)

## Value

The PCA plot as a ggplot object.

## Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
  system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
metadata <- data.frame(
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
plot_pca(expression.matrix.preproc, metadata, 2)
```

```
plot_upset
```

```
Visualise the overlap of edges between different networks
```

#### Description

This function creates an UpSet plot of the intersections and specific differences of the edges in the input networks.

# Usage

plot\_upset(weightMatList, plotConnections)

## Arguments

weightMatList	a list of (weighted) adjacency matrices; each list element must be an adjacency
	matrix with regulators in rows, targets in columns
plotConnection	5

the number of connections to subset to

#### Value

An UpSet plot. See UpSetR package for more details.

# Examples

```
weightMat1 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.4, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
weightMat2 <- matrix(
    c(0.1, 0.2, 0.8, 0.3), nrow = 2, ncol = 2,
    dimnames = list("regulators" = c("r1", "r2"), "targets" = c("t1", "t2"))
)
plot_upset(list(weightMat1, weightMat2), 2)
```

preprocessExpressionMatrix

Pre-process the expression matrix before generating the shiny app

#### Description

This function denoises the expression matrix using the noisyR package and then normalises it. It is recommended to use this function before using generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
preprocessExpressionMatrix(
  expression.matrix,
  denoise = TRUE,
  output.plot = FALSE,
  normalisation.method = c("quantile", "rpm", "tmm", "deseq2", "median"),
  n_million = 1,
   ...
)
```

## Arguments

```
expression.matrix
```

the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples

denoise	whether to use noisyR to denoise the expression matrix; proceeding without denoising data is not recommended
output.plot	whether to create an expression-similarity plot for the noise analysis (printed to the console); default is FALSE
normalisation.	method
	the normalisation method to be used; default is quantile; any unrecognised input will result in no normalisation being applied, but proceeding with un-normalised data is not recommended; currently supported normalisation methods are:
	<b>quantile</b> Quantile normalisation using the normalize.quantiles function from the preprocessCore package
	<b>rpm</b> RPM (reads per million) normalisation, where each sample is scaled by 1 (or more using the n_million parameter) million and divided by the total number of reads in that sample
	<b>tmm</b> Trimmed Mean of M values normalisation using the calcNormFactors function from the edgeR package
	<b>deseq2</b> Size factor normalisation using the estimateSizeFactorsForMatrix function from the DESeq2 package
	<b>median</b> Normalisation using the median, where each sample is scaled by the median expression in the sample divided by the total number of reads in that sample
n_million	scaling factor for RPM normalisation; default is 1 million
	optional arguments passed on to noisyr::noisyr_counts()

# Value

The denoised, normalised expression matrix; some rows (genes) may have been removed by noisyR.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:10, 1:4]
expression.matrix.preproc <- preprocessExpressionMatrix(expression.matrix)</pre>
```

preprocess\_miRTarBase Creates a comparison table for miRTarBase to be used for custom integration

# Description

This function downloads the miRTarBase database for the organism of choice, filters it according to user-specified values and formats ready for custom integration in generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
preprocess_miRTarBase(
  download.dir = ".",
  download.method = "auto",
  mirtarbase.file = NULL,
  organism.code,
  org.db,
  support.type = c(),
  validation.method = c(),
  reference = c("mRNA", "miRNA"),
  print.support.types = FALSE,
  print.validation.methods = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

	download.dir	Directory where miRTarBase database will be downloaded.
	download.method	
		Method for downloading miRTarBase file through download.file, see down-load.file documentation for options for your operating system.
	mirtarbase.file	
		Path to pre-downloaded miRTarBase file for your organism. If this is left NULL then the file will be downloaded.
	organism.code	Three letter code for the organism of choice. See miRTarBase website for op- tions. For human, enter 'hsa' and for mouse, 'mmu'.
	org.db	database for annotations to transform ENSEMBL IDs to gene names; a list of bioconductor packaged databases can be found with BiocManager::available("^org\.").
	support.type	Subset of entries of the 'Support Type' field in miRTarBase. Only these values will be kept. To find the options available for your organism of choice, run the function once with print.support.types = TRUE.
	validation.meth	lod
		Subset of entries of 'Experiments' field in miRTarBase. Only these values will be kept. To find the options available for your organism of choice, run the func- tion once with print.validation.methods = TRUE.
	reference	Should the reference category be mRNA or miRNA? The reference category chosen here must match the reference category chosen in custom.integration in generateShinyApp. Default in mRNA.
<pre>print.support.types, print.validation.methods</pre>		
		Should options for Support Type and Experiments be displayed? Default is FALSE.

# Value

A dataframe with Reference\_ID/Name and Comparison\_ID/Name columns which can be supplied to custom.integration in generateShinyApp

# QCpanel

# Examples

```
comparison.table <- preprocess_miRTarBase(
  mirtarbase.file = system.file("extdata", "mmu_MTI_sub.xls", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  organism.code = "mmu",
  org.db = "org.Mm.eg.db",
  support.type = "Functional MTI",
  validation.method = "Luciferase reporter assay",
  reference = "miRNA")
```

```
QCpanel
```

Generate the QC panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the QC panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'QC' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

QCpanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)

QCpanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, anno)

#### Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show
expression.matrix	
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified

#### Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

qc\_density\_plot

# Description

This function creates a density plot between all samples in the expression matrix. Metadata columns are used to group samples.

# Usage

```
qc_density_plot(expression.matrix, metadata, annotation.id)
```

# Arguments

expression.matrix

	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
annotation.id	name of metadata column on which to group samples

## Value

The density plot as a ggplot object.

## Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
metadata <- data.frame(
   srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
   timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
print(qc_density_plot(expression.matrix.preproc, metadata, 'timepoint'))
```

qc\_violin\_plot

#### Description

This function creates a combined violin and box plot between all samples in the expression matrix. Metadata columns are used to colour samples.

#### Usage

```
qc_violin_plot(
    expression.matrix,
    metadata,
    annotation.id,
    log.transformation = TRUE
)
```

#### Arguments

expression.matrix
the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to
samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the
same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix;
must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the column names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain
the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list
(of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1
annotation.id
name of metadata column on which to group samples
log.transformation

whether expression should be shown on log (default) or linear scale

#### Value

The violin/box plot as a ggplot object.

#### Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
  system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500,]
metadata <- data.frame(
  srr = colnames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  timepoint = rep(c("0h", "12h", "36h"), each = 2)
)
```

print(qc\_violin\_plot(expression.matrix.preproc, metadata, 'timepoint'))

rescale\_matrix Rescale a matrix

# Description

This function rescales the rows of a matrix according to the specified type.

#### Usage

```
rescale_matrix(
   mat,
   type = c("Expression", "Log2 Expression", "Mean Scaled", "Z-score")
)
```

# Arguments

mat	the matrix to rescale
type	type of rescaling; one of "Expression" (defautl, does nothing), "Log2 Expression" (returns $log2(x + 1)$ for every value), "Mean Scaled" (each row is scaled by its average), "Z-score" (each row is centered and scaled to mean = 0 and sd = 1)

## Value

The rescaled matrix.

# Examples

```
mat = matrix(1:10, nrow = 2, ncol = 5)
rescale_matrix(mat, type = "Expression")
rescale_matrix(mat, type = "Log2 Expression")
rescale_matrix(mat, type = "Mean Scaled")
rescale_matrix(mat, type = "Z-score")
```

sampleSelectPanel Generate the sample select panel of the shiny app

# Description

These are the UI and server components of the sample selection panel of the shiny app. It is generated by including 'SampleSelect' in the panels.default argument of generateShinyApp.

# Usage

```
sampleSelectPanelUI(id, metadata, show = TRUE)
```

```
sampleSelectPanelServer(id, expression.matrix, metadata, modality = "RNA")
```

# Arguments

id	the input slot that will be used to access the value	
metadata	a data frame containing metadata for the samples contained in the expression.matrix; must contain at minimum two columns: the first column must contain the col- umn names of the expression.matrix, while the last column is assumed to contain the experimental conditions that will be tested for differential expression; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #'length(modality) > 1	
show	whether to show the panel or not; default is TRUE; there for compatibility with specifying panels to show	
expression.matrix		
	the expression matrix; rows correspond to genes and columns correspond to samples; usually preprocessed by preprocessExpressionMatrix; a list (of the same length as modality) can be provided if #' length(modality) > 1	
modality	the modality, needs to be passed when used within another shiny module for namespacing reasons	

#### Value

The UI and Server components of the shiny module, that can be used within the UI and Server definitions of a shiny app.

scatter_plot	Create a scatter plot of expression between two samples of an experi-
	ment

# Description

This function creates a scatter plot between two samples.

#### Usage

```
scatter_plot(
   sub.expression.matrix,
   anno,
   genes.to.highlight = c(),
   log.transformation = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

sub.expression.matrix		
	subset of the expression matrix containing only the two selected samples	
anno	annotation data frame containing a match between the row names of the expres- sion.matrix (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be ren- dered within the app and in output files; this object is created by generateShinyApp using the org.db specified	
genes.to.highlight		
	vector of gene names to highlight. These should match entries in the anno NAME column.	
log.transformation		
	whether expression should be shown on log (default) or linear scale	

## Value

The scatter plot as a ggplot object.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(
   system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
   row.names = 1
))[,1:2]
```

print(scatter\_plot(expression.matrix.preproc, c()))

volcano\_plot

Create a volcano plot visualising differential expression (DE) results

## Description

This function creates a volcano plot to visualise the results of a DE analysis.

volcano\_enhance is called indirectly by volcano\_plot to add extra features.

#### volcano\_plot

#### Usage

```
volcano_plot(
  genes.de.results,
  pval.threshold = 0.05,
  lfc.threshold = 1,
  alpha = 0.1,
  xlims = NULL,
  log10pval.cap = TRUE,
  add.colours = TRUE,
  add.expression.colour.gradient = TRUE,
  add.guide.lines = TRUE,
  add.labels.auto = TRUE,
  add.labels.custom = FALSE,
  . . .
)
volcano_enhance(
  vp,
  df,
  pval.threshold,
  lfc.threshold,
  alpha,
  add.colours,
  point.colours = c("#bfbfbf", "orange", "red", "blue"),
  raster = FALSE,
  add.expression.colour.gradient,
 colour.gradient.scale = list(left = c("#99e6ff", "#000066"), right = c("#99e6ff",
    "#000066")),
  colour.gradient.breaks = waiver(),
  colour.gradient.limits = NULL,
  add.guide.lines,
  guide.line.colours = c("green", "blue"),
  add.labels.auto,
  add.labels.custom,
  annotation = NULL,
  n.labels.auto = c(5, 5, 5),
  genes.to.label = NULL,
  seed = 0,
  label.force = 1
)
```

## Arguments

```
genes.de.results
    the table of DE genes, usually generated by DEanalysis_edger
pval.threshold, lfc.threshold
    the p-value and/or log2(fold-change) thresholds to determine whether a gene is
    DE
```

alpha	the transparency of points; ignored for DE genes if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE; default is 0.1
xlims	a single value to create (symmetric) x-axis limits; by default inferred from the data
log10pval.cap	whether to cap the $\log 10$ (p-value at -10); any p-values lower that $10^{-10}$ are set to the cap for plotting
add.colours	whether to colour genes based on their log2(fold-change) and -log10(p-value); default is TRUE
add.expression.	colour.gradient whether to add a colour gradient for DE genes to present their log2(expression); default is TRUE
add.guide.lines	6
	whether to add vertical and horizontal guide lines to the plot to highlight the thresholds; default is TRUE
add.labels.auto	
	whether to automatically label genes with the highest llog2(fold-change)  and expression; default is TRUE
add.labels.cust	com
	whether to add labels to user-specified genes; the parameter genes.to.label must also be specified; default is FALSE
	parameters passed on to volcano_enhance
vp	volcano plot as a ggplot object (usually passed by volcano_plot)
df	data frame of DE results for all genes (usually passed by volcano_plot)
point.colours	a vector of 4 colours to colour genes with both pval and lfc under thresholds, just pval under threshold, just lfc under threshold, both pval and lfc over threshold (DE genes) respectively; only used if add.colours is TRUE
raster	whether to rasterize non-DE genes with ggraster to reduce memory usage; par- ticularly useful when saving plots to files
colour.gradient	scale
	a vector of two colours to create a colour gradient for colouring the DE genes based on expression; a named list with components left and right can be supplied to use two different colour scales; only used if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE
colour.gradient	.breaks, colour.gradient.limits
	parameters to customise the legend of the colour gradient scale; especially useful if creating multiple plots or a plot with two scales; only used if add.expression.colour.gradient is TRUE
guide.line.colo	burs
	a vector with two colours to be used to colour the guide lines; the first colour is used for the p-value and log2(fold-change) thresholds and the second for double those values
annotation	annotation data frame containing a match between the gene field of df (usually ENSEMBL IDs) and the gene names that should be shown in the plot labels; not necessary if df already contains gene names

n.labels.auto	a integer vector of length 3 denoting the number of genes that should be au- tomatically labelled; the first entry corresponds to DE genes with the lowest p-value, the second to those with highest absolute log2(fold-change) and the third to those with highest expression; a single integer can also be specified, to be used for all 3 entries; default is 5
genes.to.label	a vector of gene names to be labelled in the plot; if names are present those are shown as the labels (but the values are the ones matched - this is to allow custom gene names to be presented)
seed	the random seed to be used for reproducibility; only used for ggrepel::geom_label_repel if labels are present
label.force	passed to the force argument of ggrepel::geom_label_repel; higher values make labels overlap less (at the cost of them being further away from the points they are labelling)

# Value

The volcano plot as a ggplot object.

The enhanced volcano plot as a ggplot object.

# Examples

```
expression.matrix.preproc <- as.matrix(read.csv(</pre>
 system.file("extdata", "expression_matrix_preprocessed.csv", package = "bulkAnalyseR"),
  row.names = 1
))[1:500, 1:4]
anno <- AnnotationDbi::select(</pre>
  getExportedValue('org.Mm.eg.db', 'org.Mm.eg.db'),
  keys = rownames(expression.matrix.preproc),
  keytype = 'ENSEMBL',
  columns = 'SYMBOL'
) %>%
  dplyr::distinct(ENSEMBL, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(NAME = ifelse(is.na(SYMBOL), ENSEMBL, SYMBOL))
edger <- DEanalysis_edger(</pre>
  expression.matrix = expression.matrix.preproc,
  condition = rep(c("0h", "12h"), each = 2),
 var1 = "0h",
  var2 = "12h",
  anno = anno
)
vp <- volcano_plot(edger)</pre>
print(vp)
```

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