Package 'bsub'

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Description It submits R code/R scripts/shell commands to 'LSF cluster' (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Platform_LSF>, the 'bsub' system) without leaving R. There is also an interactive 'shiny' app for monitoring the job status.

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R topics documented:

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bconf

Print current configuation

Description

Print current configuation

Usage

bconf

Details

This function is only for printing. Use bsub_opt to change configurations. You simply type bconf (without the brackets) in the interactive R console.

Value

A bconf object.

bjobs

Examples

bconf

bjobs

Summary of jobs

Description

Summary of jobs

Usage

```
bjobs(status = c("RUN", "PEND"), max = Inf, filter = NULL, print = TRUE)
```

Arguments

status	Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.
max	Maximal number of recent jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.
print	Whether to print the table.

Details

There is an additional column "RECENT" which is the order for the job with the same name. 1 means the most recent job.

You can directly type bjobs without parentheses which runs bjobs with defaults.

Value

A data frame with selected job summaries.

See Also

- brecent shows the most recent.
- bjobs_done shows the "DONE" jobs.
- bjobs_exit shows the "EXIT" jobs.
- bjobs_pending shows the "PEND" jobs.
- bjobs_running shows the "RUN" jobs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bjobs # this is the same as bjobs()
bjobs() # all running and pending jobs
bjobs(status = "all") # all jobs
bjobs(status = "RUN") # all running jobs, you can also use `bjobs_running`
bjobs(status = "PEND") # all pending jobs, you can also use `bjobs_pending`
bjobs(status = "DONE") # all done jobs, you can also use `bjobs_done`
bjobs(status = "EXIT") # all exit jobs, you can also use `bjobs_exit`
bjobs(status = "all", max = 20) # last 20 jobs
bjobs(status = "DONE", filter = "example") # done jobs with name '.*example.*'
## End(Not run)
```

bjobs_barplot Barplot of number of jobs

Description

Barplot of number of jobs

Usage

```
bjobs_barplot(status = c("RUN", "EXIT", "PEND", "DONE"), filter = NULL, df = NULL)
```

Arguments

status	Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.
df	Internally used.

Details

It draws barplots of number of jobs per day.

Value

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

bjobs_done

Description

Finished jobs

Usage

bjobs_done(max = Inf, filter = NULL)

Arguments

max	Maximal number of jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.

Details

You can directly type bjobs_done without parentheses which runs bjobs_done with defaults.

Value

The same output format as bjobs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bjobs_done # this is the same as `bjobs_done()`
bjobs_done() # all done jobs
bjobs_done(max = 50) # last 50 done jobs
bjobs_done(filter = "example") # done jobs with name ".*example.*"
```

End(Not run)

bjobs_exit Failed jobs

Description

Failed jobs

Usage

bjobs_exit(max = Inf, filter = NULL)

Arguments

max	Maximal number of jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.

Details

You can directly type bjobs_exit without parentheses which runs bjobs_exit with defaults.

Value

The same output format as bjobs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bjobs_exit # this is the same as `bjobs_exit()`
bjobs_exit() # all exit jobs
bjobs_exit(max = 50) # last 50 exit jobs
bjobs_exit(filter = "example") # exit jobs with name ".*example.*"
```

End(Not run)

bjobs_pending Pending jobs

Description

Pending jobs

Usage

bjobs_pending(max = Inf, filter = NULL)

Arguments

max	Maximal number of jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.

Details

You can directly type bjobs_pending without parentheses which runs bjobs_pending with defaults.

Value

The same output format as bjobs.

bjobs_running

Examples

```
## Not run:
bjobs_pending # this is the same as `bjobs_pending()`
bjobs_pending() # all pending jobs
bjobs_pending(max = 50) # last 50 pending jobs
bjobs_pending(filter = "example") # pending jobs with name ".*example.*"
```

End(Not run)

bjobs_running Running jobs

Description

Running jobs

Usage

bjobs_running(max = Inf, filter = NULL)

Arguments

max	Maximal number of jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.

Details

You can directly type bjobs_running without parentheses which runs bjobs_running with de-faults.

Value

The same output format as bjobs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bjobs_running # this is the same as `bjobs_running()`
bjobs_running() # all running jobs
bjobs_running(max = 50) # last 50 running jobs
bjobs_running(filter = "example") # running jobs with name ".*example.*"
```

End(Not run)

bjobs_timeline Timeline of jobs

Description

Timeline of jobs

Usage

```
bjobs_timeline(status = c("RUN", "EXIT", "PEND", "DONE"), filter = NULL, df = NULL)
```

Arguments

status	Status of the jobs. Use "all" for all jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.
df	Internally used.

Details

It draws segments of duration of jobs. In the plot, each segment represents a job and the width of the segment correspond to its duration.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

bkill

Kill jobs

Description

Kill jobs

Usage

bkill(job_id, filter = NULL)

Arguments

job_id	A vector of job ids.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names (only the running and pending jobs).

brecent

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
job_id = c(10000000, 10000001, 10000002) # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
bkill(job_id)
# kill all jobs (running and pending) of which the names contain "example"
bkill(filter = "example")
```

End(Not run)

brecent

Recent jobs from all status

Description

Recent jobs from all status

Usage

brecent(max = 20, filter = NULL)

Arguments

max	Maximal number of recent jobs.
filter	Regular expression to filter on job names.

Details

You can directly type brecent without parentheses which runs brecent with defaults.

Value

The same output format as bjobs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
brecent # this is the same as `brecent()`
brecent() # last 20 jobs (from all status)
brecent(max = 50) # last 50 jobs
brecent(filter = "example") # last 20 jobs with name ".*example.*"
## End(Not run)
```

bsub_chunk

Description

Submit R code

Usage

```
bsub_chunk(code,
   name = NULL,
   packages = bsub_opt$packages,
   image = bsub_opt$image,
   variables = character(),
   share = character(),
   working_dir = bsub_opt$working_dir,
   hours = 1,
   memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
   R_version = bsub_opt$R_version,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    script = NULL,
    start = NULL,
   end = NULL,
    save_var = FALSE,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head)
```

Arguments

code	The code chunk, it should be embraced by { }.
name	If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest on the chunk is automatically assigned.
packages	A character vector with package names that will be loaded before running the script. There is a special name _in_session_ that loads all the packages loaded in current R session.
image	A character vector of RData/rda files that will be loaded before running the script. When image is set to TRUE, all variables in .GlobalEnv will be saved into a temporary file and all attached packages will be recorded. The temporary files will be removed after the job is finished.
variables	A character vector of variable names that will be loaded before running the script. There is a special name _all_functions_ that saves all functions defined in the global environment.

bsub_chunk

share	A character vector of variables names for which the variables are shared between jobs. Note the temporary .RData files are not deleted automatically.
working_dir	The working directory.
hours	Running time of the job.
memory	Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.
cores	Number of cores.
R_version	R version.
temp_dir	Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.
output_dir	Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.
dependency	A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.
enforce	If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.
local	Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?
script	Path of a script where code chunks will be extracted and sent to the cluster. It is always used with start and end arguments.
start	A numeric vector that contains line indices of the starting code chunk or a char- acter vector that contain regular expression to match the start of code chunks.
end	Same setting as start.
save_var	Whether save the last variable in the code chunk? Later the variable can be retrieved by retrieve_var.
sh_head	Commands that are written as head of the sh script.

Value

Job ID.

See Also

- bsub_script submits R scripts.
- bsub_cmdsubmits shell commands.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bsub_chunk(name = "example", memory = 10, hours = 10, cores = 4,
{
   Sys.sleep(5)
})
## End(Not run)
```

bsub_cmd

Description

Submit shell commands

Usage

```
bsub_cmd(cmd,
    name = NULL,
    hours = 1,
    memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head,
    ...)
```

Arguments

cmd	A list of commands.
name	If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest is automatically assigned.
hours	Running time of the job.
memory	Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.
cores	Number of cores.
temp_dir	Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.
output_dir	Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.
dependency	A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.
enforce	If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.
local	Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?
sh_head	Commands that are written as head of the sh script.
	Command-line arguments can also be specified as name-value pairs.

Value

Job ID.

bsub_opt

See Also

- bsub_chunksubmits R code.
- bsub_script submits R scripts.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bsub_cmd("samtools sort ...", name = ..., memory = ..., cores = ..., ...)
```

End(Not run)

bsub_opt

Parameters for bsub

Description

Parameters for bsub

Usage

bsub_opt(..., RESET = FALSE, READ.ONLY = NULL, LOCAL = FALSE, ADD = FALSE)

Arguments

	Arguments for the parameters, see "details" section
RESET	reset to default values
READ.ONLY	please ignore
LOCAL	please ignore
ADD	please ignore

Details

There are following parameters:

packages A character vector with package names that will be loaded before running the script. image A character vector of RData/rda files that will be loaded before running the script. temp_dir Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put. output_dir Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put. enforce If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job. R_version The version of R. working_dir The working directory. ignore Whether ignore bsub_chunk, bsub_script and bsub_cmd. local Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)? call_Rscript How to call Rscript by specifying an R version number.

submission_node A list of node names for submitting jobs.

login_node This value basically is the same as submission_node unless the login nodes are different from submission nodes.

sh_head Commands that are written as head of the sh script.

user Username on the submission node.

group The user group

ssh_envir The commands for setting bash environment for successfully running bjobs, bsub, ...

bsub_template Template for constructing bsub command.

parse_time A function that parses time string from the LSF bjobs command to a POSIXct object. verbose Whether to print more messages.

ssh_envir should be properly set so that LSF binaries such as bsub or bjobs can be properly found. There are some environment variables initialized when logging in the bash terminal while they are not initialized with the ssh connection. Thus, some environment variables should be manually set.

An example for ssh_envir is as follows. The LSF_ENVDIR and LSF_SERVERDIR should be defined and exported.

```
c("source /etc/profile",
    "export LSF_ENVDIR=/opt/lsf/conf",
    "export LSF_SERVERDIR=/opt/lsf/10.1/linux3.10-glibc2.17-x86_64/etc")
```

The values of these two variables can be obtained by entering following commands in your bash terminal (on the submission node):

echo \$LSF_ENVDIR
echo \$LSF_SERVERDIR

The time strings by LSF bjobs command might be different for different configurations. The **bsub** package needs to convert the time strings to POSIX1t objects for calculating the time difference. Thus, if the default time string parsing fails, users need to provide a user-defined function and set with parse_time option in bsub_opt. The function accepts a vector of time strings and returns a POSIX1t object. For example, if the time string returned from bjobs command is in a form of Dec 1 18:00:00 2019, the parsing function can be defined as:

```
bsub_opt$parse_time = function(x) {
    as.POSIXlt(x, format = "\
}
```

Value

The corresponding option values.

Examples

The default bsub_opt
bsub_opt

bsub_script

Submit R script

Description

Submit R script

Usage

```
bsub_script(script,
    argv = "",
    name = NULL,
    hours = 1,
    memory = 1,
    cores = 1,
    R_version = bsub_opt$R_version,
    temp_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$temp_dir,
    output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir,
    dependency = NULL,
    enforce = bsub_opt$enforce,
    local = bsub_opt$local,
    sh_head = bsub_opt$sh_head,
    ...)
```

Arguments

script	The R script.
argv	A string of command-line arguments.
name	If name is not specified, an internal name calculated by digest is automatically assigned.
hours	Running time of the job.
memory	Memory usage of the job. It is measured in GB.
cores	Number of cores.
R_version	R version.
temp_dir	Path of temporary folder where the temporary R/bash scripts will be put.
output_dir	Path of output folder where the output/flag files will be put.
dependency	A vector of job IDs that current job depends on.
enforce	If a flag file for the job is found, whether to enforce to rerun the job.
local	Run job locally (not submitting to the LSF cluster)?
sh_head	Commands that are written as head of the sh script.
	Command-line arguments can also be specified as name-value pairs.

Value

Job ID.

See Also

- bsub_chunk submits R code.
- bsub_cmdsubmits shell commands.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bsub_script("/path/of/foo.R", name = ..., memory = ..., cores = ..., ...)
# with command-line arguments
bsub_script("/path/of/foo.R", argv = "--a 1 --b 3", ...)
```

End(Not run)

check_dump_files Check whether there are dump files

Description

Check whether there are dump files

Usage

check_dump_files(print = TRUE)

Arguments

print Whether to print messages.

Details

For the failed jobs, LSF cluster might generate a core dump file and R might generate a .RDataTmp file.

Note if you manually set working directory in your R code/script, the R dump file can be not caught.

Value

A vector of file names.

Examples

```
## Not run:
check_dump_files()
```

End(Not run)

clear_temp_dir Clear temporary dir

Description

Clear temporary dir

Usage

clear_temp_dir(ask = TRUE)

Arguments

ask Whether promote.

Details

The temporary files might be used by the running/pending jobs. Deleting them might affect some of the jobs. You better delete them after all jobs are done.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
clear_temp_dir()
```

End(Not run)

get_dependency Get the dependency of current jobs

Description

Get the dependency of current jobs

Usage

```
get_dependency(job_tb = NULL)
```

Arguments

job_tb A table from bjobs. Optional.

Value

If there is no dependency of all jobs, it returns NULL. If there are dependencies, it returns a list of three elements:

dep_mat: a two column matrix containing dependencies from parents to children.

id2name: a named vector containing mapping from job IDs to job names.

id2stat: a named vector containing mapping from job IDs to job status.

Examples

Not run:
get_dependency()

End(Not run)

is_job_finished Test whether the jobs are finished

Description

Test whether the jobs are finished

Usage

```
is_job_finished(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir)
```

Arguments

job_name	A vector of job names.
output_dir	Output dir.

Details

It tests whether the ".done" flag files exist

Value

A logical scalar.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

job_log

Description

Log for the running/finished/failed job

Usage

job_log(job_id, print = TRUE, n_line = 10)

Arguments

job_id	The job id. It can be a single job or a vector of job ids.
print	Whether print the log message.
n_line	Number of last lines for each job to show when multiple jobs are queried.

Value

The log message as a vector.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# a single job
job_id = 1234567 # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
job_log(job_id)
# multiple jobs
job_id = c(10000000, 10000001, 10000002)
job_log(job_id) # by default last 10 lines for each job are printed
job_log(job_id, n_line = 20) # print last 20 lines for each job
# logs for all running jobs
job_log()
```

End(Not run)

job_status_by_id Job status by id

Description

Job status by id

Usage

job_status_by_id(job_id)

Arguments

job_id The job id.

Value

If the job has been deleted from the database, it returns MISSING.

Examples

```
## Not run:
job_id = 1234567  # job ids can be get from `bjobs`
job_status_by_id(job_id)
```

End(Not run)

job_status_by_name Job status by name

Description

Job status by name

Usage

```
job_status_by_name(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir)
```

Arguments

job_name	Job name.
output_dir	The output dir.

Value

If the job is finished, it returns DONE/EXIT/MISSING. If the job is running or pending, it returns the corresponding status. If there are multiple jobs with the same name running or pending, it returns a vector.

Examples

```
## Not run:
job_status_by_name("example")
```

End(Not run)

monitor

Description

A browser-based interactive job monitor

Usage

monitor()

Details

The monitor is implemented as a shiny app.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# simply run:
monitor
# or
monitor()
```

End(Not run)

plot_dependency Plot the job dependency tree

Description

Plot the job dependency tree

Usage

plot_dependency(job_id, job_tb = NULL)

Arguments

job_id	A job ID.
job_tb	A table from bjobs. Optional.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
## Not run:
job1 = random_job()
job2 = random_job()
job3 = random_job(dependency = c(job1, job2))
plot_dependency(job3)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

print.bconf

Print the configurations

Description

Print the configurations

Usage

S3 method for class 'bconf'
print(x, ...)

Arguments

х	A bconf object
	Other parameters

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

print.bjobs

Description

Summary of jobs

Usage

S3 method for class 'bjobs'
print(x, ...)

Arguments

х	a bjobs class object.
	other arguments.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

random_job

Submit a random job

Description

Submit a random job

Usage

```
random_job(name = paste0("R_random_job_", digest::digest(runif(1), "crc32")), ...)
```

Arguments

name	Job name.
	Pass to bsub_chunk.

Details

It only submits Sys.sleep(30).

Value

The job id.

Examples

```
## Not run:
random_job()
random_job(name = "test")
```

End(Not run)

retrieve_var Retrieve saved variable

Description

Retrieve saved variable

Usage

```
retrieve_var(name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir, wait = 30)
```

Arguments

name	Job name.
output_dir	The output dir set in bsub_chunk.
wait	Seconds to wait.

Details

It retrieve the saved variable in bsub_chunk when save_rds = TRUE is set.

Value

The retrieved object.

Examples

```
## Not run:
bsub_chunk(name = "example", save_var = TRUE,
{
    Sys.sleep(10)
    1+1
})
retrieve_var("example")
## End(Not run)
```

run_cmd

Description

Run command on submission node

Usage

run_cmd(cmd, print = FALSE)

Arguments

cmd	A single-line command.
print	Whether to print output from the command.

Details

If current node is not the submission node, the command is executed via ssh.

Value

The output of the command.

Examples

Not run: # run pwd on remote node run_cmd("pwd")

End(Not run)

ssh_connect

Connect to submisstion via ssh

Description

Connect to submisstion via ssh

Usage

```
ssh_connect()
```

Details

If ssh connection is lost, run this function to reconnect.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
# ssh is automatically connected. To manually connect ssh, run:
## Not run:
ssh_connect()
## End(Not run)
# where the user name is the one you set in `bsub_opt$user` and
```

the node is the one you set in `bsub_opt\$login_node`.

ssh_disconnect Disconnect ssh connection

Description

Disconnect ssh connection

Usage

```
ssh_disconnect()
```

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

```
# Normally you don't need to manually run this function. The ssh is automatically
# disconnected when the package is detached.
# To manually disconnect ssh, run:
## Not run:
ssh_disconnect()
## End(Not run)
```

wait_jobs

Description

Wait until all jobs are finished

Usage

```
wait_jobs(job_name, output_dir = bsub_opt$output_dir, wait = 30)
```

Arguments

job_name	A vector of job names.
output_dir	Output dir.
wait	Seconds to wait.

Value

No value is returned.

Examples

There is no example
NULL

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