Package 'arctools'

November 10, 2022

Type Package
Title Processing and Physical Activity Summaries of Minute Level Activity Data
Version 1.1.6
Description Provides functions to process minute level actigraphy-measured activ- ity counts data and extract commonly used physical activity volume and fragmentation metrics.
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
Depends R (>= 2.10)
RoxygenNote 7.2.1
LazyData true
Suggests testthat, data.table, dplyr, knitr, rmarkdown, ggplot2
Imports lubridate, runstats
VignetteBuilder knitr
NeedsCompilation no
Author Marta Karas [aut, cre] (<https: 0000-0001-5889-3970="" orcid.org="">), Jennifer Schrack [aut] (<https: 0000-0001-9244-9267="" orcid.org="">), Jacek Urbanek [aut] (<https: 0000-0002-1890-8899="" orcid.org="">)</https:></https:></https:>
Maintainer Marta Karas <marta.karass@gmail.com></marta.karass@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2022-11-10 19:10:11 UTC

R topics documented:

arctools-package	2
activity_stats	2
extdata_fnames	5
get_actigraph_SN	5
get_valid_day_flag	6
get_wear_flag	7

activity_stats

	impute_missing_data	8
	midnight_to_midnight	10
	summarize_PA	11
v		14

Index

arctools-package arctools: processing and physical activity summaries of minute-level activity data

Description

arctools provides 'activity_stats()' function to process minute level actigraphy-measured activity counts data and extract commonly used physical activity volume and fragmentation metrics.

Details

To learn more about arctools, start with the vignettes: 'browseVignettes(package = "arctools")'

Author(s)

Maintainer: Marta Karas <marta.karass@gmail.com> (ORCID)

Authors:

- Jennifer Schrack (ORCID)
- Jacek Urbanek (ORCID)

activity_stats Compute physical activity summaries of minute level activity data

Description

Process minute level actigraphy-measured activity counts data and extract commonly used physical activity volume and fragmentation metrics.

Usage

```
activity_stats(
    acc,
    acc_ts,
    impute_missing = TRUE,
    sedentary_thresh = 1853,
    nonwear_0s_minimum_window = 90,
    validday_nonwear_maximum_window = 144,
    subset_minutes = NULL,
    exclude_minutes = NULL,
```

```
subset_weekdays = NULL,
in_bed_time = NULL,
out_bed_time = NULL,
adjust_out_colnames = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

	
acc	A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector.
acc_ts	A POSIXct vector. A minute-level time of acc data collection. We strongly recommended to use lubridate::ymd_hms() function to create acc_ts (see Examples below).
<pre>impute_missing</pre>	A logical scalar. Whether or not to perform missing data imputation (see De- tails). Default is TRUE.
sedentary_thres	sh
	A numeric scalar. If an activity count value falls below it then a correspond- ing minute is characterized as sedentary; otherwise, a corresponding minute is characterized as active. Default is 1853.
nonwear_0s_mini	imum_window
	A numeric scalar. A minimum number of consecutive minutes with 0 activity count to be considered non-wear.
validday_nonwea	ar_maximum_window
	In integer scalar. Maximum number of minutes of non-wear/not collecting data so as the day is still considered valid. Default is 144 (10% of 1440 minutes of a full day).
subset_minutes	Integer vector. Contains subset of a day's minutes within which activity summaries are to be computed. May take values from 1 (day's minute from 00:00 to 00:01) to 1440 (day's minute from 23:59 to 00:00). Default is NULL, i.e. no subset used (all day's minutes are used).
exclude_minutes	
	Integer vector. Contains subset of a day's minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. May take values from 1 (day's minute from 00:00 to 00:01) to 1440 (day's minute from 23:59 to 00:00). Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded (all day's minutes are used).
subset_weekdays	5
	Integer vector. Specfies days of a week within which activity summaries are to be computed. Takes values between 1 (Sunday) to 7 (Saturday). Default is NULL, i.e.no subset used (all days of a week are used).
in_bed_time	A POSIXct vector. An estimated in-bed time start. Together with a correspond- ing entry from out_bed_time vector, it defines a day-specific subset of "in bed time" minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded.
out_bed_time	A POSIXct vector. An estimated in-bed time end. Together with a correspond- ing entry from in_bed_time vector, it defines a day-specific subset of "in bed time" minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded.

adjust_out_colnames

A logical scalar. Whether or not to add an informative suffix to column names in the output data frame. This may happen in case any of the arguments: subset_minutes, or exclude_minutes, or in_bed_time and out_bed_time are set other than NULL. Default is TRUE.

Details

Physical activity statistics are aggregated from "valid" days, i.e. days with no more than 10 wear/nonwear detection algorithm closely following that of Choi et al. (2011). See arctools::get_wear_flag() for details.

Data imputation is recommended for valid days for non-wear time periods and is a default setting (see impute_missing arg). Count values are imputed from an "average day profile" – a minute-specific activity counts average computed across valid days within wear time.

Value

A data frame with physical activity summaries of minute level activity data. See README or vignette for summaries description.

References

Varma, V. R., Dey, D., Leroux, A., Di, J., Urbanek, J., Xiao, L., Zipunnikov, V. (2018). Total volume of physical activity: TAC, TLAC or TAC(lambda). Preventive medicine, 106, 233–235. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ypmed.2017.10.028

Di, J., Leroux, A., Urbanek, J., Varadhan, R., Spira, A., Schrack, J., Zipunnikov, V. Patterns of sedentary and active time accumulation are associated with mortality in US adults: The NHANES study. https://doi.org/10.1101/182337

Choi, L., Liu, Z., Matthews, C. E., & Buchowski, M. S. (2011). Validation of accelerometer wear and nonwear time classification algorithm. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise. https://doi.org/10.1249/MSS.0b013e3181ed61a3

Koster, A., Shiroma, E. J., Caserotti, P., Matthews, C. E., Chen, K. Y., Glynn, N. W., & Harris, T.
B. (2016). Comparison of Sedentary Estimates between activPAL and Hip- and Wrist-Worn Acti-Graph. Medicine and science in sports and exercise, 48(8), 1514–1522. https://doi.org/10.1249/MSS.00000000000924

```
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))
acc <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)
## Example 1
## Summarize PA
activity_stats(acc, acc_ts)
## Example 2
## Summarize PA within minutes range corresponding to 12:00 AM - 6:00 AM
subset_12am_6am <- 1 : (6 * 1440/24)</pre>
```

extdata_fnames

```
activity_stats(acc, acc_ts, subset_minutes = subset_12am_6am)
## Example 3
## Summarize PA without (i.e., excluding) minutes range corresponding to 11:00 PM - 5:00 AM.
subset_11pm_5am <- c(
  (23 * 1440/24 + 1) : 1440, ## 11:00 PM - midnight
  1 : (5 * 1440/24) ## midnight - 5:00 AM
)
activity_stats(acc, acc_ts, exclude_minutes = subset_11pm_5am)</pre>
```

extdata_fnames Names of exemplary accelerometry data file.

Description

Names of exemplary accelerometry data files attached to the package. These data can be accessed via system.file("extdata", "<data_file_name>.csv", package = "arctools").

Usage

extdata_fnames

Format

A character vector.

get_actigraph_SN Get Actigraph device serial number

Description

Read Actigraph device serial number from ActiLife accelerometry data file.

Usage

```
get_actigraph_SN(fpath_full)
```

Arguments

fpath_full A string scalar. An absolute path to ActiLife accelerometry data file.

Value

String scalar. Actigraph device serial number.

Examples

```
fpath_full_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")
get_actigraph_SN(fpath_full_i)</pre>
```

get_valid_day_flag Compute valid day flag

Description

Compute valid/non-valid day flag (1/0) for each minute of activity counts data.

Usage

```
get_valid_day_flag(wear_flag, validday_nonwear_maximum_window = 144)
```

Arguments

wear_flag	An integer vector. The vector has value 1 if a minute belongs to a wear time-interval, value 0 if a minute belongs to a non-wear time-interval, and value NA to denote minutes before/after data collection started/finished.
	Vector wear_flag is assumed to be in midnight-to-midnight format, meaning its vector length is a multiple of number of minutes in a full day (1440). See arctools::midnight_to_midnight(), arctools::get_wear_flag().
validday_nonwea	ar_maximum_window
	In integer scalar. Maxmimum number of minutes of non-wear/not collecting data so as the day is still considered valid. Default is 144 (10% of 1440 minutes of a full day).

Details

All minute-level observations from one day are assigned the same value of valid day flag. The flag is 1 if a day is determined to be valid, and 0 otherwise.

A day is determined to be valid if it has no more than validday_nonwear_maximum_window minutes of missing data. Data may be missing due to identified sensor nonwear or because activity data collection has not started yet/has finished already in a particular day.

Value

An integer vector. It has value 1 if a minute belongs to a valid day, and 0 otherwise.

get_wear_flag

Examples

```
## Read exemplary data
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))
acc <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)
## Get acc data vector in "midnight_to_midnight" format
acc <- midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)
## Get wear/non-wear flag
wear_flag <- get_wear_flag(acc)
## Get valid/non-valid day flag
valid_day_flag <- get_valid_day_flag(wear_flag)</pre>
```

get_wear_flag Compute wear/non-wear flag

Description

Compute wear/non-wear flag (1/0) for each minute of activity counts data.

Usage

get_wear_flag(acc, nonwear_0s_minimum_window = 90)

Arguments

acc

A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector.

nonwear_0s_minimum_window

A numeric scalar. A minimum number of consecutive minutes with 0 activity count to be considered non-wear.

Details

Method implements wear/non-wear detection algorithm closely following that of Choi et al. (2011).

The wear/non-wear flag is determined based on activity counts data. A minute is classified as nonwear if it belongs to any nonwear_0s_minimum_window minutes-long interval of consecutive values 0 in activity counts data vector; here, "any interval" implies that a particular minute may be located at any location (beginning, middle, end) of interval of consecutive values 0 to be classified as a non-wear. Otherwise, a particular minute is classified as wear.

Similarly to recommendations in Discussion in Choi et al. (2011), the method assumes a threshold value of 0 for nonzero counts allowed during a nonwear time interval (I.e., no activity count equal >= 1 is allowed). The method also assumes 90 minutes as a default for minimum time of consecutive zero counts for a window to be flagged nonwear. Differently from recommendations in Discussion in Choi et al. (2011), it does not consider any "artifactual movement" interval of nonzero counts during a nonwear time interval.

Value

An integer vector. It has value 1 for a wear and 0 for non-wear flagged minute. It has the same vector length as acc vector. If there is an NA entry in acc vector, then the returned vector will have a corresponding entry set to NA too.

References

Choi, L., Liu, Z., Matthews, C. E., & Buchowski, M. S. (2011). Validation of accelerometer wear and nonwear time classification algorithm. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise. https://doi.org/10.1249/MSS.0b013e3181ed61a3

Examples

```
## Read exemplary data
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))
acc <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)
## Get acc data vector in "midnight_to_midnight" format
acc <- midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)
## Get wear/non-wear flag
wear_flag <- get_wear_flag(acc)</pre>
```

impute_missing_data Impute missing data

Description

Impute missing data in minute-level activity counts data vector based on "average day profile".

Usage

```
impute_missing_data(
    acc,
    wear_flag,
    valid_day_flag,
    imputeFromValidDaysOnly = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

acc

A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector. It is assumed to be in midnight-to-midnight format, meaning its vector length is a multiple of number of minutes in a full day (1440; see midnight_to_midnight()).

wear_flag	An integer vector. Wear/non-wear flag (1/0) for each minute of activity counts data. It is assumed to be in midnight-to-midnight format, meaning its vector length is a multiple of number of minutes in a full day (1440). See midnight_to_midnight(). get_wear_flag().
valid_day_flag	An integer vector. Valid/non-valid day flag (1/0) for each minute of activity counts data. It is assumed to be in midnight-to-midnight format, meaning its vector length is a multiple of number of minutes in a full day (1440). See arctools::midnight_to_midnight(), arctools::get_valid_day_flag().
imputeFromValic	lDaysOnly
	A logical scalar. Whether or not data from valid days only should be used for computing "average day profile" used for imputation.

Details

An "average day profile" is computed as average across minutes identified as wear and from valid days (see param. imputeFromValidDaysOnly). Activity counts data are imputed from "average day profile" for minutes identified as non-wear in days identified as valid, except for minutes before/after data collection start/end which remain NA.

Theoretically, it is possible that all valid days of data collection have non-wear flag for the some minute(s) (i.e., somebody is always taking off the watch for the same few minutes during a day) so there is no data to use to compute imputation values from. If it happens, then method uses 0 as imputation value(s).

Value

A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector with data imputed for minutes identified as non-wear in days identified as valid

```
## Read exemplary data
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")</pre>
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))</pre>
        <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)</pre>
## Get acc data vector in "midnight_to_midnight" format
acc <- midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)</pre>
## Get wear/non-wear flag
wear_flag <- get_wear_flag(acc)</pre>
## Get valid/non-valid day flag
valid_day_flag <- get_valid_day_flag(wear_flag)</pre>
## Impute missing data in acc data vector
acc_imputed <- impute_missing_data(acc, wear_flag, valid_day_flag)</pre>
## Compare mean acc before/after imputation
c(mean(acc, na.rm = TRUE), mean(acc_imputed, na.rm = TRUE))
```

midnight_to_midnight Expand activity data vector into midnight-to-midnight format

Description

Expand activity data vector such that its length is a multiple of number of minutes in a full day (1440).

Usage

midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)

Arguments

асс	A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector.
acc_ts	A POSIXct vector. Time of activity data collection, corresponding to acc. We strongly recommended to use lubridate::ymd_hms() function to create acc_ts (see Examples below).
	dec_es (see Examples below).

Details

In the returned vector, 1st observation corresponds to minute of 00:00-00:01 on the first day of data collection, and last observation corresponds to minute of 23:59-00:00 on the last day of data collection. Entries corresponding to no data in original activity data vector are filled with NA.

Value

A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector in midnight-to-midnight format.

```
## Read exemplary data
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))
acc <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)
## Get acc data vector in "midnight_to_midnight" format
acc <- midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)
## Observe we have an integer number of days
length(acc) / 1440</pre>
```

summarize_PA

Description

Compute physical activity summaries of minute level activity data.

Usage

```
summarize_PA(
    acc,
    acc_ts,
    wear_flag,
    valid_day_flag,
    sedentary_thresh = 1853,
    subset_minutes = NULL,
    exclude_minutes = NULL,
    subset_weekdays = NULL,
    in_bed_time = NULL,
    out_bed_time = NULL,
    adjust_out_colnames = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

асс	A numeric vector. A minute-level activity counts data vector. It is assumed to be in midnight-to-midnight format, meaning its vector length is a multiple of num- ber of minutes in a full day (1440). See arctools::midnight_to_midnight().
acc_ts	A POSIXct vector. Time of activity data collection, corresponding to acc in its original format (not: midnight-to-midnight). We strongly recommended to use lubridate::ymd_hms() function to create acc_ts (see Examples below).
wear_flag	An integer vector. It has value 1 if a minute belongs to a wear time-interval, value 0 if a minute belongs to a non-wear time-interval, and value NA to denote minutes before/after data collection started/finished. See arctools::get_wear_flag().
valid_day_flag	An integer vector. It has value 1 if a minute belongs to a valid day, and 0 otherwise. See arctools::get_valid_day_flag().
sedentary_thres	h
	A numeric scalar. If an activity count value falls below it then a correspond- ing minute is characterized as sedentary; otherwise, a corresponding minute is characterized as active. Default is 1853.
subset_minutes	Integer vector. Contains subset of a day's minutes within which activity summaries are to be computed. May take values from 1 (day's minute from 00:00 to 00:01) to 1440 (day's minute from 23:59 to 00:00). Default is NULL, i.e. no subset used (all day's minutes are used).

	Integer vector. Contains subset of a day's minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. May take values from 1 (day's minute from 00:00 to 00:01) to 1440 (day's minute from 23:59 to 00:00). Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded (all day's minutes are used).
subset_weekdays	6
	Integer vector. Specfies days of a week within which activity summaries are to be computed. Takes values between 1 (Sunday) to 7 (Saturday). Default is NULL, i.e.no subset used (all days of a week are used).
in_bed_time	A POSIXct vector. An estimated in-bed time start. Together with a correspond- ing entry from out_bed_time vector, it defines a day-specific subset of "in bed time" minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded.
out_bed_time	A POSIXct vector. An estimated in-bed time end. Together with a correspond- ing entry from in_bed_time vector, it defines a day-specific subset of "in bed time" minutes to be excluded from activity summaries computation. Default is NULL, i.e. no minutes excluded.
adjust_out_colr	names
	A logical scalar. Whether or not to add an informative suffix to column names in the output data frame. This may happen in case any of the arguments: subset_minutes, or exclude_minutes, or in_bed_time and out_bed_time are set other than NULL. Default is TRUE.

Value

A data frame with physical activity summaries of minute level activity data. See README or vignette for summaries description.

```
## Read exemplary data
fpath_i <- system.file("extdata", extdata_fnames[1], package = "arctools")</pre>
dat_i <- as.data.frame(data.table::fread(fpath_i))</pre>
acc
        <- dat_i$vectormagnitude
acc_ts <- lubridate::ymd_hms(dat_i$timestamp)</pre>
## Get acc data vector in "midnight_to_midnight" format
acc <- midnight_to_midnight(acc, acc_ts)</pre>
## Get wear/non-wear flag
wear_flag <- get_wear_flag(acc)</pre>
## Get valid/non-valid day flag
valid_day_flag <- get_valid_day_flag(wear_flag)</pre>
## Impute missing data in acc data vector
acc_imputed <- impute_missing_data(acc, wear_flag, valid_day_flag)</pre>
## Example 1
## Summarize PA
summarize_PA(acc, acc_ts, wear_flag, valid_day_flag)
## Example 2
## Summarize PA within minutes range corresponding to 12:00 AM - 6:00 AM
```

subset_12am_6am <- 1 : (6 * 1440/24)
summarize_PA(acc, acc_ts, wear_flag, valid_day_flag, subset_minutes = subset_12am_6am)
Example 3
Summarize PA without (i.e., excluding) minutes range corresponding to 11:00 PM - 5:00 AM.
subset_11pm_5am <- c(
 (23 * 1440/24 + 1) : 1440, ## 11:00 PM - midnight
 1 : (5 * 1440/24) ## midnight - 5:00 AM
)
summarize_PA(acc, acc_ts, wear_flag, valid_day_flag, exclude_minutes = subset_11pm_5am)</pre>

Index

* datasets extdata_fnames, 5

activity_stats, 2
arctools (arctools-package), 2
arctools-package, 2

extdata_fnames, 5

get_actigraph_SN, 5
get_valid_day_flag, 6
get_wear_flag, 7

impute_missing_data, 8

midnight_to_midnight, 10

summarize_PA, 11