

# Package ‘BSPBSS’

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**Title** Bayesian Spatial Blind Source Separation

**Version** 1.0.5

**Description** Gibbs sampling for Bayesian spatial blind source separation (BSP-BSS). BSP-BSS is designed for spatially dependent signals in high dimensional and large-scale data, such as neuroimaging. The method assumes the expectation of the observed images as a linear mixture of multiple sparse and piece-wise smooth latent source signals, and constructs a Bayesian nonparametric prior by thresholding Gaussian processes. Details can be found in our paper: Wu et al. (2022+) ``Bayesian Spatial Blind Source Separation via the Thresholded Gaussian Process'' <[doi:10.1080/01621459.2022.2123336](https://doi.org/10.1080/01621459.2022.2123336)>.

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0), movMF

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**LinkingTo** Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

**Imports** rstiefel, Rcpp, ica, glmnet, gplots, BayesGPfit, svd,  
neurobase, oro.nifti, gridExtra, ggplot2, gtools

**SystemRequirements** GNU make

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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<b>init_bspbss</b>	<i>Initial values</i>
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## Description

Generate initial values, set up priors and perform kernel decomposition for the MCMC algorithm.

## Usage

```
init_bspbss(
  X,
  coords,
  rescale = TRUE,
  center = FALSE,
  q = 2,
  dens = 0.5,
  ker_par = c(0.05, 20),
  num_eigen = 500,
  noise = 0
)
```

## Arguments

X	Data matrix with n rows (sample) and p columns (voxel).
coords	Coordinate matrix with p rows (voxel) and d columns (dimension).
rescale	If TRUE, rows of X are rescaled to have unit variance.
center	If TRUE, rows of X are mean-centered.
q	Number of latent sources.
dens	The initial density level (between 0 and 1) of the latent sources.
ker_par	2-dimensional vector (a,b) with a>0, b>0, specifying the parameters in the modified exponential squared kernel.
num_eigen	Number of eigen functions.
noise	Gaussian noise added to the initial latent sources, with mean 0 and standard deviation being noise * sd(S0), where sd(S0) is the standard deviation of the initial latent sources.

**Value**

List containing initial values, priors and eigen functions/eigen values of the kernel of the Gaussian process.

**Examples**

```
sim = sim_2Dimage(length = 30, sigma = 5e-4, n = 30, smooth = 6)
ini = init_bspbss(sim$X, sim$coords, q = 3, ker_par = c(0.1,50), num_eigen = 50)
```

levelplot2D

*levelplot for 2D images.*

**Description**

The function plots 2D images for a data matrix.

**Usage**

```
levelplot2D(
  S,
  coords,
  lim = c(min(S), max(S)),
  xlim = c(0, max(coords[, 1])),
  ylim = c(0, max(coords[, 2])),
  color = bluered(100),
  layout = c(1, nrow(S)),
  file = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

S	Data matrix with q rows (sample) and p columns (pixel).
coords	Coordinates matrix with p rows (pixel) and 2 columns (dimension), specifying the coordinates of the data points.
lim	2-dimensional numeric vector, specifying the limits for the data.
xlim	2-dimensional numeric vector, specifying the lower and upper limits of x.
ylim	2-dimensional numeric vector, specifying the lower and upper limits of y.
color	Colorbar.
layout	2-dimensional numeric vector, specifying the number of rows and number of columns for the layout of components.
file	Name of the file to be saved.

**Value**

No return value.

## Examples

```
sim = sim_2Dimage(length = 30, sigma = 5e-4, n = 30, smooth = 6)
levelplot2D(sim$S, lim = c(-0.04, 0.04), sim$coords)
```

**mcmc\_bspbss**

*MCMC algorithm for Bayesian spatial blind source separation with the thresholded Gaussian Process prior.*

## Description

Perform MCMC algorithm to draw samples from a Bayesian spatial blind source separation model.

## Usage

```
mcmc_bspbss(
  X,
  init,
  prior,
  kernel,
  n.iter,
  n.burn_in,
  thin = 1,
  show_step,
  ep = 0.01,
  lr = 0.01,
  decay = 0.01,
  num_leapfrog = 5,
  subsample_n = 0.5,
  subsample_p = 0.5
)
```

## Arguments

X	Data matrix with n rows (sample) and p columns (voxel).
init	List of initial values, see <code>init_bspbss</code> .
prior	List of priors, see <code>init_bspbss</code> .
kernel	List including eigenvalues and eigenfunctions of the kernel, see <code>init_bspbss</code> .
n.iter	Total iterations in MCMC.
n.burn_in	Number of burn-in.
thin	Thining interval.
show_step	Frequency for printing the current number of iterations.
ep	Approximation parameter.

lr	Per-batch learning rate in SGHMC.
decay	Decay parameter in SGHMC.
num_leapfrog	Number of leapfrog steps in SGHMC.
subsample_n	Mini-batch size of samples.
subsample_p	Mini-batch size of voxels.

**Value**

List containing MCMC samples of: A, b, sigma, and zeta.

**Examples**

```
sim = sim_2Dimage(length = 30,
                    sigma = 5e-4,
                    n = 30,
                    smooth = 6)
ini = init_bspbss(sim$X, sim$coords,
                   q = 3,
                   ker_par = c(0.1,50),
                   num_eigen = 50)
res = mcmc_bspbss(ini$X,ini$init,
                   ini$prior,ini$kernel,
                   n.itter=200,n.burn_in=100,
                   thin=10,show_step=50)
```

output\_nii

*Write a NIfTI file.*

**Description**

This function saves a data matrix into a NIfTI file.

**Usage**

```
output_nii(X, nii, xgrid, file = NULL, std = TRUE, thres = 0)
```

**Arguments**

X	Data matrix with n rows (sample) and p columns (pixel).
nii	a reference NIfTI-class object, representing a image with p voxels.
xgrid	Cordinate matrix with p rows (voxel) and d columns (dimension).
file	The name of the file to be saved.
std	If TRUE, standarize each row of X.
thres	Quantile to threshold each row of X.

**Value**

NIfTI-class object.

<code>pre_nii</code>	<i>Transforms NIfTI to matrix</i>
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**Description**

This function transforms a NIfTI-class object into a matrix.

**Usage**

```
pre_nii(nii, mask)
```

**Arguments**

<code>nii</code>	4D NIfTI-class object with dimensions x,y,z and t. Can be read from NIfTI file with <code>readNIfTI</code> function from the package <code>oro.nifti</code> .
<code>mask</code>	Mask variable, also in NIfTI format.

**Value**

List containing the data matrix with t rows and x\*y\*z columns (voxels), and the coordinates of the voxels.

<code>sim_2Dimage</code>	<i>Simulate image data using ICA</i>
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**Description**

The function simulates image data using a probabilistic ICA model whose latent components have specific spatial patterns.

**Usage**

```
sim_2Dimage(length = 20, n = 50, sigma = 0.002, smooth = 6)
```

**Arguments**

<code>length</code>	The length of the image.
<code>n</code>	sample size.
<code>sigma</code>	variance of the noise.
<code>smooth</code>	smoothness of the latent components.

## Details

The observations are generated using probabilistic ICA:

$$X_i(v) = \sum_{j=1}^q A_{i,j} S_j(v) + \epsilon_i(v),$$

where  $S_j, j = 1, \dots, q$  are the latent components,  $A_{i,j}$  is the mixing coefficient and  $\epsilon_i$  is the noise term. Specifically, the number of components in this function is  $q = 3$ , with each of them being a specific geometric shape. The mixing coefficient matrix is generated with a von Mises-Fisher distribution with the concentration parameter being zero, which means it is uniformly distributed on the sphere.  $\epsilon_i$  is a i.i.d. Gaussian noise term with 0 mean and user-specified variance.

## Value

List that contains the following terms:

- X** Data matrix with n rows (sample) and p columns (pixel).
- coords** Coordinate matrix with p rows (pixel) and d columns (dimension)
- S** Latent components.
- A** Mixing coefficient matrix.
- snr** Signal-to-noise ratio.

## Examples

```
sim = sim_2Dimage(length = 30, sigma = 5e-4, n = 30, smooth = 6)
```

sum\_mcmc\_bspbss

*Summarization of the MCMC result.*

## Description

The function summarizes the MCMC results obtained from mcmc\_bspbss.

## Usage

```
sum_mcmc_bspbss(res, X, kernel, start = 1, end = 100, select_prob = 0.8)
```

## Arguments

<b>res</b>	List including MCMC samples, which can be obtained from function mcmc_bspbss
<b>X</b>	Original data matrix.
<b>kernel</b>	List including eigenvalues and eigenfunctions of the kernel, see init_bspbss.
<b>start</b>	Start point of the iterations being summarized.
<b>end</b>	End point of the iterations being summarized.
<b>select_prob</b>	Lower bound of the posterior inclusion probability required when summarizing the samples of latent sources.

**Value**

List that contains the following terms:

**S** Estimated latent sources.

**pip** Voxel-wise posterior inclusion probability for the latent sources.

**A** Estimated mixing coefficient matrix.

**zeta** Estimated zeta.

**sigma** Estimated sigma.

**logLik** Trace of log-likelihood.

**Slist** MCMC samples of S.

**Examples**

```
sim = sim_2Dimage(length = 30, sigma = 5e-4, n = 30, smooth = 6)
ini = init_bspbss(sim$X, sim$coords, q = 3, ker_par = c(0.1,50), num_eigen = 50)
res = mcmc_bspbss(ini$X,ini$init,ini$prior,ini$kernel,n.iter=200,n.burn_in=100,thin=10,show_step=50)
res_sum = sum_mcmc_bspbss(res, ini$X, ini$kernel, start = 11, end = 20, select_p = 0.5)
```

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