Package 'curry'

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Type Package

Title Partial Function Application with %<%, %-<%, and %><%

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Description Partial application is the process of reducing the arity of a function by fixing one or more arguments, thus creating a new function lacking the fixed arguments. The curry package provides three different ways of performing partial function application by fixing arguments from either end of the argument list (currying and tail currying) or by fixing multiple named arguments (partial application). This package provides this functionality through the %<%, %-<%, and %><% operators which allows for a programming style comparable to modern functional languages. Compared to other implementations such a purr::partial() the operators in curry composes functions with named arguments, aiding in autocomplete etc.

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LazyData TRUE

RoxygenNote 5.0.1

Collate 'utils.R' 'curry.R' 'partial.R' 'scaffold.R' 'tail_curry.R'

URL https://github.com/thomasp85/curry

BugReports https://github.com/thomasp85/curry/issues

NeedsCompilation no

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curry

Description

The curry function and the %<% operator performs currying on a function by partially applying the first argument, returning a function that accepts all but the first arguments of the former function. If the first argument is ... the curried argument will be interpreted as part of the ellipsis and the ellipsis will be retained in the returned function. It is thus possible to curry functions comtaining ellipsis arguments to infinity (though not adviced).

Usage

fun %<% arg

curry(fun, arg)

Arguments

fun	A function to be curried. Can be any function (normal, already curried, primi- tives).
arg	The value that should be applied to the first argument.

Value

A function with the same arguments as fun except for the first, unless the first is . . . in which case it will be retained.

Note

Multiple currying does not result in multiple nested calls, so while the first currying adds a layer around the curried function, potentially adding a very small performance hit, currying multiple times will not add to this effect.

See Also

Other partials: partial, tail_curry

Examples

```
# Equivalent to curry(`+`, 5)
add_5 <- `+` %<% 5
add_5(10)
# ellipsis are retained when currying
bind_5 <- cbind %<% 5
bind_5(1:10)</pre>
```

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Description

The partial function and the %><% operator allows you to partially call a function with a list of arguments. Named elements in the list will be matched to function arguments and these arguments will be removed from the returned function. Unnamed elements are only allowed for functions containing an ellipsis, in which case they are considered part of the ellipsis.

Usage

fun %><% args</pre>

partial(fun, args)

Arguments

fun	A function to be partially applied. Can be any function (normal, already partially applied, primitives).
args	A list of values that should be applied to the function.

Value

A function with the same arguments as fun except for the ones given in args

Note

Multiple partial application does not result in multiple nested calls, so while the first partial call adds a layer around the called function, potentially adding a very small performance hit, partially calling multiple times will not add to this effect.

See Also

Other partials: curry, tail_curry

Examples

```
dummy_lengths <- vapply %><% list(FUN = length, FUN.VALUE = integer(1))
test_list <- list(a = 1:5, b = 1:10)
dummy_lengths(test_list)</pre>
```

tail_curry

Description

The tail_curry function and the %-<% operator performs currying on a function by partially applying the last argument, returning a function that accepts all but the last arguments of the former function. If the last argument is ... the curried argument will be interpreted as the last named argument. If the only argument to the function is ... the curried argument will be interpreted as part of the ellipsis and the ellipsis will be retained in the returned function. It is thus possible to curry functions comtaining ellipsi arguments to infinity (though not adviced).

Usage

fun %-<% arg

tail_curry(fun, arg)

Arguments

fun	A function to be curried from the end. Can be any function (normal, already
	(tail_)curried, primitives).
arg	The value that should be applied to the last argument.

Value

A function with the same arguments as fun except for the last named argument, unless the only one is ... in which case it will be retained.

Note

Multiple tail_currying does not result in multiple nested calls, so while the first tail_currying adds a layer around the curried function, potentially adding a very small performance hit, tail_currying multiple times will not add to this effect.

See Also

Other partials: curry, partial

Examples

```
# Equivalent to tail_curry(`/`, 5)
divide_by_5 <- `/` %-<% 5
divide_by_5(10)</pre>
```

```
no_factors <- data.frame %-<% FALSE
no_factors(x = letters[1:5])
```

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