Calculating rfPred scores with package rfPred

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1 Background

Exome sequencing is becoming a standard tool for gene mapping of monogenic diseases. Given the vast amount of data generated by Next Generation Sequencing techniques, identification of disease causal variants is like finding a needle in a haystack. The impact assessment and the prioritization of potential pathogenic variants are expected to reduce work in biological validation, which is long and costly.

One of the possible approaches to determine the most probable deleterious variants in individual exomes is to use protein function alteration prediction algorithms. This package proposes a new method [1] based on five previously described algorithms (SIFT [2], Polyphen2 [3], LRT [4], PhyloP [5] and MutationTaster [6]) compiled in the dbNSFP database [7]. A functional meta-score is derived from a random forest method trained on a dataset of 61,500 non-synonymous SNPs. On Two independent validation datasets, the random forest method appears to be globally better than each of the algorithms separately or in combination in a logistic regression model. rfPred scores have been pre-calculated and made available for all the possible non-synonymous SNPs of human exome.

2 Computing rfPred scores

After having launched the R software, the user must load the *rfPred* package with:

> library(rfPred)

Several packages whose *rfPred* is depending on will also be loaded (especially *Rsamtools*). The package contains one main function - <u>rfPred_scores()</u> - which returns the rfPred scores. It works as follows: the user gives as input a list of variants for which he/she wants the corresponding scores and the function looks for these variants in a data base which stores the pre-calculated scores. It avoids re-calculating the scores for each request. The list of variants can ben either a *data.frame*, or the path to a VCF (Variant Call Format) file as a *character* string or a *GRanges* object (see package *GenomicRanges* on *Bioconductor* [8]). For example, the list of variants can be the data frame variant_list_Y:

```
> data(variant_list_Y)
> print(variant_list_Y)
           pos ref alt uniprot
  chr
                      A Q9BY66-2
    Y 21869371
                 С
1
2
    Y 6736929
                 Т
                      G
                          Q99218
3
       6736330
    Y
                 С
                      G
                          Q99218
```

4	Y	21869957	С	G	Q9BY66
5	Υ	6736294	G	С	Q99218

variant_list_Y is a *data.frame* which contains four or five columns respecting this order: the chromosome, the HG19 position on the chromosome, the reference nucleotid allele, the alteration nucleotid allele and optionally the protein (Uniprot accession number). Here, this *data.frame* is part of the package, but it is possible to import data from an Excel or CSV file in R (see R documentation). The user can then run the function:

```
> result=rfPred_scores(variant_list=variant_list_Y,
+
                       data=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred"),
                       index=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred"))
+
> print(result)
  chromosome position_hg19 reference alteration proteine aaref aaalt
1
                   6736294
                                    G
                                               С
                                                    Q99218
                                                                      Κ
           Υ
                                                               Ν
2
           Y
                                    С
                                                                      н
                   6736330
                                               G
                                                    099218
                                                               0
3
           Υ
                                                                     н
                   6736929
                                    Т
                                               G
                                                    Q99218
                                                               Ν
4
           Υ
                  21869371
                                    С
                                               A Q9BY66-2
                                                               А
                                                                      S
5
           Υ
                  21869957
                                    С
                                                    09BY66
                                                               ۷
                                                G
                                                                      L.
  rfPred_score SIFT_score MutationTaster_score Polyphen2_score
1
        0.1318
                     0.86
                                        0.08857
                                                           0.364
                                                           0.115
2
         0.114
                     0.92
                                       0.001443
3
         0.058
                     0.99
                                       0.000555
                                                           0.828
4
        0.0938
                     0.96
                                       0.008922
                                                            0.81
5
        0.3432
                     0.98
                                       0.460181
                                                           0.995
       PhyloP_score LRT_score aapos
1 0.956751604061215 0.9963805
                                 133
2 0.167097520013057 0.9932325
                                 121
3 0.948123579209099 0.4416835
                                  42
4 0.938202628327774 0.9960675
                                 193
5 0.916829367481492 0.999998
                                  60
```

The argument data is the path to the data base (TabixFile) and the argument index is the path to the TabixFile index. Note that the default paths correspond to the example chromosome Y but the user can download the entire data base at https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo. 7127736 (see section 3 for details).

It is also possible to look for variants without specifying the protein. In this case, the user gives only the columns 1-4 as input:

```
> result2=rfPred_scores(variant_list=variant_list_Y[,1:4],
                         data=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred"),
+
                         index=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred"))
+
> print(result2)
   chromosome position_hq19 reference alteration proteine aaref aaalt
1
            Y
                    6736294
                                     G
                                                 С
                                                     Q99218
                                                                Ν
                                                                       Κ
2
            Y
                    6736294
                                     G
                                                 C Q99218-1
                                                                Ν
                                                                       Κ
3
            Υ
                                     С
                                                 G
                                                     Q99218
                                                                Q
                                                                       Н
                    6736330
4
            Υ
                    6736330
                                     С
                                                 G Q99218-1
                                                                Q
                                                                       Н
5
            Y
                                     Т
                    6736929
                                                 G
                                                     Q99218
                                                                Ν
                                                                       н
```

6	Y 2	1869371	С	А	B7ZLX1	Α	S	
7	Y 2	1869371	С	А	E9PFH2	Α	S	
8	Y 2	1869371	С	А	Q9BY66	Α	S	
9	Y 2	1869371	С	А	Q9BY66-2	Α	S	
10	Y 2	1869957	С	G	B7ZLX1	V	L	
11	Y 2	1869957	С	G	E9PFH2	V	L	
12	Y 2	1869957	С	G	Q9BY66	V	L	
13	Y 2	1869957	С	G	Q9BY66-2	V	L	
	rfPred_score SIFT.	_score Muta	ationTas	ter_score	Polyphen2_	score		
1	0.1318	0.86		0.08857		0.364		
2	0.1564	0.95		0.08857		0.249		
3	0.114	0.92		0.001443		0.115		
4	0.1156	0.92		0.001443		0.132		
5	0.058	0.99		0.000555		0.828		
6	0.1016	0.96		0.008922		0.696		
7	0.1274	0.92		0.008922		0.07		
8	0.099	0.75		0.008922		0.88		
9	0.0938	0.96		0.008922		0.81		
10	0.4906	1		0.460181		0.997		
11	0.4906	1		0.460181		0.997		
12	0.3432	0.98		0.460181		0.995		
13	0.4816	1		0.460181		0.998		
	PhyloP_score	LRT_score	aapos					
1	0.956751604061215	0.9963805	133					
2	0.956751604061215	0.9963805	133					
3	0.167097520013057	0.9932325	121					
4	0.167097520013057	0.9932325	121					
5	0.948123579209099	0.4416835	42					
6	0.938202628327774	0.9960675	193					
7	0.938202628327774	0.9960675	193					
8	0.938202628327774	0.9960675	193					
9	0.938202628327774	0.9960675	193					
10	0.916829367481492	0.999998	60					
11	0.916829367481492	0.999998	60					
12	0.916829367481492	0.999998	60					
13	0.916829367481492	0.999998	60					

The object result2 contains more lines (13) than the object result (5) because the user does not impose any matching on the protein.

3 TabixFile and TabixFile index

To use the entire TabixFile/index containing all the chromosomes, the user must download the two files (about 3.3 Go) in order to use them locally on his/her computer. They are available on Zenodo at https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7127736. In this case, the arguments data and index must be the paths to the TabixFile and index on the user's computer.

4 Exporting the results

In order to share the results with non-*R* users, the rfPred_scores() function allows one to export the results in a CSV file thanks to the file.export argument:

```
> result3=rfPred_scores(variant_list=variant_list_Y,
+ data=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz", package="rfPred"),
+ index=system.file("extdata/chrY_rfPred.txtz.tbi", package="rfPred"),
+ file.export="results.csv")
```

The CSV file "results.csv" will be created in the current working directory of the R session.

5 Number of cores

Computers with multi-core processors are able to run several tasks simultaneously. The n.cores argument of the rfPred_scores() function exploits this possibility. Specifying n.cores=4 instead of n.cores=1 divides the computational time by about 2.5. For example, the function ran during 106 second on a 121,606 rows variants list using a 3.3 GHz Intel®CoreTMi5 computer. However, for small requests, one should use only one core to avoid the overhead time due to opening hidden *R* sessions and lauching the dependent packages.

6 rfPred random forest model

One may want to compute the rfPred score from his/her own SIFT, Polyphen2, LRT, PhyloP and MutationTaster scores. This functionnality does not appear within the package but we have made the model available on our website (http://www.sbim.fr/rfPred/) in a .RData file (about 52 Mo). The *R* object rfPred_model has to be given as input of the predict function of the *randomForest* package in addition of the 5 scores. The scores used to build the random forest are [9]:

- SIFT_score = 1-original SIFT score;
- Polyphen2_score = original HVAR Polyphen2 score;
- MutationTaster_score = original MutationTaster score;
- PhyloP_score = $1 0.5 \times 10^{\text{phyloP}}$ if phyloP ≥ 0 or $0.5 \times 10^{\text{phyloP}}$ if phyloP < 0;
- LRT_score = $1 0.5 \times$ LRToriginal if LRT_Omega < 1 or $0.5 \times$ LRToriginal if LRT_Omega > 1.

Note that all these scores have to be stored in a *data.frame* whose column names are textually SIFT_score, PhyloP_score, Polyphen2_score, LRT_score and MutationTaster_score in order to match with the model parameters.

References

- Jabot-Hanin F and Varet H and Tores F and Jais JP, rfPred: a new meta-score for functional prediction of missense variants in human exome. (submitted) 2013.
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- [9] dbNSFP v1.3 READ-ME, http://dbnsfp.houstonbioinformatics.org/dbNSFPzip/dbNSFPv1.3.readme.txt.