

Package ‘BiocPkgTools’

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Type Package

Title Collection of simple tools for learning about Bioconductor Packages

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Description Bioconductor has a rich ecosystem of metadata around packages, usage, and build status. This package is a simple collection of functions to access that metadata from R. The goal is to expose metadata for data mining and value-added functionality such as package searching, text mining, and analytics on packages.

Depends htmlwidgets, R (>= 4.1.0)

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<code>.extract_fnd</code>	<i>Extract funder names from a formatted Author field string</i>
---------------------------	--

Description

Extract funder names from a formatted Author field string

Usage

```
.extract_fnd(author_string)
```

Arguments

`author_string` `character(1)` a formatted Author field value as found in a Bioconductor VIEWS file, e.g. "Jane Doe [aut, cre], Big Org [fnd]". May contain embedded new-lines. Note: funder names that themselves contain commas will not be extracted correctly, as commas are used as entry separators in the formatted Author field.

Value

`character()` of funder names, or `NA_character_` when no funder is found or the input is missing/empty

<code>.getDepGain</code>	<i>Calculate the 'dependency gain' from excluding one or more direct dependencies</i>
--------------------------	---

Description

Calculate the difference between the total number of dependencies of a package and the number of dependencies that would remain if one or more of the direct dependencies were removed.

Usage

```
.getDepGain(g, pkg, depsToRemove)
```

Arguments

<code>g</code>	Package dependency graph
<code>pkg</code>	Character string representing the package of interest
<code>depsToRemove</code>	Character vector representing the dependencies to remove

Value

The 'dependency gain' that would be achieved by excluding the indicated direct dependencies

Author(s)

Charlotte Soneson

<code>.get_cre_orcid</code>	<i>get the ORCID id from cre field of Authors@R in packageDescription result</i>
-----------------------------	--

Description

get the ORCID id from cre field of Authors@R in packageDescription result

Usage

```
.get_cre_orcid(pkgname)
```

Arguments

<code>pkgname</code>	<code>character(1)</code>
----------------------	---------------------------

<code>activitySince</code>	<i>What are the issues, pulls, commits created since a date?</i>
----------------------------	--

Description

This function uses the `gh` package to get a list of either issues, pull requests, or GitHub commits since the specified date for a particular GitHub repository. The repository must have both the username / organization and the name, e.g., "Bioconductor/S4Vectors".

Usage

```
activitySince(
  gh_repo,
  activity = c("issues", "pulls", "commits"),
  status = c("closed", "open", "all"),
  Date,
  issue_metadata = c("created_at", "number", "title"),
  token = NULL
)
```

Arguments

gh_repo	character(1) The GitHub repository location including the username / organization and the repository name, e.g., "Bioconductor/S4Vectors"
activity	character(1) The type of repository activity to pull from the GitHub API. It can be one of "issues" (default), "pulls", or "commits".
status	character(1) One of 'closed', 'open', or 'all' corresponding to the issue state desired from the GitHub API (Default: "closed"). This argument is ignored for the "commits" activity report.
Date	character(1) The date cutoff from which to analyze closed issues in the YYYY-MM-DD or YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SSZ format (ISO 8601).
issue_metadata	character() The metadata labels to extract from the gh::gh response. See ?gh::gh for more details. Defaults to 'created_at', 'number', and 'title'. This argument is ignored for the "commits" activity report.
token	character(1) For big requests, e.g., commit history, you may be prompted to use a GitHub Personal Access Token. Enter the token as plain text.

Details

The tibble returned by the commits activity report contains five columns:

- 'committer_date'
- 'commit' - hash
- 'parents' - hash of parent for merge commits
- 'author'
- 'message'

For information on other columns, refer to the GitHub API under repository issues or pulls (e.g., /repos/:repo/issues).

Value

A tibble with three columns corresponding to issue metadata (i.e., "created_at", "number", "title")

Examples

```
activitySince("Bioconductor/S4Vectors", "issues", "closed", "2021-05-01")
activitySince("Bioconductor/S4Vectors", "issues", "open", "2022-05-01")
activitySince("Bioconductor/S4Vectors", "commits", Date = "2022-05-01")
```

anacondaDownloadStats *Get download statistics for Bioconductor packages distributed via Anaconda.*

Description

Get download statistics for Bioconductor packages distributed via Anaconda.

Usage

```
anacondaDownloadStats()
```

Details

Anaconda provide daily download counts for all software packages they distribute. These are summarised into monthly tables of counts and made available from <https://github.com/grimbough/anaconda-download-stats> This function provides a mechanism to download these monthly counts for Bioconductor packages distributed through Anaconda.

Value

A data.frame of download statistics for all Bioconductor packages distributed by Anaconda, in tidy format. Note: Anaconda do not provide counts for unique IP addresses. This column is listed as NA for all packages to provide continuity with data from Bioconductor.org obtained by [biocDownloadStats\(\)](#). The counts are updated monthly, so do not expect to see counts for the current month.

Author(s)

Mike L. Smith

Examples

```
anacondaDownloadStats()
```

biocBuildEmail

Create and copy e-mail package notification template to clipboard

Description

The `biocBuildEmail` function provides a template for notifying maintainers of errors in the Bioconductor Build System (BBS). This convenience function returns the body of the email from a template within the package and provides a copy in the clipboard.

Usage

```
biocBuildEmail(  
  pkg,  
  version = c("release", "devel"),  
  PS = character(1L),  
  dry.run = TRUE,  
  to = NULL,  
  cc = NULL,  
  bcc = NULL,  
  emailTemplate = templatePath(),  
  core.name = NULL,  
  core.email = NULL,  
  core.id = NULL,  
  textOnly = FALSE,
```

```

    resend = FALSE,
    verbose = FALSE,
    credFile = "~/blastula_creds"
  )

sentHistory()

```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) The name of the package in trouble
version	character() A vector indicating which version of Bioconductor the package is failing in (either 'release' or 'devel'; defaults to both)
PS	character(1) Postscript, an additional note to the recipient of the email (i.e., the package maintainer)
dry.run	logical(1) Display the email without sending to the recipient. It only works for HTML email reports and ignored when textOnly=TRUE
to	character() A vector of email addresses serving as primary recipients for the message. For secondary recipients, use the cc and bcc arguments.
cc, bcc	character() A vector of email addresses for sending the message as a carbon copy or blind carbon copy.
emailTemplate	character(1) The path to the email template Rmd file as obtained by templatePath(). A custom template can be provided as file path.
core.name	character(1) The full name of the core team member
core.email	character(1) The Roswell Park email of the core team member
core.id	character(1) The internal identifier for the Roswell employee. This ID usually matches <code>^[A-Z]{2}[0-9]{5}</code> for more recent identifiers.
textOnly	logical(1) Whether to return the text of the email only. This avoids the use of the 'blastula' package and adds the text to the system clipboard if the clipr package is installed (default: FALSE)
resend	logical(1) Whether to force a resend of the email
verbose	logical(1) Whether to output full email information from 'smtp_send' (when dry.run is FALSE and 'blastula' is installed)
credFile	character(1) An optional file generated by the <code>blastula::create_smtp_creds_file</code> function containing email authentication information (default: "~/blastula_creds"). See ?biocBuildEmail details.

Details

The `credFile` argument is a convenience for avoiding password entry at every instance an email is sent. If the default file `~/blastula_creds` does not exist, the user will be prompted for authorization information. Currently it is configured to emails for the core-team:

```

blastula::create_smtp_creds_file(
  file = "~/blastula_creds",
  user = "user.email@domain.org",
  host = "smtp.office365.com",
  port = 587,
  use_ssl = TRUE
)

```

Value

A character string of the email

sentHistory

Check the history of emails sent

biocBuildReport	<i>Tidy Bioconductor build report results</i>
-----------------	---

Description

The online Bioconductor build reports are great for humans to look at, but they are not easily computable. This function scrapes HTML and text files available from the build report online pages to generate a tidy data frame version of the build report.

Usage

```
biocBuildReport(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "data-annotation", "workflows"),
  stage.timings = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
pkgType	character() The type of packages for which to get information for. Values can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • software: Software packages • data-experiment: Experiment data packages • data-annotation: Annotation data packages • workflows: Workflow packages
stage.timings	logical(1) Whether to include the start, end, and elapsed time for each build, check, install stage from each building in the result (default: FALSE)

Value

A `tbl_df` object with columns `pkg`, `version`, `author`, `commit`, `date`, `node`, `stage`, and `result`.

Examples

```
# Set the stage--what version of Bioc am I using?
BiocManager::version()

latest_build <- biocBuildReport()
head(latest_build)
```

biocBuildReportDB	<i>Parse the Build Report tarball for a Bioconductor release</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This function parses the Build Report tarball for a Bioconductor release. By default it will pull all the `report.tgz` files for each Bioconductor package type. The Bioconductor Build System (BBS) Build Report tarball contains build status information for all packages in a Bioconductor release. This function is mainly used by `biocBuildReport()`.

Usage

```
biocBuildReportDB(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "data-annotation", "workflows"),
  stage.timings = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>version</code>	character(1) or <code>package_version</code> indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
<code>pkgType</code>	character() The type of packages for which to get information for. Values can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>software</code>: Software packages • <code>data-experiment</code>: Experiment data packages • <code>data-annotation</code>: Annotation data packages • <code>workflows</code>: Workflow packages
<code>stage.timings</code>	logical(1) Whether to include the start, end, and elapsed time for each build, check, install stage from each building in the result (default: FALSE)

biocBuildStatusDB	<i>Download and parse the build status information for Bioconductor packages</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This function downloads and parses the build status information for Bioconductor packages. The build status information is available for the current release and the previous release. Other versions may be available.

Usage

```
biocBuildStatusDB(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "data-annotation", "workflows")
)
```

Arguments

version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
pkgType	character() The type of packages for which to get information for. Values can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • software: Software packages • data-experiment: Experiment data packages • data-annotation: Annotation data packages • workflows: Workflow packages

Value

A data.frame with the following columns:

- pkg: The name of the package
- node: The builder on which the package was built
- stage: The stage of the build, e.g., 'install', 'buildsrc', 'checksrc', etc.
- result: The status of the build, e.g., 'OK', 'ERROR', 'WARNINGS', etc.

biocDownloadStats	<i>Get Bioconductor download statistics</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Get Bioconductor download statistics

Usage

```
biocDownloadStats(
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation")
)
```

Arguments

pkgType	character() All, some, or one of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', or 'data-annotation' (defaults to all types)
---------	---

Details

Note that Bioconductor package download stats are not version-specific.

Value

A tibble of download statistics for all Bioconductor packages

Examples

```
biocDownloadStats()
```

biocExplore	<i>Explore Bioconductor packages interactively</i>
-------------	--

Description

Explore Bioconductor packages through an interactive bubble plot. Click on bubbles to bring up additional information about the package. Size and proximity to center of a bubble is based on the downloads the package has in the past month.

Usage

```
biocExplore(top = 500L, ...)
```

Arguments

top	maximum number of packages displayed in any biocView
...	parameters passed to <code>htmlwidgets::createWidget()</code>

Value

A bubble plot of Bioconductor packages

biocMaintained	<i>Bioconductor Maintained Packages</i>
----------------	---

Description

List all the packages associated with a maintainer. By default, it will return all packages associated with the `maintainer@bioconductor.org` email. `hasBiocMaint` returns a logical vector corresponding to the input character vector of packages indicating whether any package is maintained by the Bioconductor core team.

Usage

```
biocMaintained(
  main = "maintainer@bioconductor.org",
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation")
)
```

```
hasBiocMaint(
  pkg,
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  main = "maintainer@bioconductor\\.org",
  repo = c("BioCsoft", "BioCexp", "BioCworkflows", "BioCann")
)
```

Arguments

main	character(1) A regex string to search for in the Maintainer column from the biocPkgList() output.
version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by BiocManager::version(). The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
pkgType	character() The type of packages for which to get information for. Values can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • software: Software packages • data-experiment: Experiment data packages • data-annotation: Annotation data packages • workflows: Workflow packages
pkg	character(1) A vector of package names (case sensitive).
repo	character() A vector of Bioconductor repositories to search through. By default, it will search through all Bioconductor repositories.

Value

For biocMaintained: a tibble of packages associated with the maintainer.

For hasBiocMaint: a logical vector indicating whether the package is maintained by Bioconductor.

Examples

```
biocMaintained()

## maintained by Hervé and not maintainer at bioconductor dot org
hasBiocMaint("BiocGenerics")
```

biocPkgList

Get full Bioconductor software package listing, with details

Description

The BiocViews-generated VIEWS file is available for Bioconductor release and devel repositories. It contains quite a bit more information from the package DESCRIPTION files than the PACKAGES file. In particular, it contains biocViews annotations and URLs for vignettes and developer URLs.

Usage

```
biocPkgList(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  repo = c("BioCsoft", "BioCexp", "BioCworkflows", "BioCann", "CRAN"),
  addBiocViewParents = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
repo	character(1) The requested Bioconductor repository. The default is to pull from the "BioCsoft" repository. Possible repositories include "BioCsoft", "Bio-Cexp", "BioCworkflows", "BioCann", and "CRAN". Note that not all repos are available for all versions, particularly older versions.
addBiocViewParents	logical(1) whether to add all biocViews parents to biocViews annotations.

Details

Since packages are annotated with the most specific views, the default functionality here is to add parent terms for all views for each package. For example, in the bioCsoft repository, all packages will have at least "Software" added to their biocViews. If one wants to stick to only the most specific terms, set `addBiocViewParents` to FALSE.

Value

An object of class `tbl_df` with one row per package. The result always includes a `fnd` list-column whose elements are character vectors of funder names extracted from persons with role "fnd" in the formatted Author field. Elements are `NA_character_` for packages that declare no funder (or whose Author field contains no [fnd] role tag).

Examples

```
bpkgl <- biocPkgList(repo = "BioCsoft")
bpkgl
unlist(bpkgl[[1,'Depends']], use.names = FALSE)

# Get a list of all packages that
# import "GEOquery"
library(dplyr)
bpkgl |>
  filter(Package == 'GEOquery') |>
  pull('importsMe') |>
  unlist()
```

biocPkgRanges	<i>Grab build report results from BUILD_STATUS_DB for a particular package range</i>
---------------	--

Description

Grab build report results from BUILD_STATUS_DB for a particular package range

Usage

```
biocPkgRanges(
  start,
  end,
  condition = c("ERROR", "WARNINGS"),
  phase = "buildsrc",
  version = c("devel", "release")
)
```

Arguments

start	character(1) alphabetically first package name in range
end	character(1) alphabetically last package name in range
condition	character(1) condition string, typically 'ERROR' or 'WARNING'
phase	character(1) string for phase of event: 'install', 'checksrc', or 'buildsrc' (default)
version	character(1) string indication Bioconductor version, either 'devel' (default) or 'release'

Author(s)

Vincent J. Carey

Examples

```
## Not run:
biocPkgRanges(
  start = "a4", end = "CMA",
  condition = "ERROR", version = "devel"
)

## End(Not run)
```

BiocPkgTools

BiocPkgTools: Examine and analyze Bioconductor package metadata

Description

Bioconductor has a rich ecosystem of metadata around packages, usage, and build status. This package is a simple collection of functions to access that metadata from R. The goal is to expose metadata for data mining and value-added functionality such as package searching, text mining, and analytics on packages.

For developers

The [biocBuildReport\(\)](#) function returns a computable form of the Bioconductor Build Report.

For users

The [biocDownloadStats\(\)](#) function gets Bioconductor download stats, allowing users to quickly find commonly used packages. The [biocPkgList\(\)](#) is useful for getting a complete listing of all Bioconductor packages.

Infrastructure

Bioconductor packages all have Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs). This package contains basic infrastructure for creating, updating, and de-referencing DOIs.

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/seandavi/BiocPkgTools>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/seandavi/BiocPkgTools/issues/new>

BiocPkgTools-cache *Manage cache for BiocPkgTools*

Description

Managing user data is important to allow use of email functions such as `biocBuildEmail` and made easy with `BiocFileCache`.

Usage

```
setCache(  
  directory = tools::R_user_dir("BiocPkgTools", "cache"),  
  verbose = TRUE,  
  ask = interactive()  
)  
  
pkgToolsCache(...)
```

Arguments

directory	The file location where the cache is located. Once set future downloads will go to this folder.
verbose	Whether to print descriptive messages
ask	logical (default TRUE when interactive session) Confirm the file location of the cache directory
...	For pkgToolsCache, arguments are passed to setCache

pkgToolsCache

Get the directory location of the cache. It will prompt the user to create a cache if not already created. A specific directory can be used via setCache.

setCache

Specify the directory location of the data cache. By default, it will go to the user's home/.cache/R and "appname" directory as specified by tools::R_user_dir (with package="BiocPkgTools" and which="cache").

 biocRevDepEmail

Notify downstream maintainers of changes in upstream packages

Description

The biocRevDepEmail function collects all the emails of the reverse dependencies and sends a notification that upstream package(s) have been deprecated or removed. It uses a template found in inst/resources with the templatePath() function.

Usage

```

biocRevDepEmail(
  packages,
  which = c("strong", "most", "all"),
  PS = character(1L),
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  dry.run = TRUE,
  cc = NULL,
  emailTemplate = templatePath("revdeprnote"),
  core.name = NULL,
  core.email = NULL,
  core.id = NULL,
  textOnly = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  credFile = "~/blastula_creds",
  ...,
  pkg
)

```

Arguments

packages	character() A vector of CRAN and/or Bioconductor packages for whose reverse dependencies are to be checked and notified.
which	a character vector listing the types of dependencies, a subset of c("Depends", "Imports", "LinkingTo", "Suggests", "Enhances"). Character string "all" is shorthand for that vector, character string "most" for the same vector without "Enhances", character string "strong" (default) for the first three elements of that vector.
PS	character(1) Postscript, an additional note to the recipient of the email (i.e., the package maintainer)
version	character() A vector indicating which version of Bioconductor the package is failing in (either 'release' or 'devel'; defaults to both)
dry.run	logical(1) Display the email without sending to the recipient. It only works for HTML email reports and ignored when textOnly=TRUE
cc	character() A vector of email addresses for sending the message as a carbon copy.
emailTemplate	character(1) The path to the email template Rmd file as obtained by templatePath(). A custom template can be provided as file path.
core.name	character(1) The full name of the core team member
core.email	character(1) The Roswell Park email of the core team member
core.id	character(1) The internal identifier for the Roswell employee. This ID usually matches <code>^[A-Z]{2}[0-9]{5}</code> for more recent identifiers.
textOnly	logical(1) Whether to return the text of the email only. This avoids the use of the 'blastula' package and adds the text to the system clipboard if the clipr package is installed (default: FALSE)
verbose	logical(1) Whether to output full email information from 'smtp_send' (when dry.run is FALSE and 'blastula' is installed)
credFile	character(1) An optional file generated by the <code>blastula::create_smtp_creds_file</code> function containing email authentication information (default: <code>"~/blastula_creds"</code>). See <code>?biocBuildEmail</code> details.
pkg	character(1) DEPRECATED. The name of a single package whose reverse dependencies are to be checked and notified.
...	Additional inputs to internal functions (not used).

Examples

```
biocRevDepEmail(
  "FindMyFriends", version = "3.13", dry.run = TRUE, textOnly = TRUE
)
```

biocVIEWSdb

Parse and return the VIEWS file for a Bioconductor Release

Description

The function parses and returns the VIEWS file for a specified Bioconductor version, either "release" or "devel". The VIEWS file contains metadata about Bioconductor packages, including information about their categories, topics, and other details.

Usage

```
biocVIEWSdb(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "data-annotation", "workflows")
)
```

Arguments

version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
pkgType	character() The type of packages for which to get information for. Values can be one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • software: Software packages • data-experiment: Experiment data packages • data-annotation: Annotation data packages • workflows: Workflow packages

Examples

```
biocVIEWSdb(pkgType = "software")
```

buildPkgDependencyDataFrame

Work with Bioconductor package dependencies

Description

Bioconductor is built using an extensive set of core capabilities and data structures. This leads to package developers depending on other packages for interoperability and functionality. This function extracts package dependency information from `biocPkgList()` and returns a tidy data.frame that can be used for analysis and to build graph structures of package dependencies.

Usage

```
buildPkgDependencyDataFrame(dependencies = c("strong", "most", "all"), ...)
```

Arguments

`dependencies` `character()` a vector listing the types of dependencies, a subset of `c("Depends", "Imports", "LinkingTo", "Suggests", "Enhances")`. Character string "all" is shorthand for that vector, character string "most" for the same vector without "Enhances", character string "strong" (default) for the first three elements of that vector.

`...` parameters passed along to `biocPkgList()`

Value

A data.frame (also a `tbl_df`) of S3 class "biocDepDF" including columns "Package", "dependency", and "edgetype".

Note

This function requires network access.

See Also

See `buildPkgDependencyIgraph()`, `biocPkgList()`.

Examples

```
# performs a network call, so must be online.
library(BiocPkgTools)
depdf <- buildPkgDependencyDataFrame()
head(depdf)
library(dplyr)
# filter to include only "Imports" type
# dependencies
imports_only <- depdf |> filter(edgetype=='Imports')

# top ten most imported packages
imports_only |> select(dependency) |>
  group_by(dependency) |> tally() |>
  arrange(desc(n))

# The Bioconductor packages with the
# largest number of imports
largest_importers <- imports_only |>
  select(Package) |>
  group_by(Package) |> tally() |>
  arrange(desc(n))

# not sure what these packages do. Join
# to their descriptions
biocPkgList() |> select(Package, Description) |>
  left_join(largest_importers) |> arrange(desc(n)) |>
  head()
```

`buildPkgDependencyIgraph`*Work with package dependencies as a graph*

Description

Package dependencies represent a directed graph (though Bioconductor dependencies are not an acyclic graph). This function simply returns an igraph graph from the package dependency data frame from a call to `buildPkgDependencyDataFrame()` or any tidy data frame with rows of (Package, dependency) pairs. Additional columns are added as igraph edge attributes (see [igraph::graph_from_data_frame](#)

Usage

```
buildPkgDependencyIgraph(pkgDepDF)
```

Arguments

`pkgDepDF` a tidy data frame. See description for details.

Value

An igraph directed graph. See the igraph package for details of what can be done.

See Also

See [buildPkgDependencyDataFrame\(\)](#), [igraph::graph_from_data_frame\(\)](#), [inducedSubgraphByPkgs\(\)](#), [subgraphByDegree\(\)](#), [igraph::igraph-es-indexing](#), [igraph::igraph-vs-indexing](#)

Examples

```
library(igraph)

pkg_dep_df = buildPkgDependencyDataFrame()

# at this point, filter or join to manipulate
# dependency data frame as you see fit.

g = buildPkgDependencyIgraph(pkg_dep_df)
g

# Look at nodes and edges
head(V(g)) # vertices
head(E(g)) # edges

# subset graph by attributes

head(sort(degree(g, mode='in'), decreasing=TRUE))
head(sort(degree(g, mode='out'), decreasing=TRUE))
```

class-dependencies *Retrieve Class relationships*

Description

As the title says it should do something with class relationships

Usage

```
buildClassDepGraph(class, includeUnions = FALSE)
buildClassDepData(class, includeUnions = FALSE)
buildClassDepFromPackage(pkg, includeUnions = FALSE)
plotClassDep(class, includeUnions = FALSE)
plotClassDepData(data)
plotClassDepGraph(g)
```

Arguments

class	a single character value defining a 'S4' class name
includeUnions	TRUE or FALSE: Should union definitions included in the result? (default: FALSE)
pkg	a single character value defining a package name
data	a data.frame with compatible columns. See output of buildClassDepData
g	an igraph object with compatible edge attributes. See output of buildClassDepGraph

Examples

```
library("SummarizedExperiment")
depData <- buildClassDepData("RangedSummarizedExperiment")
depData
g <- buildClassDepGraph("RangedSummarizedExperiment")
plotClassDepGraph(g)
```

CRANstatus *Check the CRAN build report page and email a notification*

Description

The CRANstatus function allows users to check the status of a package and send an email report of any failures.

Usage

```
CRANstatus(
  pkg,
  core.name = NULL,
  core.email = NULL,
  core.id = NULL,
  to.mail = "maintainer@bioconductor.org",
  dry.run = TRUE,
  emailTemplate = templatePath("cranreport")
)
```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) The name of the package in trouble
core.name	character(1) The full name of the core team member
core.email	character(1) The Roswell Park email of the core team member
core.id	character(1) The internal identifier for the Roswell employee. This ID usually matches <code>^[A-Z]{2}[0-9]{5}</code> for more recent identifiers.
to.mail	The email of the CRAN report recipient
dry.run	logical(1) Display the email without sending to the recipient. It only works for HTML email reports and ignored when <code>textOnly=TRUE</code>
emailTemplate	character(1) The path to the email template Rmd file as obtained by <code>templatePath()</code> . A custom template can be provided as file path.

dataciteXMLGenerate *The Bioconductor datacite.org XML generator*

Description

This function is used internally to generate XML elements from the datacite.org website for incoming Bioconductor packages.

Usage

```
dataciteXMLGenerate(pkg)
```

Arguments

pkg	The name of a Bioconductor package
-----	------------------------------------

Value

An `xml_document` object from the `xml2` package.

See Also

```
?xml2::`xml_document-class`
```

firstInBioc	<i>When did a package enter Bioconductor?</i>
-------------	---

Description

This function uses the `biocDownloadStats` data to *approximate* when a package entered Bioconductor. Note that the download stats go back only to 2009.

Usage

```
firstInBioc(download_stats)
```

Arguments

`download_stats` a data.frame from `biocDownloadStats()`

Examples

```
dls <- biocDownloadStats()
tail(firstInBioc(dls))
```

generateBiocPkgDOI	<i>Generate a DOI for a Bioconductor package</i>
--------------------	--

Description

This function makes calls out to the DataCite REST API described here: <https://support.datacite.org/docs/api-create-dois>. The function creates a new DOI for a Bioconductor package (cannot already exist). The target URL for the DOI is the short Bioconductor package URL.

Usage

```
generateBiocPkgDOI(pkg, authors, pubyear, event = "publish", testing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>pkg</code>	character(1) package name
<code>authors</code>	character() vector of authors (will be "pasted" together)
<code>pubyear</code>	integer(1) publication year
<code>event</code>	Either "hide", "register", or "publish". Typically, we use "publish" to make the DOI findable.
<code>testing</code>	logical(1) If true, will use the <code>apitest</code> user with the password <code>apitest</code> . These DOIs will expire. The same <code>apitest:apitest</code> combination can be used to login to the website for doing things using the web interface. If false, the Bioconductor-specific user credentials should be in the correct environment variables

Details

The login information for the "real" Bioconductor account should be stored in the environment variables "DATACITE_USERNAME" and "DATACITE_PASSWORD"

The GUI is available here: <https://doi.datacite.org/>.

Value

The DOI as a character(1) vector.

Examples

```
## Not run:
x = generateBiocPkgDOI('RANDOM_TEST_PACKAGE', 'Sean Davis', 1972)

## End(Not run)
```

```
generateBiocPkgDOI_REST
```

Generate a DOI for a Bioconductor package

Description

This function makes calls out to the REST API (v2) described here: <https://support.datacite.org/docs/api-create-dois>. This function creates a new DOI for a Bioconductor package (cannot already exist). The target URL for the DOI is the short Bioconductor package URL.

Usage

```
generateBiocPkgDOI_REST(pkg, authors, pubyear, testing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) package name
authors	character vector of authors (will be "pasted" together)
pubyear	integer(1) publication year
testing	logical(1) If true, will use the apitest user with the password apitest. These DOIs will expire. The same apitest:apitest combination can be used to login to the EZID website for doing things using the web interface. If false, the Bioconductor-specific user credentials should be in the correct environment variables

Details

The login information for the "real" Bioconductor account should be stored in the environment variables "EZID_USERNAME" and "EZID_PASSWORD".

The GUI is available here: <https://doi.datacite.org/>.

Value

The DOI as a character(1) vector.

Examples

```
## Not run:
  x = generateBiocPkgDOI('RANDOM_TEST_PACKAGE', 'Sean Davis', 1972)

## End(Not run)
```

getBiocVignette	<i>Download a Bioconductor vignette</i>
-----------------	---

Description

The actual vignette path is available using `biocPkgList()`.

Usage

```
getBiocVignette(
  vignettePath,
  destfile = tempfile(),
  version = BiocManager::version()
)
```

Arguments

vignettePath	character(1) the additional path information to get to the vignette
destfile	character(1) the file location to store the vignette
version	character(1) such as "3.7", defaults to user version

Value

character(1) The filename of the downloaded vignette

Examples

```
x = biocPkgList()
tmp = getBiocVignette(x$vignettes[[1]][1])
tmp

## Not run:
library(pdftools)
y = pdf_text(tmp)
y = paste(y, collapse=" ")
library(tm)
v = VCorpus(VectorSource(y))

v <- v |>
  tm_map(stripWhitespaces) |>
  tm_map(content_transformer(tolower)) |>
  tm_map(removeWords, stopwords("english")) |>
  tm_map(stemDocument)
dtm = DocumentTermMatrix(v)
inspect(DocumentTermMatrix(v,
  list(dictionary = as.character(x$Package))))

## End(Not run)
```

getPackageInfo	<i>Generate needed information to create DOI from a package directory.</i>
----------------	--

Description

Generate needed information to create DOI from a package directory.

Usage

```
getPackageInfo(dir)
```

Arguments

dir	character(1) Path to package
-----	------------------------------

Value

A data.frame

getPkgYearsInBioc	<i>Calculate the years in Bioconductor</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This function determines the number of years a package has been in Bioconductor. Available information includes first Bioconductor version a package appeared and the current length of time in Bioconductor. If a package has been removed from Bioconductor, information on the last Bioconductor version and approximate time in Bioconductor before removal is available.

Usage

```
getPkgYearsInBioc(pkglist = NULL)
```

Arguments

pkglist	List of packages to retrieve information. If default NULL, returns a tibble of all Bioconductor packages.
---------	---

Value

'tibble' with the following columns:

- package: name of Bioconductor package
- category: bioc, data/experiment, data/annotation, workflow
- first_version_available: Bioconductor version (e.g. 1.9, 3.21) the package first became available
- first_version_release_date: Equivalent calendar date of given Bioconductor release
- approx_years_in: Numeric indicator of years in Bioconductor. If empty, indicates package was removed. See final three columns for more information.

- last_version_available: If package was removed from Bioconductor, the last Bioconductor version (e.g. 1.9, 3.21) the package was able to be installed
- last_version_release_date: Equivalent calendar date of given Bioconductor release
- years_before_rm: If removed, how many years it was in Bioconductor

Author(s)

Lori Shepherd Kern, Robert Shear

Examples

```
## Not run:
## full table all Bioconductor packages
tbl <- getPkgYearsInBioc()

## example of package list. Packages active in Bioconductor
tbl <- getPkgYearsInBioc(c("BiocFileCache", "BiocPkgTools"))

## example of a package that has been removed from Bioconductor
tbl <- getPkgYearsInBioc("ensemblVEP")

## End(Not run)
```

get_bioc_data

Get data from Bioconductor

Description

Get data from Bioconductor

Usage

```
get_bioc_data()
```

Value

A JSON string containing Bioconductor package details

Examples

```
bioc_data <- get_bioc_data()
```

get_cre_orcids	<i>get ORCID ids from cre fields of Authors@R in packageDescription results</i>
----------------	---

Description

get ORCID ids from cre fields of Authors@R in packageDescription results

Usage

```
get_cre_orcids(pkgnames)
```

Arguments

pkgnames character() must be installed

Note

returns NA if no ORCID provided in Authors@R for package description

Examples

```
get_cre_orcids(c("BiocPkgTools", "utils"))
```

githubDetails	<i>Get package details from GitHub</i>
---------------	--

Description

For packages that live on GitHub, we can mine further details. This function returns the GitHub details for the listed packages.

Usage

```
githubDetails(pkgs, sleep = 0)
```

Arguments

pkgs a character() vector of username/repo for one or more GitHub repos, such as seandavi/GEOquery.

sleep numeric() denoting the number of seconds to sleep between GitHub API calls. Since GitHub rate limits its APIs, it might be necessary to either use small chunks of packages iteratively or to supply a non-zero argument here. See the details section for a better solution using GitHub tokens.

Details

The `gh::gh()` function is used to do the fetching. If the number of packages supplied to this function is large (>40 or so), it is possible to run into problems with API rate limits. The `gh` package uses the environment variable "GITHUB_PAT" (for personal access token) to authenticate and then provide higher rate limits. If you run into problems with rate limits, set `sleep` to some small positive number to slow queries. Alternatively, create a Personal Access Token on GitHub and register it. See the `gh` package for details.

Examples

```
pkglist = biocPkgList()

# example of "pkgs" format.
head(pkglist$URL)

gh_list = githubURLParts(pkglist$URL)
gh_list = gh_list[!is.null(gh_list$user_repo),]

head(gh_list$user_repo)

ghd = githubDetails(gh_list$user_repo[1:5])
lapply(ghd, '[["', "stargazers")
```

githubURLParts

Extract GitHub user and repo name from GitHub URL

Description

Extract GitHub user and repo name from GitHub URL

Usage

```
githubURLParts(urls)
```

Arguments

`urls` `character()` A vector of URLs

Value

A `data.frame` with four columns:

- `url`: The original GitHub URL
- `user_repo`: The GitHub "username/repo", combined
- `user`: The GitHub username
- `repo`: The GitHub repo name

Examples

```
# find GitHub URL details for
# Bioconductor packages
bpkgl = biocPkgList()
urldetails = githubURLParts(bpkgl$URL)
urldetails = urldetails[!is.na(urldetails$url),]
head(urldetails)
```

`inducedSubgraphByPkgs` *Return a minimal subgraph based on package name(s)*

Description

Find the subgraph induced by including specific packages. The induced subgraph is the graph that includes the named packages and all edges connecting them. This is useful for a developer, for example, to examine her packages and their intervening dependencies.

Usage

```
inducedSubgraphByPkgs(g, pkgs, pkg_color = "red")
```

Arguments

<code>g</code>	an igraph graph, typically created by buildPkgDependencyIgraph()
<code>pkgs</code>	<code>character()</code> vector of packages to include. Package names not included in the graph are ignored.
<code>pkg_color</code>	<code>character(1)</code> giving color of named packages. Other packages in the graph that fall in connecting paths will be colored as the igraph default.

Examples

```
library(igraph)
g <- buildPkgDependencyIgraph(buildPkgDependencyDataFrame())
## subgraph of only the first 10 packages maintained by Bioconductor
biocmaintained <- head(biocMaintained()[["Package"]], 10L)
g2 <- inducedSubgraphByPkgs(g, pkgs = biocmaintained)
g2
V(g2)

plot(g2)

## subgraph of a package's strong Bioconductor package dependencies
maedeps <- unlist(pkgBiocDeps(
  "MultiAssayExperiment", which = "strong",
  recursive = TRUE, only.bioc = TRUE
), use.names = FALSE)
g3 <- inducedSubgraphByPkgs(g, pkgs = maedeps)
plot(g3)

## same subgraph with networkD3::forceNetwork
library(networkD3)
```

```
wt <- cluster_walktrap(g3)
members <- membership(wt)
ndg3 <- igraph_to_networkD3(g3, group = members)
forceNetwork(
  Links = ndg3$links, Nodes = ndg3$nodes, Source = 'source',
  Target = 'target', NodeID = 'name', Group = 'group', zoom = TRUE,
  linkDistance = 200, fontSize = 20, opacity = 0.9, opacityNoHover = 0.9
)
```

latestPkgStats

Summary of the latest package statistics

Description

The latestPkgStats function combines outputs from several functions to generate a table of relevant statistics for a given package.

Usage

```
latestPkgStats(
  gh_repo,
  Date,
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation")
)
```

Arguments

gh_repo	character(1) The GitHub repository location including the username / organization and the repository name, e.g., "Bioconductor/S4Vectors"
Date	character(1) The date cutoff from which to analyze closed issues in the YYYY-MM-DD or YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SSZ format (ISO 8601).
pkgType	character(1) One of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', or 'data-annotation' (defaults to 'software')

Examples

```
latestPkgStats("Bioconductor/BiocGenerics", "2021-05-05")
```

orcid_table

Obtain employment data from ORCID

Description

Get a data.frame of employment info from ORCID

Usage

```
orcid_table(orcid)
```

Arguments

orcidids character() A vector of ORCID identifiers

Value

a data.frame of employment info using the ORCID API

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  orcid_table(
    orcidids = c(
      "0000-0002-3242-0582",
      "0000-0003-4046-0063",
      "0000-0003-2725-0694"
    )
  )
}
```

pkgBiocDeps

Look up a package's Bioconductor dependencies

Description

The function uses the pkgType argument to restrict the look up to only the relevant Bioconductor repository. It works for multiple packages of the same type.

Usage

```
pkgBiocDeps(
  pkg,
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation"),
  which = "strong",
  only.bioc = TRUE,
  recursive = FALSE,
  version = BiocManager::version()
)
```

Arguments

pkg character(1) The package for which to look up dependencies.

pkgType character() Any of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', and / or 'data-annotation' (defaults to all)

which a character vector listing the types of dependencies, a subset of c("Depends", "Imports", "LinkingTo", "Suggests", "Enhances"). Character string "all" is shorthand for that vector, character string "most" for the same vector without "Enhances", character string "strong" (default) for the first three elements of that vector.

only.bioc logical(1) Whether to only return Bioconductor dependencies in the list (default TRUE)

recursive	a logical indicating whether (reverse) dependencies of (reverse) dependencies (and so on) should be included, or a character vector like which indicating the type of (reverse) dependencies to be added recursively.
version	(Optional) character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.8") for which repositories are required.

Examples

```
pkgBiocDeps("MultiAssayExperiment", only.bioc = TRUE)
pkgBiocDeps("MultiAssayExperiment", only.bioc = FALSE)
```

pkgBiocRevDeps	<i>Obtain all the reverse dependencies for a Bioconductor package</i>
----------------	---

Description

The function returns a slightly upgraded list with dependency types as elements and package names in each of those elements, if any. The types of dependencies can be seen in the which argument documentation.

Usage

```
pkgBiocRevDeps(
  pkg,
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation"),
  which = "all",
  only.bioc = TRUE,
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  recursive = FALSE
)

## S3 method for class 'biocredeps'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) The package for which to look up dependencies.
pkgType	character() Any of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', and / or 'data-annotation' (defaults to all)
which	a character vector listing the types of dependencies, a subset of c("Depends", "Imports", "LinkingTo", "Suggests", "Enhances"). Character string "all" is shorthand for that vector, character string "most" for the same vector without "Enhances", character string "strong" (default) for the first three elements of that vector.
only.bioc	logical(1) Whether to only return Bioconductor dependencies in the list (default TRUE)
version	(Optional) character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.8") for which repositories are required.

recursive	a logical indicating whether (reverse) dependencies of (reverse) dependencies (and so on) should be included, or a character vector like which indicating the type of (reverse) dependencies to be added recursively.
object	an object for which a summary is desired.
...	additional arguments affecting the summary produced.

Details

The summary method of the biocrevdeps class given by pkgBiocRevDeps provides a tally in each dependency field.

Value

A biocrevdeps list class object

Examples

```
rdeps <- pkgBiocRevDeps("MultiAssayExperiment", which = "all")
rdeps
summary(rdeps)
```

pkgCombDependencyGain *Calculate dependency gain achieved by excluding combinations of packages*

Description

Calculate dependency gain achieved by excluding combinations of packages

Usage

```
pkgCombDependencyGain(pkg, depdf, maxNbr = 3L)
```

Arguments

pkg	character, the name of the package for which we want to estimate the dependency gain
depdf	a tidy data frame with package dependency information obtained through the function buildPkgDependencyDataFrame()
maxNbr	numeric, the maximal number of direct dependencies to leave out simultaneously

Value

A data frame with three columns: ExclPackages (the excluded direct dependencies), NbrExcl (the number of excluded direct dependencies), DepGain (the dependency gain from excluding these direct dependencies)

Author(s)

Charlotte Soneson

Examples

```
depdf <- buildPkgDependencyDataFrame(  
  dependencies=c("Depends", "Imports"),  
  repo=c("BioCsoft", "CRAN")  
)  
pcd <- pkgCombDependencyGain('GEOquery', depdf, maxNbr = 3L)  
head(pcd[order(pcd$DepGain, decreasing = TRUE), ])
```

pkgDepImports

Report package imported functionality

Description

Function adapted from 'itdepends::dep_usage_pkg' at <https://github.com/r-lib/itdepends> to obtain the functionality imported and used by a given package.

Usage

```
pkgDepImports(pkg)
```

Arguments

`pkg` `character()` name of the package for which we want to obtain the functionality calls imported from its dependencies and used within the package.

Details

Certain imported elements, such as built-in constants, will not be identified as imported functionality by this function.

Value

A tidy data frame with two columns:

- `pkg`: name of the package dependency.
- `fun`: name of the functionality call imported from the the dependency in the column `pkg` and used within the analyzed package.

Author(s)

Robert Castelo

Examples

```
pkgDepImports('BiocPkgTools')
```

 pkgDepMetrics

Report package dependency burden

Description

Elaborate a report on the dependency burden of a given package.

Usage

```
pkgDepMetrics(pkg, depdf)
```

Arguments

pkg	character() name of the package for which we want to obtain metrics on its dependency burden.
depdf	a tidy data frame with package dependency information obtained through the function <code>buildPkgDependencyDataFrame()</code> .

Value

A tidy data frame with different metrics on the package dependency burden. More concretely, the following columns:

- ImportedAndUsed: number of functionality calls imported and used in the package.
- Exported: number of functionality calls exported by the dependency.
- Usage: $(\text{ImportedAndUsed} \times 100) / \text{Exported}$. This value provides an estimate of what fraction of the functionality of the dependency is actually used in the given package.
- DepOverlap: Similarity between the dependency graph structure of the given package and the one of the dependency in the corresponding row, estimated as the **Jaccard index** between the two sets of vertices of the corresponding graphs. Its values goes between 0 and 1, where 0 indicates that no dependency is shared, while 1 indicates that the given package and the corresponding dependency depend on an identical subset of packages.
- DepGainIfExcluded: The 'dependency gain' (decrease in the total number of dependencies) that would be obtained if this package was excluded from the list of direct dependencies.

The reported information is ordered by the Usage column to facilitate the identification of dependencies for which the analyzed package is using a small fraction of their functionality and therefore, it could be easier remove them. To aid in that decision, the column DepOverlap reports the overlap of the dependency graph of each dependency with the one of the analyzed package. Here a value above, e.g., 0.5, could, albeit not necessarily, imply that removing that dependency could substantially lighten the dependency burden of the analyzed package.

An NA value in the ImportedAndUsed column indicates that the function `pkgDepMetrics()` could not identify what functionality calls in the analyzed package are made to the dependency.

Author(s)

Robert Castelo
Charlotte Soneson

Examples

```

depdf <- buildPkgDependencyDataFrame(
  dependencies=c("Depends", "Imports"),
  repo=c("BioCsoft", "CRAN")
)
pkgDepMetrics('BiocPkgTools', depdf)

```

pkgDownloadRank

What is a package's download rank?

Description

This function uses `available.packages` to calculate the download rank *percentile* of a given package. It approximates what is observed in the Bioconductor landing page.

Usage

```

pkgDownloadRank(
  pkg,
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation"),
  version = BiocManager::version()
)

```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) The name of a Bioconductor package
pkgType	character(1) One of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', or 'data-annotation' (defaults to 'software')
version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.

Value

The package's percentile rank, in terms of download statistics, and proportion in the name

Examples

```

## Percentile rank for BiocGenerics (top 1%)
pkgDownloadRank("BiocGenerics", "software")

```

pkgDownloadStats *Get Bioconductor download statistics for a package*

Description

Get Bioconductor download statistics for a package

Usage

```
pkgDownloadStats(
  pkg,
  pkgType = c("software", "data-experiment", "workflows", "data-annotation"),
  years = format(Sys.time(), "%Y")
)
```

Arguments

pkg	character(1) The name of a Bioconductor package
pkgType	character(1) One of 'software', 'data-experiment', 'workflows', or 'data-annotation' (defaults to 'software')
years	numeric(), character() A vector of years from which to obtain download statistics (defaults to current year)

Value

A tibble of download statistics

Examples

```
pkgDownloadStats("GenomicRanges")
```

problemPage *generate hyperlinked HTML for build reports for Bioc packages*

Description

This is a quick way to get an HTML report of packages maintained by a specific developer or which depend directly on a specified package. The function is keyed to filter based on either the maintainer name or by using the 'Depends', 'Suggests' and 'Imports' fields in package descriptions.

Usage

```
problemPage(
  authorPattern = "V.*Carey",
  dependsOn,
  ver = "devel",
  includeOK = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

authorPattern	character(1) regexp used with grep() to filter author field of package DESCRIPTION for listing
dependsOn	character(1) name of a Bioconductor package. The function will return the status of packages that directly depend on this package Can only be used when 'authorPattern' is the empty string.
ver	character(1) version tag for Bioconductor
includeOK	logical(1) include entries from the build report that are listed as "OK". Default FALSE will result in only those entries that are in WARNING or ERROR state.

Value

DT::datatable call; if assigned to a variable, must evaluate to get the page to appear

Author(s)

Vince Carey, Mike L. Smith

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  problemPage()
  problemPage(dependsOn = "limma")
}
```

repositoryStats	<i>Bioconductor Binary Repository Statistics</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Summarize binary packages compatible with the Bioconductor or Terra container in use.

Usage

```
repositoryStats(
  version = BiocManager::version(),
  binary_repository = BiocManager::containerRepository(version),
  local = FALSE
)

## S3 method for class 'repositoryStats'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

version	character(1) or package_version indicating the <i>Bioconductor</i> version (e.g., "3.22"). Defaults to the "current version" provided by <code>BiocManager::version()</code> . The keywords "release" and "devel" are also accepted.
binary_repository	character(1) location of binary repository as given by <code>BiocManager::containerRepository</code> (default)
local	logical(1) whether to check the local file system for the PACKAGES file's last modified date (default: FALSE).
x	the object returned by <code>repositoryStats()</code> .
...	further arguments passed to or from other methods (not used).

Details

For local repositories, use the `local = TRUE` argument. Local repositories will typically start with the `file://` URI. The function checks the mtime of the output of `file.info` on the PACKAGES file in the local repository. Otherwise, by default, it will check the last-modified header of the PACKAGES file via `httr::HEAD()`.

Value

a list of class `repositoryStats` with the following fields:

- `container`: character(1) container label, e.g., `bioconductor_docker`, or NA if not evaluated on a supported container
- `bioconductor_version`: package_version the Bioconductor version provided by the user.
- `repository_exists`: logical(1) TRUE if a binary repository exists for the container and `BiocManager::Version` version.
- `bioconductor_binary_repository`: character(1) repository location, if available, or NA if the repository does not exist.
- `n_software_packages`: integer(1) number of software packages in the Bioconductor source repository.
- `n_binary_packages`: integer(1) number of binary packages available. When a binary repository exists, this number is likely to be larger than the number of source software packages, because it includes the binary version of the source software packages, as well as the (possibly CRAN) dependencies of the binary packages
- `n_binary_software_packages`: integer(1) number of binary packages derived from Bioconductor source packages. This number is less than or equal to `n_software_packages`.
- `missing_binaries`: integer(1) the number of Bioconductor source software packages that are not present in the binary repository.
- `out_of_date_binaries`: integer(1) the number of Bioconductor source software packages that are newer than their binary counterpart. A newer source software package might occur when the main Bioconductor build system has updated a package after the most recent run of the binary build system.

Methods (by generic)

- `print(repositoryStats)`: Print a summary of package availability in binary repositories.

Author(s)

M. Morgan

Examples

```
stats <- repositoryStats() # obtain statistics
stats                                     # display a summary
stats$container                         # access an element for further computation
```

subgraphByDegree	<i>Subset graph by degree</i>
------------------	-------------------------------

Description

While the [inducedSubgraphByPkgs\(\)](#) returns the subgraph with the minimal connections between named packages, this function takes a vector of package names, a degree (1 or more) and returns the subgraph(s) that are within degree of the package named.

Usage

```
subgraphByDegree(g, pkg, degree = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>g</code>	an igraph graph, typically created by buildPkgDependencyIgraph()
<code>pkg</code>	character(1) package name from which to measure degree.
<code>degree</code>	integer(1) degree, limit search for adjacent vertices to this degree.
<code>...</code>	passed on to igraph::distances()

Value

An igraph graph, with only nodes and their edges within degree of the named package

Examples

```
g <- buildPkgDependencyIgraph(buildPkgDependencyDataFrame())
g2 <- subgraphByDegree(g, 'GEOquery')
plot(g2)
```

templatePath	<i>Obtain the location of available email templates</i>
--------------	---

Description

These templates are used with `biocBuildEmail` to notify maintainers regarding package errors and final deprecation warning.

Usage

```
templatePath(  
  type = c("buildemail", "deprecation", "deprecguide", "cranreport", "revdeprnote")  
)
```

Arguments

type	character(1) Either one of "buildemail", "deprecation", "deprecguide", "cran-report", or "revdeprnote". See the templates in the resources folder.
------	--

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