# coRNAi

# April 20, 2011

BoxPlotShorth Boxplot with horizontal bars at the midpoint of the shorth

# Description

Produces a boxplot, but instead of horizontal bars at the median, the bars are at the midpoint of the shorth.

# Usage

```
BoxPlotShorth(formula, data = NULL, ...)
```

# Arguments

formula	formula for how the boxplot should be drown.
data	the data to be used
	other arguments to be passed to the plot function

# Value

a boxplot object

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

# See Also

See Also <code>boxplot.formula</code>

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral= "Fluc")
BoxPlotShorth(value~replicate,df)
```

```
cellHTS2df
```

#### Description

converts a cellHTS2 object into a data.frame object and check that all mandatory meta data is included. Adds Directions, replicates and Pair columns.

#### Usage

```
cellHTS2df(x,neutral)
```

#### Arguments

Х	a cellHTS object with correct annotations
neutral	string stating which RNAi is neutral (negative control)

# Value

data.frame, with the data from the cellHTS object in column "value". Meta data from annotation file and the new columns; Directions, Replicate and Pair

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### See Also

cellHTS

### Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
head(df)
```

cortestmatrices	Function to extract correlations and corresponding p-values from in-
	teraction matrix.

#### Description

This is a wrapper function for cor.test, given a matrix of interaction values, correlations and corresponding p-values for the genewise interaction profiles are calculated.

```
cortestmatrices(mat, method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"))
```

#### data2graph

#### Arguments

mat	mat interaction matrix
method	character deciding which correlation method should be used

# Value

List of two matrices

cor.matrix	matrix with correlations
p.matrix	matrix with p-values

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### See Also

cor.test

#### Examples

```
## simulate data with 2 genes with similar profiles
mat = matrix(rnorm(100*100,0,1),100,100)
pr = sample(2:10,100,replace=TRUE)
mat[1:2,] = mat[1:2,] + matrix(pr,ncol=100,nrow=2,byrow=TRUE)
mat = mat+t(mat)
diag(mat) = NA
dimnames(mat)=list(1:100,1:100)
res = cortestmatrices(mat,method="spearman")
cors= res[[1]]
ps = res[[2]]
print(which(ps==min(ps,na.rm=TRUE),arr.ind=TRUE))
```

data2graph	Function to create .dot files for graph representation of data
------------	--

## Description

From a interaction table or list of data matrices a .dot file is created for visualisation of the interaction/correlation network

```
data2graph(indata, sizethres=0, thres, thresBy = "P.Value", cols = c("blue", "wh
```

# Arguments

indata	
sizethres	numerical, lower treshold on the absolute effect size for edges
thres	threshold that should be used for interactions/correlations to be included in graph
thresBy	what data should the the threshold by used at. By default the p value from the moderated t test is used but one could also use e.g. the ordinary t or the size
cols	colors to be used in the plot, should be a character vector with the colors for low, neutral and hig values
gamma.col	Factor used to scale the colors
scaleFactor	Scale factor to adjust the distances beteen nodes in the graph
nodecolor	character or character vector, which color(s) should the nodes have. Should either be of lenth 1 (all nodes same color) or same length as the number of nodes.
writedot	logical, should a .dot file be created.
filename	charcter string with name of .dot file
width	width of the nodes
penwidth	width of the lines in the plot
shape	shape of the nodes in the plot
fixedsize	should all nodes have the same size
fontsize	size of the font in the plot

# Value

a .dot file is written if writefile argument is TRUE

ninf	Dataframe with information about the nodes in the network
einfo	Dataframe with information about the edges in the network

# Author(s)

Greg Pau, Elin Axelsson

# See Also

Also see Graphviz documantation http://www.graphviz.org/

# Examples

#see vignette

df2array

#### Description

The function transforms a float column in a data frame (from cHTS2df) to an array.

# Usage

df2array(df, what)

#### Arguments

df	Data frame (from cellHTS2df) with additional column weights.
what	which column contains the data, eg. value or residuals

# Value

An array with the data from the data frame.

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

## Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral = "Fluc")
df$weights = as.numeric(df$Type=="comb")
aa = df2array(df,what="value")
## see head for first replicate
head(aa[,,1])
```

df2fitmatrix matrix for lmFit from dataframe

# Description

converts a dataframe into the right format for lmFit function

# Usage

df2fitmatrix(df)

## Arguments

df dataframe from cellHTS2df function

#### Value

A matrix with the genepairs as rows and the replicates as columns. This matrix is in the right format for the lmFit.

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

# See Also

df2lmFit

# Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
df = weightDf(df)
lmm = lmmain(df)
df = updateDf(df,lmm)
mfit = df2fitmatrix(df)
head(mfit)
```

df2lmFit ImFit from dataframe

#### Description

converts a dataframe into the right format for lmFit function, calls the lmFit from limma and returns the result.

# Usage

```
df2lmFit(df)
```

## Arguments

df dataframe from cellHTS2df function

## Value

Object of class 'MArrayLM'

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### estmodel

#### See Also

lmFit

#### Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
df = weightDf(df)
lmm = lmmain(df)
df = updateDf(df,lmm)
mfit = df2lmFit(df)
str(mfit)
```

*Function to do estimate the main effects from data using median, mean or shorth.* 

## Description

The function estimates the main effect i from all data with the RNIi against i. It can be done by median, mean or shorth.

## Usage

```
estmodel(df, estimate = c("median", "mean", "shorth"), per = NULL)
```

## Arguments

df	df data frame from cellHTS2df function with extra column weight (see weightDf)
estimate	estimate median, mean or shorth, decides how the main effects will be estimated.
per	per for which factor should the analyis be done separetly, eg. batch or replicate.

#### Value

for per =NULL, a list with

coefficient	the estimated main effects
residuals	the residual after the main effects have been subtracted from the observations

for other per, a list of lists like the once described above, one for each level of the factor per.

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

## Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
df$weight = as.numeric(df$Type=="comb")
main = estmodel(df,estimate="median")
str(main)
```

faultyscreen faulty screen

### Description

A screen with both systematic errors and sporadic contaminations.

#### Usage

```
data(faultyscreen)
```

# Format

The format is: chr "cellHTS"

## Examples

```
data(faultyscreen)
## maybe str(faultyscreen) ; plot(faultyscreen) ...
```

InteractGraph *functions to visualize interactions as a graph* 

## Description

visualizes significant interactions as a graph

# Usage

```
InteractGraph(toptable,thresh,sizecutoff=0,by,key=FALSE,file="interactions",colc
```

# Arguments

toptable	toptable table from function topTable
thresh	thresh numeric, threshold for significance
sizecutoff	sizecutoff a minimal absolute size of a interaction for it to be included in
	the graph as an edge.
by	by column in topTable that thresh should be applied to
key	key optional, data frame with groupings of the genes in the toptable
file	file name of the file the results will be outputed to.
colors	colors list with colors to be used for pos interactions, neg interactions, key (nodes in key) and normal nodes.

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#### interactiontable

#### Value

pdf file with graph

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

# See Also

levelplot

#### Examples

#see vignette

interactiontable Returns a list of interactions with associated statistics.

#### Description

This is a extanded wrapper around the topTable function from the limma package, as an option the ordinary t statistics can be calculated as well.

# Usage

```
interactiontable(ebfit, sort = "none", ord.t = FALSE, correction = "BH")
```

## Arguments

ebfit	ebfit a MArrayLM object produced by the eBayes function
sort	character string specifying which statistic to rank genes by, possible arguments are none, ID,size, t,B,adj.P.val,P.Value, and if ord.t = TRUE: ord.t, ord.p and ord.p.adj.
ord.t	Logical, should ordinary t statistics be calculted? Default is FALSE.
correction	method used to adjust the p-values for multiple testing. Default is BH. See p.adjust for the complete list of options.

#### Value

Returns a dataframe where the rows are the interaction pairs and the columns the statistics:

ID: Interaction pair if

size: the average interaction size

t: the moderated t statistics

P.Value: p-value for the moderated t statistics

adj.P.Val: adjusted p-value

B: the b statistics

if the ord.t=TRUE, the ordinary t statistics (ord.t), with correspnding p-values (ord.p) and adjusted p-values (ord.p.adj)

# Warning

usage of the ordinary t statistics is not recommended for data sets with few replicates.

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

## See Also

p.adjust,topTable

#### Examples

```
## simulated data
    y <- matrix(rnorm(50*4,sd=1),50,4)
    rownames(y) <- paste("Pair",1:50)
    # fit and eBayes
    fit <- lmFit(y)
    fit <- eBayes(fit)
    tt = interactiontable(fit,sort="size")
    head(tt)</pre>
```

InteractLevelPlot function to visualize interactions as a levelplot

#### Description

visualizes significant interactions as a levelplot

# Usage

```
InteractLevelPlot(toptable, thresh = 0.001, by = "P.Value", key = FALSE, col.reg
```

# Arguments

toptable	toptable table from function topTable
thresh	thresh numeric, threshold for significance
by	by column in topTable that thresh should be applied to
key	key optional, data frame with groupings of the genes in the toptable
col.regions	col.regions colors to be used
zerolimit	zerolimit threshold below which interactions should be colored as 0.

### Value

a levelplot, pdf files with graphs

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

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key

#### See Also

levelplot

## Examples

```
# similated data
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
tt = data.frame("ID"=(unique(df$Pair[df$Type=="comb"])),"size"=runif(length(unique(df$PairInteractLevelPlot(tt,thres=0,by="size"))
```

key

A key to data set screen1, contains (additional) information about the genes in the screen.

# Description

Contains information about which of the 16 genes in screen1 are cell cycle related. This is used in interaction graphs/plots.

### Usage

data(key)

## Format

A data frame with 16 observations on the following 2 variables.

GeneID a factor with levels AnnIX CG12785 CG16935 CG3165 CG7889 CG8108 CSN3 CSN4 CSN5 fwd pbl Rbf Rho1 sos trbl zip

cellCycle a numeric vector

## Examples

```
data(key)
table(key$cellCycle)
```

MainFitPlot Diagnostic plot

## Description

Plots residuals vs fitted values after fitting of main effects.

```
MainFitPlot(fit, xlab = "Fitted values", ylab = "Residuals", sd.fit = TRUE, main
```

# Arguments

fit	a fit from Immain, rImmain or similar
xlab	label for x-axis
ylab	label for y-axis
sd.fit	logical, should the local estimator of the standard deviation be plotted
main	main title for the plot
	arguments to be passed on to the plot function

# Value

a plot

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

# See Also

locfit

## Examples

```
## simulated data
fitted.value = rnorm(100,2,1)
residuals = rnorm(100,0,1)
fit = list(fitted.value=fitted.value, residuals = residuals)
class(fit) = "lm"
MainFitPlot(fit)
```

PlotHeatmap Plot a heatmap of interactions

## Description

Plots a heatmap of the mean residuals for each interaction pair.

```
PlotHeatmap(toptable, colpal = colorRampPalette(c("blue", "white", "yellow")),
key=FALSE,margins=c(7,7),na.color="grey",breaks=seq(-1,1,by=0.01),...)
```

#### Pplot

## Arguments

toptable	a data frame created by with the interaction estimates as "logFC" and pair id as "ID". Usually created by topTable function in limma
colpal	color palette to be used in the plot
key	logical should a color key be included
margins	margins for plot
na.color	color for NA values
breaks	mapping data to colors in colpal
	additional arguments to be passed to heatmap.2 call

# Value

a plot

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### See Also

heatmap.2

## Examples

```
# similated data
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
tt = data.frame("ID"=(unique(df$Pair[df$Type=="comb"])),"size"=runif(length(unique(df$Pair
PlotHeatmap(tt)
```

- Pplot
- Function to plot cumulative p-values

# Description

Given a vextor of p-values a cumulative p-value plot is produced

## Usage

```
Pplot(x, col = "darkblue", maintitle="", nrpoints = 100, ...)
```

## Arguments

Х	vector with p-values
col	color to be used
maintitle	character, main plot title
nrpoints	numeric, how many points should be plotted
	additional arguments passed on to the plot

repplots

### Value

a plot

# Author(s)

Wolfgang Huber

## Examples

```
x = runif(1000,0,1)
Pplot(x,col="red",maintitle="uniform dist.", nrpoints=200)
```

repplots reproducibility plots

# Description

plots reproducibility of replicates within/between screens

## Usage

```
BetweenScreenPlot(df, what="value",names,smooth=TRUE)
WithinScreenPlot(df, what="value",main="within-screen replicates",ylab ="technic")
```

## Arguments

df	df dataframe created by the cellHTS2df function
names	names optional, character vector with names of the different screens.
what	what what should be plotted, eg value or residuals
main	main main title
ylab	ylab label for y-axis
xlab	xlab label for x-axis
smooth	smooth shoud the smoothScatter function be called. Default is TRUE.
	further argument to be passed to the plot function

# Value

pairs plot

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

## See Also

pairs,plot

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#### LS main

### Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
BetweenScreenPlot(df)
WithinScreenPlot(df)
```

LS main

#### main effect estimation

# Description

for rlmmain the main effects are estimated using rlm function from MASS package, with lmmain the OLS is used.

### Usage

```
rlmmain(df,per=NULL)
lmmain(df,per=NULL)
```

#### Arguments

df	df dataframe created by function cellHTS2df
per	string argument for which factor the analysis should be done separately, eg. replicate or batch

# Value

lm,rlm

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### See Also

rlm,lm

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
df = weightDf(df,exclude=c("controlP1","controlP2","controlN1","controlN2","controlP1N1",
mains = rlmmain(df)
hist(coef(mains))
```

screen1\_raw

# Description

cellHTS2 object containing the raw data from screen1 (cellcycle related)

## Usage

```
data(screen1_raw)
```

#### Format

The format is: chr "cellHTS"

# Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
state(screen1_raw)
```

screen2\_raw screen2 raw data

# Description

cellHTS2 object containing the raw data from screen2 (phospatatses)

# Usage

```
data(screen2_raw)
```

#### Format

The format is: chr "cellHTS"

```
data(screen2_raw)
state(screen2_raw)
```

signalplots

# Description

plots the variation of replicates vs the mean intensity either by within screen replicate separatly or over all screen replicates.

# Usage

```
SDplot(df, xlab="intensity mean",ylab="sd",add=FALSE,main,...)
MAplot(df, main,rank=FALSE)
```

## Arguments

df	df dataframe created by cellHTS2df function
main	main character string to be used as main title
xlab	xlab label for x-axis
ylab	ylab label for y-axis
add	add logical, should result be added to existing plot
rank	${\tt rank}$ if TRUE the rank of the average intensities will be used
	further arguments to be passed to the plot function.

# Value

plot

# Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

# See Also

plot

```
data(screen1_raw)
df=cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
MAplot(df,main="raw data")
SDplot(df,main="raw data")
```

tt2matrix

# Description

Given an dataframe with data, typically from the interactiontable, the gene pair data is converted to a symmetric matrix.

## Usage

```
tt2matrix(toptable, what)
```

## Arguments

toptable	a dataframe with data for the pairwise interactions. Typically from the interactiontable function.
what	character indicating which of the columns in the dataframe should be used in the matrix.

## Value

a symmetric matrix with the selected data for gene pair i,j in matrix[i,j] and matrix[j,i]

## Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

## Examples

```
## simulated data
mytoptable = data.frame("ID" = c("A B", "A C", "B C"),"size"=c(1:3),stringsAsFactors=FALS
mat = tt2matrix(mytoptable,what="size")
```

updateDf

updates dataframe after fitting of main estimates

#### Description

adds residuals (value-main effects) to a dataframe

## Usage

updateDf(df, lm, per=NULL)

### Arguments

df	df dataframe created by cellHTS2df function
lm	lm lm objects, residuals from fitting main effects to data
per	per string argument, for which factor the analysis was done separetly, eg. repli-
	cate.

#### weightDf

## Value

data frame with a new column "residuals"

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

#### Examples

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
df = weightDf(df,exclude=c("double","controlP1","controlP2","controlN1","controlN2","cont
lmain =lmmain(df)
df = updateDf(df,lmain)
hist(df$residuals)
```

```
weightDf
```

Function to indicate which data points should be involved in down stream analysis.

## Description

Function to do add weights to the data points in a data frame. At the time being 0 means excluded and everything >0 means included.

#### Usage

```
weightDf(df, exclude = c("double", "controlN2", "controlP2", "controlP1N1", "con
```

#### Arguments

df	data frame from cellHTS2df
exclude	which type of data should be excluded from analysis.

## Details

See also vignette for information about different "Type" types.

# Value

A data frame with an added column 'weight'

#### Author(s)

Elin Axelsson

```
data(screen1_raw)
df = cellHTS2df(screen1_raw,neutral="Fluc")
##stupid example
df = weightDf(df,exclude="controlN2")
head(df)
```

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