

# Package ‘isomiRs’

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|                 |                |
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| isomiRs-package | <i>isomiRs</i> |
|-----------------|----------------|

---

Description

Characterization of miRNAs and isomiRs, clustering and differential expression.

**Author(s)**

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Authors:

- Georgia Escaramis (CIBERESP - CIBER Epidemiologia y Salud Publica)

**See Also**

Useful links:

- Report bugs at <https://github.com/lpantano/isomiRs/issues>

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counts

*Accessors for the count matrix of a IsomirDataSeq object.*

---

**Description**

The counts slot holds the count data as a matrix of non-negative integer count values, one row for each isomiR, and one column for each sample. The normalized matrix can be obtained by using the parameter norm=TRUE.

**Usage**

```
counts.IsomirDataSeq(object, norm = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'  
counts(object, norm = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq,matrix'  
counts(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| object | A IsomirDataSeq object.                 |
| norm   | Boolean, return log2-normalized counts. |
| value  | An integer matrix.                      |

**Value**

[base::matrix](#) with raw or normalized count data.

**Author(s)**

Lorena Pantano

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)  
head(counts(mirData))
```

---

|             |                                                              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| dat286.long | <i>Data frame containing mirna from Argyropoulos's paper</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Argyropoulos, Christos, et al. "Modeling bias and variation in the stochastic processes of small RNA sequencing." Nucleic Acids Research (2017).

**Usage**

```
dat286.long
```

**Format**

mirna expression data in long format.

---

|        |                                                                   |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| design | <i>Accessors for the 'design' slot of a IsomirDataSeq object.</i> |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

The design holds the R formula which expresses how the counts depend on the variables in colData. See [IsomirDataSeq](#) for details.

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'
design(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq,formula'
design(object) <- value
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                         |
|--------|-----------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> object. |
| value  | A formula to pass to DESeq2.            |

**Value**

design for the experiment

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)
design(mirData) <- formula(~ 1)
```

---

|     |                           |
|-----|---------------------------|
| ego | <i>enrichResult class</i> |
|-----|---------------------------|

---

**Description**

enrichResult class

**Usage**

ego

**Format**

enrichResult class with the output of: `ego <- enrichGO(row.names(assay(gene_ex_rse, "norm")), org.Mm.eg.db, "ENSEMBL", ont = "BP")`

---

|             |                                                       |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| findTargets | <i>Find miRNAs target using mRNA/miRNA expression</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function creates a matrix with rows (genes) and columns (mirnas) with values indicating if miRNA-gene pair is target according putative targets and negative correlation of the expression of both molecules.

**Usage**

```
findTargets(mirna_rse, gene_rse, target, summarize = "group", min_cor = -0.6)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                          |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirna_rse | SummarizedExperiment with miRNA information. See details.                                                |
| gene_rse  | SummarizedExperiment with gene information. See details.                                                 |
| target    | Data.frame with two columns: gene and miRNA.                                                             |
| summarize | Character column name in colData(rse) to use to group samples and compare between miRNA/gene expression. |
| min_cor   | Numeric cutoff for correlation value that will be use to consider a miRNA-gene pair as valid.            |

**Value**

mirna-gene matrix

Examples

```
data(isoExample)
mirna_ma <- data.frame(gene = names(gene_ex_rse)[1:20],
                      mir = names(mirna_ex_rse))
corMat <- findTargets(mirna_ex_rse, gene_ex_rse, mirna_ma)
```

---

|             |                                                   |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| gene_ex_rse | <i>Data frame containing gene expression data</i> |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

Data frame containing gene expression data

Usage

```
gene_ex_rse
```

Format

gene expression data with 18 samples: example of a time series data

---

|             |                                                                         |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| isoAnnotate | <i>Annotate the rawData of the <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> object</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

Get the sequence and the name information for each isomiR, and the importance value (isomir\_reads/mirna\_reads) for each sample.

Usage

```
isoAnnotate(ids)
```

Arguments

ids                      Object of class [IsomirDataSeq](#).

Details

edit\_mature\_position represents the position at the mature sequence + nucleotide at reference + nucleotide at isomiR.

Value

[data.frame](#) with the sequence, isomir name, and importance for each sample and isomiR.

## Examples

```
data(mirData)
head(isoAnnotate(mirData))
```

---

isoCounts

*Create count matrix with different summarizing options*

---

## Description

This function collapses isomiRs into different groups. It is a similar concept than how to work with gene isoforms. With this function, different changes can be put together into a single miRNA variant. For instance all sequences with variants at 3' end can be considered as different elements in the table or analysis having the following naming `hsa-miR-124a-5p.iso.t3:AAA`.

## Usage

```
isoCounts(
  ids,
  ref = FALSE,
  iso5 = FALSE,
  iso3 = FALSE,
  add = FALSE,
  snv = FALSE,
  seed = FALSE,
  all = FALSE,
  minc = 1,
  mins = 1,
  merge_by = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|                       |                                                                                                            |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ids</code>      | Object of class <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> .                                                            |
| <code>ref</code>      | Differentiate reference miRNA from rest.                                                                   |
| <code>iso5</code>     | Differentiate trimming at 5' miRNA from rest.                                                              |
| <code>iso3</code>     | Differentiate trimming at 3' miRNA from rest.                                                              |
| <code>add</code>      | Differentiate additions miRNA from rest.                                                                   |
| <code>snv</code>      | Differentiate nt substitution miRNA from rest.                                                             |
| <code>seed</code>     | Differentiate changes in 2-7 nts from rest.                                                                |
| <code>all</code>      | Differentiate all isomiRs.                                                                                 |
| <code>minc</code>     | Int minimum number of isomiR sequences to be included.                                                     |
| <code>mins</code>     | Int minimum number of samples with number of sequences bigger than minc counts.                            |
| <code>merge_by</code> | Column in coldata to merge samples into a single column in counts. Useful to combine technical replicates. |

## Details

You can merge all isomiRs into miRNAs by calling the function only with the first parameter `isoCounts(ids)`. You can get a table with isomiRs altogether and the reference miRBase sequences by calling the function with `ref=TRUE`. You can get a table with 5' trimming isomiRs, miRBase reference and the rest by calling with `isoCounts(ids, ref=TRUE, iso5=TRUE)`. If you set up all parameters to `TRUE`, you will get a table for each different sequence mapping to a miRNA (i.e. all isomiRs).

Examples for the naming used for the isomiRs are at [http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna\\_annotation.html#mirna-annotation](http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html#mirna-annotation).

## Value

`IsomirDataSeq` object with new count table. The count matrix can be access with `counts(ids)`.

## Examples

```
data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, ref=TRUE)
head(counts(ids))
# taking into account isomiRs and reference sequence.
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, ref=TRUE, minc=10, mins=6)
head(counts(ids))
```

---

isoDE

*Differential expression analysis with DESeq2*

---

## Description

This function does differential expression analysis with `DESeq2::DESeq2-package` using the specific formula. It will return a `DESeq2::DESeqDataSet` object.

## Usage

```
isoDE(ids, formula = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>ids</code>     | Object of class <code>IsomirDataSeq</code> .                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>formula</code> | Formula used for DE analysis.                                                                                                                                                           |
| <code>...</code>     | Options to pass to <code>isoCounts()</code> including <code>ref</code> , <code>iso5</code> , <code>iso3</code> , <code>add</code> , <code>subs</code> and <code>seed</code> parameters. |

## Details

First, this function collapses all isomiRs in different types. Read more at [isoCounts\(\)](#) to know the different options available to collapse isomiRs.

After that, [DESeq2::DESeq2-package](#) is used to do differential expression analysis. It uses the count matrix and design experiment stored at (counts(ids) and colData(ids)) [IsomirDataSeq](#) object to construct a [DESeq2::DESeqDataSet](#) object.

## Value

[DESeq2::DESeqDataSet](#) object. To get the differential expression isomiRs, use [DESeq2::results\(\)](#) from DESeq2 package. This allows to ask for different contrast without calling again [isoDE\(\)](#). Read results manual to know how to access all the information.

## Examples

```
data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, minc=10, mins=6)
dds <- isoDE(mirData, formula=~condition)
```

---

|                     |                                                                   |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IsomirDataSeq-class | <i>Class that contains all isomiRs annotation for all samples</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

The [IsomirDataSeq](#) is a subclass of SummarizedExperiment. used to store the raw data, intermediate calculations and results of an miRNA/isomiR analysis. This class stores all raw isomiRs data for each sample, processed information, summary for each isomiR type, raw counts, normalized counts, and table with experimental information for each sample.

## Details

[IsomirDataSeqFromFiles](#) creates this object using seqbuster output files.

Methods for this objects are [counts\(\)](#) to get count matrix and [isoSelect\(\)](#) for miRNA/isomiR selection. Functions available for this object are [isoCounts\(\)](#) for count matrix creation, [isoNorm\(\)](#) for normalization, [isoDE\(\)](#) for differential expression. [isoPlot\(\)](#) helps with basic expression plot.

metadata contains one list:

- rawData is a [data.frame](#) with the information of each sequence found in the data and the counts for each sample.

The naming of isomiRs follows these rules:

- miRNA name
- type:ref if the sequence is the same as the miRNA reference. iso if the sequence has variations.

- `iso_5p` tag: indicates variations at 5 position. The naming contains two words: direction - nucleotides, where direction can be UPPER CASE NT (changes upstream of the 5 reference position) or LOWER CASE NT (changes downstream of the 5 reference position). 0 indicates no variation, meaning the 5 position is the same as the reference. After direction, it follows the nucleotide/s that are added (for upstream changes) or deleted (for downstream changes).
- `iso_3p` tag: indicates variations at 3 position. The naming contains two words: direction - nucleotides, where direction can be LOWER CASE NT (upstream of the 3 reference position) or UPPER CASE NT (downstream of the 3 reference position). 0 indicates no variation, meaning the 3 position is the same as the reference. After direction, it follows the nucleotide/s that are added (for downstream changes) or deleted (for upstream changes).
- `iso_add` tag: indicates nucleotides additions at 3 position. The naming contains two words: direction - nucleotides, where direction is UPPER CASE NT (upstream of the 5 reference position). 0 indicates no variation, meaning the 3 position has no additions. After direction, it follows the nucleotide/s that are added.
- `iso_snv` tag: indicates nucleotides substitutions along the sequences. The naming contains three words: position-nucleotide@isomiR-nucleotide@reference.
- `iso_snv_seed` tag: same as `iso_snv` tag, but only if the change happens between nucleotide 2 and 8.

In general nucleotides in UPPER case mean insertions respect to the reference sequence, and nucleotides in LOWER case mean deletions respect to the reference sequence.

## Examples

```
path <- system.file("extra", package="isomiRs")
fn_list <- list.files(path, pattern="mirna", full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("f1", "f2"),
                 condition = c("newborn", "newborn"))
ids <- IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(fn_list, coldata=de)

head(counts(ids))
```

---

## IsomirDataSeqFromFiles

*Loads miRNA annotation from seqbuster tool or pre-processed data.*

---

## Description

This function parses output of seqbuster tool to allow isomiRs/miRNAs analysis of samples in different groups such as characterization, differential expression and clustering. It creates an [IsomirDataSeq](#) object.

## Usage

```
IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(
  files,
```

```

    coldata,
    rate = 0.2,
    canonicalAdd = TRUE,
    uniqueMism = TRUE,
    uniqueHits = FALSE,
    design = ~1L,
    minHits = 1L,
    header = TRUE,
    skip = 0,
    quiet = TRUE,
    ...
)

```

### Arguments

|              |                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| files        | files with the output of seqbuster tool                                                                                                                        |
| coldata      | data frame containing groups for each sample                                                                                                                   |
| rate         | minimum counts fraction to consider a mismatch a real mutation                                                                                                 |
| canonicalAdd | boolean only keep A/T non-template addition. All non-template nucleotides at the 3' end will be removed if they contain C/G nts.                               |
| uniqueMism   | boolean only keep mutations that have a unique hit to one miRNA molecule. For instance, if the sequence map to two different miRNAs, then it would be removed. |
| uniqueHits   | boolean whether filtering ambiguous sequences or not.                                                                                                          |
| design       | a formula to pass to <a href="#">DESeq2::DESeqDataSet</a>                                                                                                      |
| minHits      | Minimum number of reads in the sample to consider it in the final matrix.                                                                                      |
| header       | boolean to indicate files contain headers                                                                                                                      |
| skip         | skip first line when reading files                                                                                                                             |
| quiet        | boolean indicating to print messages while reading files. Default FALSE.                                                                                       |
| ...          | arguments provided to SummarizedExperiment and <a href="#">IsomirDataSeqFromRawData</a> , including rowData.                                                   |

### Details

This function parses the output of [http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna\\_annotation.html](http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html) for each sample to create a count matrix for isomiRs, miRNAs or isomiRs grouped in types (i.e all sequences with variations at 5' but ignoring any other type). It creates [IsomirDataSeq](#) object (see link to example usage of this class) to allow visualization, queries, differential expression analysis and clustering. To create the [IsomirDataSeq](#), it parses the isomiRs files, and generates an initial matrix having all isomiRs detected among samples. As well, it creates a summary for each isomiR type (trimming, addition and substitution) to visualize general isomiRs distribution.

### Value

[IsomirDataSeq](#) class object.

## Examples

```
path <- system.file("extra", package="isomiRs")
fn_list <- list.files(path, pattern="mirna", full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("f1" , "f2"),
                 condition = c("newborn", "newborn"))
ids <- IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(fn_list, coldata=de)

head(counts(ids))
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData(metadata(ids)[["rawData"]], de)
```

---

IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop

*Import mirtop output into IsomirDataSeq*

---

## Description

The tabular output of **mirtop** is compatible with **IsomirDataSeq**. This function allows to import the data and filter low confidence isomiRs for downstream analysis.

## Usage

```
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop(mirtop, coldata, ...)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                                                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirtop  | data.frame with the output of mirtop export                                      |
| coldata | data.frame with the metadata of the samples                                      |
| ...     | It supports the same parameters as in <a href="#">IsomirDataSeqFromRawData</a> . |

## Details

The output is generated with `mirtop export --format isomir`.

## Value

[IsomirDataSeq](#) class object.

## Examples

```
library(readr)
path <- system.file("extra", "mirtop", package="isomiRs")
fn <- list.files(path, full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("sample1" , "sample2"),
                 condition = c("cc", "cc"))
# mirtop export --format isomir ....
IsomirDataSeqFromMirtop(read_tsv(fn), de)
```

---

IsomirDataSeqFromRawData

*Loads miRNA annotation from seqbuster tool or pre-processed data.*


---

## Description

Process raw data like tables to speed up filtering steps.

## Usage

```
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData(
  rawdata,
  coldata,
  design = ~1L,
  pct = 0.1,
  n_snv = 1,
  whitelist = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| rawdata   | data.frame stored in metadata slot of <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> object.                                                                                                       |
| coldata   | data frame containing groups for each sample                                                                                                                                      |
| design    | a formula to pass to <a href="#">DESeq2::DESeqDataSet</a>                                                                                                                         |
| pct       | numeric used to remove isomiRs with an importance lower than this value. Importance is calculated by dividing the isomiR count by the total counts of the miRNA to which it maps. |
| n_snv     | numeric used to remove isomiRs with more than this number of single nucleotide variants (indels are counted here).                                                                |
| whitelist | character vector with sequences to keep even if the filtering step would have removed them. They have to match the seq column in the table.                                       |
| ...       | arguments provided to SummarizedExperiment. including rowData.                                                                                                                    |

## Value

[IsomirDataSeq](#) class object.

## Examples

```
path <- system.file("extra", package="isomiRs")
fn_list <- list.files(path, pattern="mirna", full.names = TRUE)
de <- data.frame(row.names=c("f1" , "f2"),
  condition = c("newborn", "newborn"))
ids <- IsomirDataSeqFromFiles(fn_list, coldata=de)
```

```
head(counts(ids))
IsomirDataSeqFromRawData(metadata(ids)[["rawData"]], de)
```

isoNetwork

*Clustering miRNAs-genes pairs in similar pattern expression*

## Description

Clustering miRNAs-genes pairs

## Usage

```
isoNetwork(
  mirna_rse,
  gene_rse,
  summarize = NULL,
  target = NULL,
  org = NULL,
  enrich = NULL,
  genename = "ENSEMBL",
  min_cor = -0.6,
  min_fc = 0.5
)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                           |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirna_rse | SummarizedExperiment with miRNA information. See details.                                                 |
| gene_rse  | SummarizedExperiment with gene information. See details.                                                  |
| summarize | Character column name in colData(rse) to use to group samples and compare between miRNA/gene expression.  |
| target    | Matrix with miRNAs (columns) and genes (rows) target prediction (1 if it is a target, 0 if not).          |
| org       | AnnotationDb object. For example:(org.Mm.eg.db)                                                           |
| enrich    | The output of clusterProfiler of similar functions.                                                       |
| genename  | Character keytype of the gene names in gene_rse object.                                                   |
| min_cor   | Numeric cutoff to consider a miRNA to regulate a target.                                                  |
| min_fc    | Numeric cutoff to consider as the minimum log2FoldChange between groups to be considered in the analysis. |

## Details

This function will correlate miRNA and gene expression data using a specific metadata variable to group samples and detect pattern of expression that will be annotated with GO terms. mirna\_rse and gene\_rse can be created using the following code:

```
mi_rse = SummarizedExperiment(assays=SimpleList(norm=mirna_matrix), colData, metadata=list(sign=mirna
```

where, mirna\_matrix is the normalized counts expression, colData is the metadata information and mirna\_keep the list of miRNAs to be used by this function.

**Value**

list with network information

**Examples**

```
# library(org.Mm.eg.db)
# library(clusterProfiler)
data(isoExample)
# ego <- enrichGO(row.names(assay(gene_ex_rse, "norm")),
#               org.Mm.eg.db, "ENSEMBL", ont = "BP")
data <- isoNetwork(mirna_ex_rse, gene_ex_rse,
                  summarize = "group", target = ma_ex,
                  enrich = ego)
isoPlotNet(data, minGenes = 5)
```

---

|         |                               |
|---------|-------------------------------|
| isoNorm | <i>Normalize count matrix</i> |
|---------|-------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function normalizes raw count matrix using [DESeq2::rlog\(\)](#) function from [DESeq2::DESeq2-package](#).

**Usage**

```
isoNorm(ids, formula = NULL, maxSamples = 50)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                                                                      |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ids        | Object of class <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> .                                                                      |
| formula    | Formula that will be used for normalization.                                                                         |
| maxSamples | Maximum number of samples to use with <a href="#">DESeq2::rlog()</a> , if not <a href="#">limma::voom()</a> is used. |

**Value**

[IsomirDataSeq](#) object with the normalized count matrix in a slot. The normalized matrix can be access with `counts(ids, norm=TRUE)`.

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)
ids <- isoCounts(mirData, minc=10, mins=6)
ids <- isoNorm(mirData, formula=~condition)
head(counts(ids, norm=TRUE))
```

isoPlot

*Plot the amount of isomiRs in different samples***Description**

This function plot different isomiRs proportion for each sample. It can show trimming events at both side, additions and nucleotides changes.

**Usage**

```
isoPlot(ids, type = "iso5", column = NULL, use = NULL, nts = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ids    | Object of class <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> .                                                                                                      |
| type   | String (iso5, iso3, add, snv, all) to indicate what isomiRs to use for the plot. See details for explanation.                                        |
| column | String indicating the column in colData to color samples.                                                                                            |
| use    | Character vector to only use these isomiRs for the plot. The id used is the rownames that comes from using isoCounts with all the arguments on TRUE. |
| nts    | Boolean to indicate whether plot positions of nucleotides changes when showing single nucleotides variants.                                          |

**Details**

There are four different values for type parameter. To plot trimming at 5' or 3' end, use type="iso5" or type="iso3". Get a summary of all using type="all". In this case, it will plot 3 positions at both side of the reference position described at miRBase site. Each position refers to the % of sequences that start/end before or after the miRBase reference. The color indicates the sample group. The size of the point is proportional to the abundance considering the total as all the sequences in the sample. The position at y is the % of different sequences considering the total as all sequences with changes for the specific isomiR showed.

Same logic applies to type="add" and type="snv". However, when type="add", the plot will refer to addition events from the 3' end of the reference position. Note that this additions don't match to the precursor sequence, they are non-template additions. In this case, only 3 positions after the 3' end will appear in the plot. When type="snv", it will appear one position for each nucleotide in the reference miRNA. Points will indicate isomiRs with nucleotide changes at the given position. When type="all" a color coordinate map will show the abundance of each isomiR type in a single plot. Note the position is relatively to the sequence not the miRNA.

**Value**

[ggplot2::ggplot\(\)](#) Object showing different isomiRs changes at different positions.

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)
isoPlot(mirData)
```

---

|            |                                                        |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| isoPlotNet | <i>Functional miRNA / gene expression profile plot</i> |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Plot analysis from [isoNetwork\(\)](#). See that function for an example of the figure.

**Usage**

```
isoPlotNet(obj, minGenes = 2)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                              |
|----------|----------------------------------------------|
| obj      | Output from <a href="#">isoNetwork()</a> .   |
| minGenes | Minimum number of genes per term to be kept. |

**Value**

Network ggplot.

---

|                 |                                                     |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| isoPlotPosition | <i>Plot nucleotides changes at a given position</i> |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function plot different isomiRs proportion for each sample at a given position focused on the nucleotide change that happens there.

**Usage**

```
isoPlotPosition(ids, position = 1L, column = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                                           |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| ids      | Object of class <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> .           |
| position | Integer indicating the position to show.                  |
| column   | String indicating the column in colData to color samples. |

## Details

It shows the nucleotides changes at the given position for each sample in each group. The color indicates the sample group. The size of the point is proportional to the number of total counts of isomiRs with changes. The position at y is the % of different isomiRs supporting the change. Note the position is relatively to the sequence not the miRNA.

## Value

`ggplot2::ggplot()` Object showing nucleotide changes at a given position.

## Examples

```
data(mirData)
isoPlotPosition(mirData)
```

---

|           |                                                                       |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| isoSelect | <i>Method to select specific miRNAs from an IsomirDataSeq object.</i> |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This method allows to select a miRNA and all its isomiRs from the count matrix.

## Usage

```
isoSelect.IsomirDataSeq(object, mirna, minc = 10)

## S4 method for signature 'IsomirDataSeq'
isoSelect(object, mirna, minc = 10)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                                                    |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| object | A <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> object.                            |
| mirna  | String referring to the miRNA to show.                             |
| minc   | Minimum number of isomiR reads needed to be included in the table. |

## Value

[S4Vectors::DataFrame](#) with count information. The row.names show the isomiR names, and each of the columns shows the counts for this isomiR in that sample. Mainly, it will return the count matrix only for isomiRs belonging to the miRNA family given by the mirna parameter. IsomiRs need to have counts bigger than minc parameter at least in one sample to be included in the output. Annotation of isomiRs follows these rules:

- miRNA name
- mismatches
- additions
- 5 trimming events
- 3 trimming events

**Author(s)**

Lorena Pantano

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)
# To select isomiRs from let-7a-5p miRNA
# and with 10000 reads or more.
isoSelect(mirData, mirna="hsa-let-7a-5p", minc=10000)
```

---

isoTop

*Heatmap of the top expressed isomiRs*

---

**Description**

This function creates a heatmap with the top N isomiRs/miRNAs. It uses the matrix under counts(ids) to get the top expressed isomiRs/miRNAs using the average expression value and plot a heatmap with the raw counts for each sample.

**Usage**

```
isoTop(ids, top = 20, condition = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                 |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------|
| ids       | Object of class <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> . |
| top       | Number of isomiRs/miRNAs used.                  |
| condition | Give condition to color PCA samples             |

**Value**

PCA of the top expressed miRNAs

**Examples**

```
data(mirData)
isoTop(mirData)
```

---

|       |                                                      |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------|
| ma_ex | <i>Data frame containing gene-mirna relationship</i> |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Data frame containing gene-mirna relationship

**Usage**

```
ma_ex
```

**Format**

A data frame with rows same as gene\_ex\_rse and columns same as mirna\_ex\_rse.

---

|         |                                                                    |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirData | <i>Example of IsomirDataSeq with human brain miRNA counts data</i> |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This data set is the object return by [IsomirDataSeqFromFiles](#). It contains miRNA count data from 14 samples: 7 control individuals (pc) and 7 patients with Parkinson's disease in early stage (Pantano et al, 2016). Use colData to see the experiment design.

**Usage**

```
data("mirData")
```

**Format**

a [IsomirDataSeq](#) class.

**Author(s)**

Lorena Pantano, 2018-04-27

**Source**

Data is available from GEO dataset under accession number GSE97285

Every sample was analyzed with seqbuster tool, see [http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna\\_annotation.html](http://seqcluster.readthedocs.org/mirna_annotation.html) for more details. You can get same files running the small RNA-seq pipeline from <https://github.com/bcbio/bcbio-nextgen>.

bcbio\_nextgen was used for the full analysis.

See raw-data.R to know how to recreate the object. This script is inside "extra" folder of the package.

## References

Pantano L, Friedlander MR, Escaramis G, Lizano E et al. Specific small-RNA signatures in the amygdala at premotor and motor stages of Parkinson's disease revealed by deep sequencing analysis. *Bioinformatics* 2016 Mar 1;32(5):673-81. PMID: 26530722

---

|                  |                                            |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| mirna2targetscan | <i>Find targets in targetscan database</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

From a list of miRNA names, find their targets in targetscan.Hs.eg.db annotation package.

## Usage

```
mirna2targetscan(mirna, species = "hsa", org = NULL, keytype = NULL)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                                                |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirna   | Character vector with miRNA names as in miRBase 21.            |
| species | hsa or mmu supported right now.                                |
| org     | AnnotationDb object. For example:(org.Mm.eg.db)                |
| keytype | Character mentioning the gene id to use. For example, ENSEMBL. |

## Value

[data.frame](#) with 4 columns:

- miRFamily
- Seedmatch
- PCT
- entrezGene

## Examples

```
library(targetscan.Hs.eg.db)
mirna2targetscan(c("hsa-miR-34c-5p"))
```

---

|              |                                                    |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| mirna_ex_rse | <i>Data frame containing mirna expression data</i> |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Data frame containing mirna expression data

**Usage**

```
mirna_ex_rse
```

**Format**

mirna expression data with 18 samples: example of a time series data

---

|              |                                                              |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| mirTritation | <i>Data frame containing mirna from Argyropoulos's paper</i> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Argyropoulos, Christos, et al. "Modeling bias and variation in the stochastic processes of small RNA sequencing." Nucleic Acids Research (2017).

**Usage**

```
mirTritation
```

**Format**

mirna expression data in long format. Train and test data to use with isoCorrect

---

|                     |                                                                          |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| updateIsomirDataSeq | <i>Update <a href="#">IsomirDataSeq</a> object from version &lt; 1.7</i> |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

In version 1.9 IsomirDataSeq object changed their internal structure to save space and speed up loading and downstream functions.

**Usage**

```
updateIsomirDataSeq(object)
```

**Arguments**

object      [IsomirDataSeq](#).

**Details**

This function will update to the current structure.

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