Package 'easyRNASeq'

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Type Package

Title Count summarization and normalization for RNA-Seq data

Author Nicolas Delhomme, Ismael Padioleau, Bastian Schiffthaler, Niklas Maehler

Maintainer Nicolas Delhomme <nicolas.delhomme@umu.se>

Description Calculates the coverage of high-throughput short-reads against a genome of reference and summarizes it per feature of interest (e.g. exon, gene, transcript). The data can be normalized as 'RPKM' or by the 'DESeq' or 'edgeR' package.

- Imports Biobase (>= 2.64.0), BiocFileCache (>= 2.12.0), BiocGenerics (>= 0.50.0), BiocParallel (>= 1.38.0), biomaRt (>= 2.60.1), Biostrings (>= 2.72.1), edgeR (>= 4.2.1), GenomeInfoDb (>= 1.40.1), genomeIntervals (>= 1.60.0), GenomicAlignments (>= 1.40.0), GenomicRanges (>= 1.56.1), SummarizedExperiment (>= 1.34.0), graphics, IRanges (>= 2.38.1), LSD (>= 4.1-0), methods, parallel, rappdirs (>= 0.3.3), Rsamtools (>= 2.20.0), S4Vectors (>= 0.42.1), ShortRead (>= 1.62.0), utils
- Suggests BiocStyle (>= 2.32.1), BSgenome (>= 1.72.0), BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3 (>= 1.4.0), curl, knitr, rmarkdown, RUnit (>= 0.4.33)
- License Artistic-2.0

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AnnotParam class Class "AnnotParam"

Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to retrieve the necessary annotation for processing an RNA-Seq experiment.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("AnnotParamCharacter", ...) or new("AnnotParamObject", ...) (both subject to API changes) or using the AnnotParam constructor (failsafe, prefered). The class AnnotParam in itself is virtual and hence cannot be instantiated.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam constructor

Examples

showClass("AnnotParam")

AnnotParam internal methods

Internal methods of AnnotParam objects

Description

These are AnnotParamAnnotParam class internal methods:

• .validate validate the content of an AnnotParam object

Usage

```
.validate(obj, verbose = TRUE, lenient = FALSE)
```

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| obj | An AnnotParam object |
|---------|--|
| verbose | To print (or not) messages |
| lenient | Relax validation parameters for gtf files |
| | additional arguments passed to the retrieval function. At the moment only for- warded to the biomaRt getBM function. |

Value

.validate invisibly return a TRUE logical on success and stops on failure

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

| BamParam class Class "BamParam" |
|---------------------------------|
|---------------------------------|

Description

A class describing the parameters of a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("BamParam", ...) or using the BamParam constructor.

Slots from the Class

The BamParam class has the following slots:

- paired
- stranded
- strandProtocol
- yieldSize

all of which can be accessed using the accordingly names accessor.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

basename methods

See Also

- BamParam accessors
- RnaSeqParam
- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor

Examples

showClass("BamParam")

| basename methods | Extend the basename function to display Rsamtools BamFile class |
|------------------|---|
| | basename |

Description

Display the basename of the bam file represented by a BamFile object.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
basename(path)

Arguments

path an object of class BamFile or BamFileList

Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Display the basename of the bam file linked to by a
BamFile object.

BiocFileCache methods Manages the data necessary for the examples using BiocFileCache

Description

Manages the tutorial, example and vignette data using the BiocFileCache package

Usage

fetchData(fileURL)
tutorialData(...)

Arguments

| ••• | unused for the time being |
|---------|---|
| fileURL | The URL of the file to retrieve. Alternatively, the ID of the file in the BiocFile-Cache (i.e. the file basename), can be used. |

Methods

.get_cache internal function to set up the cache

fetchData A function to fetch tutorial data, a file at a time

tutorialData the function to retrieve all the tutorial data and cache it, if it is not already available

vignetteData the function to retrieve all the tutorial data and cache it, if it is not already available

See Also

BiocFileCache

Examples

```
tdir <- tutorialData()
gAnnot.path <- fetchData("gAnnot.rda")
vdir <- vignetteData()
md5.txt <- fetchData("md5.txt")</pre>
```

createSyntheticTranscripts,AnnotParamCharacter-method Methods to create synthetic transcripts

Description

This function create a set of synthetic transcripts from a provided annotation file in "gff3" or "gtf" format. As detailed in http://www.epigenesys.eu/en/protocols/bio-informatics/ 1283-guidelines-for-rna-seq-data-analysis, one major caveat of estimating gene expression using aligned RNA-Seq reads is that a single read, which originated from a single mRNA molecule, might sometimes align to several features (e.g. transcripts or genes) with alignments of equivalent quality. This, for example, might happen as a result of gene duplication and the presence of repetitive or common domains. To avoid counting unique mRNA fragments multiple times, the stringent approach is to keep only uniquely mapping reads - being aware of potential consequences. Not only can "multiple counting" arise from a biological reason, but also from technical artifacts, introduced mostly by poorly formatted gff3/gtf annotation files. To avoid this, it is best practice to adopt a conservative approach by collapsing all existing transcripts of a single gene locus into a "synthetic" transcript containing every exon of that gene. In the case of overlapping exons, the longest genomic interval is kept, i.e. an artificial exon is created. This process results in a flattened transcript - a gene structure with a one (gene) to one (transcript) relationship.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParamCharacter'
createSyntheticTranscripts(
   obj,
   features = c("mRNA", "miRNA", "tRNA", "transcript"),
   verbose = TRUE
)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
createSyntheticTranscripts(
   obj,
   features = c("mRNA", "miRNA", "tRNA", "transcript"),
   verbose = TRUE,
   output = c("Genome_intervals", "GRanges"),
   input = c("gff3", "gtf")
)
```

Arguments

| obj | a AnnotParamCharacter object or the annotation filename as a character |
|----------|--|
| | string |
| features | one or more of 'mRNA', 'miRNA', 'tRNA', 'transcript' |
| verbose | increase the verbosity (default TRUE) |
| output | the output type, one of 'Genome_intervals' or 'GRanges' |
| input | the type of input, one of 'gff3' or 'gtf' |

Details

The createSyntheticTranscripts function implements this, taking advantage of the hierarchical structure of the gff3/gtf file. Exon features are related to their transcript (parent), which themselves derives from their gene parents. Using this relationship, exons are combined per gene into a flattened transcript structure. Note that this might not avoid multiple counting if genes overlap on opposing strands. There, only strand specific sequencing data has the power to disentangle these situations.

As gff3/gtf file can contain a large number of feature types, the createSyntheticTranscripts currently only supports: *mRNA*, *miRNA*, *tRNA* and *transcript*. Please contact me if you need additional features to be considered. Note however, that I will only add features that are part of the sequenceontology.org SOFA (SO_Feature_Annotation) ontology.

Value

Depending on the obj class.

- AnnotParamCharacter: a AnnotParamObject object
- a character filename: depending on the selected output value, a Genome_intervals or a GRanges object.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- For the input:
 - AnnotParam
- For the output:
 - AnnotParam
 - Genome_intervals
 - GRanges

Examples

```
# get the example file
Dm.gtf <- fetchData("Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP5.77.with-chr.gtf.gz")</pre>
```

```
# create the AnnotParam
annotParam <- AnnotParam(
    datasource=Dm.gtf,
    type="gtf")
```

```
# create the synthetic transcripts
annotParam <- createSyntheticTranscripts(annotParam,verbose=FALSE)</pre>
```

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| Defunct functions | The following function are defunct: |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | • easyRNASeq |
| | fetchCoverage |
| | fetchAnnotation |
| | knownOrganisms |
| | |

Description

- The easyRNASeq function is superseded by the simpleRNASeq function to consolidate and prune the overall package. The changes are based on user comments and on the general standardization occuring in the field.
- The fetchCoverage function only had two parameters deprecated as the consequence of the package consolidation. As the scanBam function is not called directly anymore but through higher level functions (from the GenomicRanges package), the 'what' and 'isUnmapped-Query' parameters were obsolete.

easyRNASeq accessors Accessors for RNAseq class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for objects in the **easyR-NASeq** package.

Usage

```
genomicAnnotation(obj)
readCounts(obj,count=c("exons","features","genes","islands","transcripts"),
summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),unique=FALSE)
genomicAnnotation(obj) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

| obj | An object derived from class RNAseq. |
|---------------|---|
| count | The type of count you want to access, 'genes', 'features', 'exons', 'transcripts' or 'islands' |
| summarization | If count is set to genes, precise the type of summarization, 'bestExons' or 'gen- eModels' |
| unique | For the 'exons' count only. Should the counts returned be unique for their iden- tifier (i.e. the matrix row names)? |
| value | The replacement value. |

Value

Usually, the value of the corresponding slot, or other simple content described on the help page of easyRNASeq.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

 $\ensuremath{\texttt{\#}}$ This class is deprecated and as such there are no exmples of its use

easyRNASeq annotation internal methods Internal easyRNASeq annotation methods

Description

These are internal methods used to retrieve annotations tabularll .getBmRangeUse biomaRt to get exon annotations. .getGffRangeUse Genome_intervals_stranded to get annotation from a gff file. .getGtfRangeUse Genome_intervals_stranded to get annotation from a gtf file. .geneModelAnnotationUse the provided exon annotation to define gene models. .readGffGtfUse Genome_intervals_stranded to get annotation getGffRange and getGtfRange.

Usage

```
.getBmRange(obj, ...)
```

Arguments

| obj | an AnnotParam object containing the necessary retrieval information (datasource and type) |
|----------------|---|
| | Additional arguments, passed to more internal functions. |
| annotation.typ | e |
| | describes the kind of annotation to keep the information from in a gtf or gff file. If set to NULL all the annotations are returned. |
| fields | added a parameter that allows defining the fields parsed from a gtf file. Still internal, but could easily be externalized. |
| filename | filename that contains the annotations |
| format | describes the kind of annotation provided. One of gtf or gff. |
| gAnnot | a GRanges object containing exon annotations |
| nbCore | number of CPU cores to use |
| gAnnot | a GRanges object containing exon annotations |

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Details

To use multicore machines more efficiently, the default parallel package will be used to parallelize the processing.

Value

A GRanges containing the loaded or processed annotations.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

easyRNASeq annotation methods

Get genic annotation from a gff3/gtf file or using biomaRt

Description

The annotation can be retrieved in two ways

- biomaRtUse biomaRt and Ensembl to get organism specific annotation.
- gff3/gtfUse a gff3 or gtf local annotation file.
- When using **biomaRt**, it is important that the organism argument to AnnotParam is set the prefix of one of the value available using the **biomaRt listDatasets** function, e.g. "Dme-lanogaster".
- When reading from a gff3/gtf file, a version 3 formatted gff or a gtf (an Ensembl defined gff2 version) is expected. The function **genomeIntervals** genomeIntervals-readGff3 is used to import the data.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
getAnnotation(obj, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| obj | An object of class AnnotParam |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| verbose | a boolean to turn on verbosity |
| | See details |

Details

... are for additional arguments, passed to the **biomaRt** getBM function or to the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon". This is used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file.

Value

A GRanges containing the fetched annotations.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
getAnnotation(
    AnnotParam(
        organism="Dmelanogaster",
        datasource=system.file(
        "extdata",
        "Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3",
        package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
        type="gff3"
))
```

End(Not run)

easyRNASeq AnnotParam accessors Accessors for AnnotParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for AnnotParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- datasource
- type

Usage

```
datasource(object)
## S4 method for signature 'AnnotParam'
type(x)
```

Arguments

| object | An object derived from class AnnotParam. |
|--------|--|
| x | An object derived from class AnnotParam. |

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

The AnnotParam class. The type and organism generics are imported from the BSgenome and Biostrings package, respectively.

Examples

```
# fetch the example data
Dm.annot <- fetchData("Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3.gz")</pre>
```

annot <- AnnotParam(datasource=Dm.annot)
get the datasource Parameter
datasource(annot)</pre>

easyRNASeq AnnotParam constructor AnnotParam constructor

Description

This constructs a AnnotParam object. The datasource parameter (see details) is mandatory, however other parameters, *i.e.* when the datasource is not a GRanges default to "genes" and gff3", indicating that the datasource is in the gff3 format and that the contained information needs to be grouped by "genes". This representing the most common use case. Hence, it is left to the user to refine the parameters accordingly to the annotation he is providing or whishes to retrieve.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
AnnotParam(
    datasource = character(0),
    type = c("gff3", "biomaRt", "gtf", "rda")
)
```

Arguments

| datasource | a character or a GRanges object. See details. |
|------------|---|
| type | one of NULL, biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. Default to NULL. See details. |

Details

Note that calling the constructor without argument fails, as the datasource is a mandatory parameter. Calling the constructor with additional (not all) parameters will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected. There are three parameters for an AnnotParam object:

- datasourceIf no type is provided, the datasource should be GRanges object containing the genic information. These can be obtained using the getAnnotation function.
- typeOne of biomaRt, gff3, gtf or rda. The default is "gff3". In all cases, the datasource is a character describing:
 - For biomaRt, the name of the organism as known by the ensembl Mart, *e.g.* dme-lanogaster or hsapiens.
 - For gff3, gtf or rda, the filename (including the full or relative path).

See Also

- GRanges
- getAnnotation

Examples

```
# create an object to retrieve annotation from biomaRt
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource="Hsapiens",type="biomaRt")
# get the datasource and type
datasource(annotParam)
type(annotParam)
# create an object to retrieve annotation from an rda object
# fetch the example data
gAnnot.rda <- fetchData("gAnnot.rda")
annotParam <- AnnotParam(datasource=gAnnot.rda,type="rda")</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam accessors

Accessors for BamParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for BamParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package.

Usage

```
yieldSize(object,...)
paired(object)
stranded(object)
strandProtocol(object)
```

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| object | An object derived from class BamParam. |
|--------|---|
| | Additional parameter inherited from the Rsamtools package yieldSize function. |
| | Ignored here. |

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

The BamParam class The RnaSeqParam yieldSize accessor

Examples

```
bp <- BamParam()
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(bp)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq BamParam constructor BamParam constructor

Description

This constructs a BamParam object. The default parameters are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case and are detailed below:

- paired is TRUE, *i.e.* paired-end sequencing is expected.
- stranded is FALSE *i.e.* stranded sequencing is not expected.
- yieldSize is set to 1,000,000. This is the amount of reads iteratively processed from the bam file stream. It is a compromise between speed, process-parallelization and memory usage.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
BamParam(
   paired = TRUE,
   stranded = FALSE,
   strandProtocol = c("reverse", "forward"),
   yieldSize = 1000000L
)
```

| paired | boolean whether the BAM file contains paired-end data or not |
|----------------|---|
| stranded | boolean whether the reads are strand specific |
| strandProtocol | factor with values 'reverse' and 'forward' specifying the type of strand specificity protocol. 'reverse', the reads are on the opposite strand to the gene; typical for Illumina TRUSEQ strand-specific protocol. |
| yieldSize | the amount of reads to be streamed at a time. Default to 1M |

Details

Calling the constructor without argument result in the default parameter described above to be returned. Calling the constructor with any parameter will affect the value of the selected parameters, leaving the other parameters unaffected.

Examples

```
# the defaults
BamParam()
# change the default
BamParam(paired=FALSE)
BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L)
BamParam(stranded=TRUE,strandProtocol="forward",yieldSize=1L)
```

easyRNASeq correction methods

easyRNASeq count table correction to RPKM

Description

Convert a count table obtained from the easyRNASeq function into an RPKM corrected count table.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,ANY,vector,vector'
RPKM(
    obj,
    from = c("exons", "features", "transcripts", "bestExons", "geneModels", "islands"),
    lib.size = numeric(1),
    feature.size = integer(1),
    simplify = TRUE,
    ...
)
```

| obj | An object of class RNAseq or a matrix, see details |
|--------------|--|
| from | Determine the kind of coverage to use, choice limited to: exons, features, tran- scripts, bestExons, geneModels or islands. |
| lib.size | Precise the library size. It should be a named numeric list, i.e. named after the sample names. |
| feature.size | Precise the feature (e.g. exons, genes) sizes. It should be a named numeric list, named after the feature names. |
| simplify | If set to TRUE, whenever a feature (exon, feature,) is duplicated in the count table, it is only returned once. |
| | additional arguments. See details |

Details

RPKM accepts two sets of arguments:

- RNAseq, character the ... are additional arguments to be passed to the readCounts method.
- matrix,named vectornormalize a count matrix by providing the feature sizes (e.g. gene sizes) as a named vector where the names match the row names of the count matrix and the lib sizes as a named vector where the names match the column names of the count matrix.

Value

A matrix containing RPKM corrected read counts.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

readCounts

Examples

```
## Not run:
## get an RNAseq object
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory=
        system.file(
    "extdata",
    package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
    pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
    format="bam",
    readLength=36L,
    organism="Dmelanogaster",
    chr.sizes=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster)),
    annotationMethod="rda",
    annotationFile=system.file(
```

```
"data",
          "gAnnot.rda",
          package="RnaSeqTutorial"),
   count="exons",
  outputFormat="RNAseq")
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(rnaSeq,from="exons")</pre>
## the same from a count table
count.table <- readCounts(rnaSeq,count="exons")</pre>
## get the RPKM
## verify that the feature are sorted as the count.table
all(.getName(rnaSeq,"exon") == rownames(count.table))
feature.size <- unlist(width(ranges(rnaSeq)))</pre>
## verify that the samples are ordered in the same way
all(names(librarySize(rnaSeq)) == colnames(count.table))
## get the RPKM
rpkm <- RPKM(count.table,</pre>
  feature.size=feature.size,
 lib.size=librarySize(rnaSeq))
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq coverage methods

Compute the coverage from a Short Read Alignment file

Description

Computes the genomic reads' coverage from a read file in bam format or any format supported by **ShortRead**.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
fetchCoverage(
   obj,
   format = c("aln", "bam"),
   filename = character(1),
   filter = srFilter(),
   type = "SolexaExport",
   chr.sel = c(),
   validity.check = TRUE,
   chr.map = data.frame(),
```

easyRNASeq coverage methods

```
ignoreWarnings = FALSE,
gapped = TRUE,
paired = FALSE,
stranded = FALSE,
bp.coverage = FALSE,
...
```

)

Arguments

| obj | An RNAseq object |
|----------------|---|
| format | The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too. |
| filename | The full path of the file to use |
| filter | The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format |
| type | The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead package. |
| chr.sel | A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results. |
| validity.check | Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced |
| chr.map | A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details. |
| ignoreWarnings | set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages. |
| gapped | Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments? |
| paired | Is the bam file containing PE reads? |
| stranded | Is the bam file from a strand specific protocol? |
| bp.coverage | a boolean that default to FALSE to decide whether coverage is to be calculated and stored by bp |
| | additional arguments. See details |

Details

... for fetchCoverage: Can be used for readAligned method from package **ShortRead**. The use of the dots for the scanBamFlag method from package **Rsamtools** has been deprecated, as were the 'what' and 'isUnmappedQuery' argument to the function

Value

An RNAseq object. The slot readCoverage contains a SimpleRleList object representing a list of coverage vectors, one per chromosome.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

Rle ShortRead:readAligned

Examples

```
## Not run:
library("RnaSeqTutorial")
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
 organismName="Dmelanogaster",
 readLength=36L,
 chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
 )
obj <- fetchCoverage(</pre>
  obj,
   format="bam",
                         filename=system.file(
    "extdata",
    "ACACTG.bam",
                              package="RnaSeqTutorial")
   )
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq defunct annotation methods *Defunct annotation function*

Description

The fetchAnnotation and knownOrganisms function are now defunct. The fetchAnnotation function has been replaced by the getAnnotation method.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

easyRNASeq GenomicRanges package extension Extension of the GenomicRanges package

Description

Describes extensions to the GenomicRanges package. For GRanges and GRangesList objects:

- colnames returns the column name of a GRanges or GRangesList object.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments object together bypassing most sanity checks. Faster than the standard c or append function.

Usage

```
colnames(x, do.NULL = TRUE, prefix = "col")
unsafeAppend(obj1,obj2)
```

Arguments

| Х | An object of the GRanges or GRangesList class |
|---------|---|
| do.NULL | see row_colnames for details |
| prefix | see row_colnames for details |
| obj1 | A GAlignments object |
| obj2 | A GAlignments object |

Details

- colnames returns the actual column names of the elementMetadata slot of the GRanges or GRangesList object. The elementMetadata contains a DataFrame object used to store additional information provided by the user, such as exon ID in our case.
- unsafeAppend appends two GAlignments objects.

Value

- colnames: A vector of column names.
- unsafeAppend: A GAlignments object

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- DataFrame
- GRanges
- GRangesList
- GAlignments row_colnames

Examples

```
# an example of annotation
grngs <- GRanges(seqnames=c("chr01","chr01","chr02"),</pre>
                     ranges=IRanges(
                              start=c(10,30,100),
                              end=c(21,53,123)),
                           strand=c("+","+","-"),
                           transcripts=c("trA1","trA2","trB"),
                           gene=c("gA","gA","gB"),
                           exon=c("e1","e2","e3")
                           )
# accessing the colnames
colnames(grngs)
# creating a GRangesList
grngsList<-split(grngs,seqnames(grngs))</pre>
# accessing the colnames
colnames(grngsList)
# For unsafeAppend
library(GenomicAlignments)
unsafeAppend(GAlignments(),GAlignments())
```

easyRNASeq internal methods

Internal methods of RNAseq objects

Description

These are generic internal methods:

- Actual
 - .catn Just some pretty printing.
 - .checkArguments check that the provided argument match one of the formal definition of the function. Stop if not.
 - extractIRangesList extract an IRanges object from an AlignedRead or a GAlignments object or a list returned by reading a bam file with Rsamtools. It returns a list containing the IRangesList and library size.
 - .getArguments For a given function returns the arguments passed as part of the ... that match that function formals.
 - .getName Get the genomicAnnotation object names. Necessary to deal with the different possible annotation object: GRanges or GRangesList.
 - .getWidth Get the genomicAnnotation withs. Necessary to deal with the different possible annotation object: GRanges or GRangesList.

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- .normalizationDispatcher a function to dispatch the normalization depending on the 'outputFormat' chosen by the user.
- reduce Allow proper dispatch between the intervals and the GenomicRanges reduce function
- strand Allow proper dispatch between the genomeIntervals and the GenomicRanges strand function
- strand<- Allow proper dispatch between the genomeIntervals and the GenomicRanges strand replace function
- Defunct
 - .convertToUCSC convert chromosome names to UCSC compliant ones.
 - .list.files check the arguments passed through the ... to select only the valid ones (defunct).

Usage

.extractIRangesList(obj, chr.sel = c())

Arguments

| obj | An RNAseq object, or for the 'normalizationDispatcher', depending on the type: a CountDataSet, a DGEList, a matrix, or an RNAseq object respectively |
|-----------|---|
| chr.sel | A list of chromosome to restrict the IRanges spaces returned. |
| arg | The argument name to check for. |
| chr.names | The chromosome names, as a character vector, to be converted to UCSC ones |
| fun | The name of the function |
| organism | The organism name |
| type | character string specifying the type of object (normalizationDispatcher) |
| value | the appropriate strand object (strand and strand<-) or the provided argument value (checkArguments) |
| х | an object of the GenomicRanges, intervals or genomeIntervals package |
| | For .getArguments a list of named parameters to be matched against a function formal definition. For .catn, the values to be printed. |

Value

| argString | a character string representing these arguments and their value that matched | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | those defined in the formal definition of the function | |
| convertedChrNam | nes | |
| | a converted vector of chromosome names | |
| i.range | an IRange object | |
| names | The annotation names, i.e. a combination of exon, feature, transcript and gene | |
| normalized.counts | | |
| | Depending on the type, a CountDataSet, a DGEList, a NumericList, or NULL respectively | |

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

easyRNASeq island methods

Identify expressed regions de-novo

Description

Process the coverage to locate regions with a minimum coverage (min.cov). If regions are separated by a gap shorter than a maximum length (max.gap), they are unified. Only islands longer than min.length are returned. These functions are now outdated and would need to be actualized.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
findIslands(
    obj,
    max.gap = integer(1),
    min.cov = 1L,
    min.length = integer(1),
    plot = TRUE,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| obj | An object of class RNAseq |
|------------|--|
| max.gap | Maximum gap between two peaks to build an island |
| min.cov | Minimum coverage for an island to be returned |
| min.length | Minimum size of an island to be returned |
| plot | If TRUE, draw plots of coverage distribution. Help the user to select an appropriate value for the minimum coverage. |
| | See details |

Details

... are for providing additional options to the hist plot function.

Value

An RNAseq object with the readIsland slot set with a GRanges containing the selected islands and the readCount slot actualized with a list containing the count table per island.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

```
## Not run:
# NOTE that this function might need to be actualized
obj <- new('RNAseq',</pre>
 organismName="Dmelanogaster",
 readLength=36L,
 chrSize=as.list(seqlengths(Dmelanogaster))
 )
# fetch the example data
bamFilePath <- fetchData("ACACTG.bam")</pre>
obj <- fetchCoverage(obj,format="bam",filename=bamFilePath)</pre>
obj <- findIslands(</pre>
  obj,
  max.gap=10L,
  min.cov=10L.
  min.length=200L)
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq package Count summarization and normalization pipeline for Next Generation Sequencing data.

Description

Offers functionalities to summarize read counts per feature of interest, e.g. exons, transcripts, genes, etc. Offers functionalities to normalize the summarized counts using a 3rd party package: edgeR.

Methods

The main function easyRNASeq will summarize the counts per feature of interest, for as many samples as provided and will return a count matrix (N*M) where N are the features and M the samples. This data can be corrected to **RPKM** in which case a matrix of corrected value is returned instead, with the same dimensions. Using RPKM is only advisable for visualization purposes and should never be used for Differential Expression with edgeR or DESeq2. Alternatively a RangedSummarizedExperiment can be returned and this is expected to be the default in the upcoming version of easyRNASeq (as of 1.5.x). If the necessary sample information are provided, the data can be normalized using edgeR and the corresponding object returned. For more insider details, and step by step functions, see:

ShortRead methods for pre-processing the data. easyRNASeq annotation methods for getting the annotation. easyRNASeq co

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme, Bastian Schiffthaler, Ismael Padioleau

See Also

The class RNAseq specification: RNAseq

The default output class specification: RangedSummarizedExperiment

The imported packages: biomaRt BiocParallel edgeR genomeIntervals Biostrings BSgenome GenomicRanges IRanges Rsamtools ShortRead

The suggested packages: parallel GenomicFeatures

The following classes and functions that are made available from other packages:

- Classes BamFileList-class RangedSummarizedExperiment
- Functions/Methods The RangedSummarizedExperiment assay accessor The BamFileList constructor BamFileList-class The IRanges constructor IRanges-constructor For the SRFilterResult, chromosomeFilter, compose and nFilter methodssrFilter

Examples

```
# the data
tdir <- tutorialData()</pre>
# get the example annotation file - we retrieve a gtf file from GitHub
annot <- fetchData("Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP5.77.with-chr.gtf.gz")</pre>
# create the AnnotParam
annotParam <- AnnotParam(</pre>
   datasource=annot,
   type="gtf")
# create the synthetic transcripts
annotParam <- createSyntheticTranscripts(annotParam,verbose=FALSE)</pre>
# create the RnaSegParam
rnaSeqParam <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam,countBy="gene")</pre>
# get the bamfiles (from the Bioc cache in this example)
filenames <- dir(tdir,pattern="[A,T].*\\.bam$",full.names=TRUE)</pre>
indexnames <- sapply(paste0(sub(".*_","",basename(filenames)),".bai"),fetchData)</pre>
bamFiles <- getBamFileList(filenames, indexnames)</pre>
# get a RangedSummarizedExperiment containing the counts table
sexp <- simpleRNASeq(</pre>
     bamFiles=bamFiles,
     param=rnaSeqParam,
     verbose=TRUE
)
```

get the counts
assays(sexp)\$genes

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam accessors Accessors for RnaSeqParam class

Description

These functions and generics define 'accessors' (to get and set values) for RnaSeqParam objects within the **easyRNASeq** package. Implemented are:

- annotParam
- bamParam
- countBy
- datasource
- paired
- precision
- stranded
- strandProtocol
- yieldSize

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RnaSeqParam'
yieldSize(object)
```

Arguments

object An object derived from class RnaSeqParam.

Value

The value of the corresponding slot.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- The AnnotParam class
- The BamParam class
- The RnaSeqParam class

The BamParam yieldSize accessor

Examples

```
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)
## get the yieldSize Parameter
ysize <-yieldSize(rsp)</pre>
```

easyRNASeq RnaSeqParam constructor RnaSeqParam constructor

Description

This constructs a RnaSeqParam object, that combines all the necessary parameters for the analysis of RNA-Seq data. As much as possible, these parameters are determined automa-gi/ti-cally. It describes three sets of parameters:

- parameters describing the annotation
- parameters describing the BAM files, *i.e.* the type of sequencing that was conducted.
- parameters describing how the counting should be done.

The first two are provided through sepcific objects: AnnotParam and BamParam respectively. The third one is a set constituted of:

- countBy: the feature per which the counts should be summarized (exon, transcript or gene. A forth possibility feature can be used to define arbitrary genomic loci)
- precision: the precision at which the counts should be performed: bp or reads. bp used to be the default in the easyRNASeq package, whereas now reads is, following the Bioconductor main stream development.

The default parameters for the BamParam parameter are derived from the currently most common RNA-Seq experimental use-case: strand-specific paired-end Illumina sequencing. See the respective manual pages of AnnotParam and BamParam for more details.

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easyRNASeq summarization internal methods

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
RnaSeqParam(
    annotParam = AnnotParam(),
    bamParam = BamParam(),
    countBy = c("exons", "features", "genes", "transcripts"),
    precision = c("read", "bp")
)
```

Arguments

| annotParam | An object derived from class AnnotParam. |
|------------|---|
| bamParam | An object derived from class BamParam. |
| countBy | TODO |
| precision | A character value, either 'read' or 'bp' that defines the precision at which count- ing is done, either per read or per covered bp. 'read' is the default. |

Examples

create the RnaSeqParam
rsp <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)</pre>

```
## change some defaults
RnaSeqParam(countBy="features",annotParam=annotParam)
RnaSeqParam(bamParam=BamParam(stranded=TRUE,yieldSize=1L),annotParam=annotParam)
```

easyRNASeq summarization internal methods Internal count and summarization methods

Description

These are internal methods related to counting and summarizing reads

- For counting reads:
 - .doCount A dispatcher higher level function to count and summarize reads. Externalized so that it can be parallelized.
 - .doBasicCount A function to calculate the counts for 'exons' or 'features'

- For summarizing per genes: these methods are called by the method geneCounts. Having performed the exonCounts is a pre-requisite.
 - .bestExonSummarization Identify the exon showing the highest coverage.
 - .geneModelSummarization Sum the coverage values of the synthetic exons constituting a gene model.
- For managing the summarized read count structure:
 - .extendCountList extend or create the result count list of matrices

Usage

.bestExonSummarization(obj)

Arguments

| obj | An object derived from class RNAseq |
|---------------|---|
| chr.map | A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See the details in easyRNASeq. |
| chr.sel | A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results. |
| cList | list of lists that contain count results |
| count | The feature used to summarize the reads. One of 'exons', 'features', 'genes', 'islands' or 'transcripts'. |
| filename | The full path of the file to use |
| filter | The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format |
| format | The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too. As of version 1.3.5, it defaults to bam. |
| gapped | Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments? |
| min.cov | When computing read islands, the minimal coverage to take into account for calling an island |
| min.length | The minimal size an island should have to be kept |
| max.gap | When computing read islands, the maximal gap size allowed between two islands to merge them |
| plot | Whether or not to plot assessment graphs. |
| rnaSeq | An object derived from class RNAseq |
| summarization | A character defining which method to use when summarizing reads by genes. So far, only "geneModels" is available. |
| silent | set to TRUE if you do not want messages to be printed out. |
| subType | character string defining a sub type of counts, i.e. for the gene type one of bestExon or geneModel |
| type | • .extendCountList: character string specifying the type of count ("exons", "transcripts", "genes" or islands) |
| | • .doCount: the type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead library. |

| validity.check | Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced? This is only supported |
|----------------|---|
| | for a set of organisms, which are Dmelanogaster, Hsapiens, Mmusculus and |
| | Rnorvegicus; otherwise the argument 'chr.map' can be used to complement it. |
| values | a named vector containing count results |
| | additional arguments. See the details in easyRNASeq. |

Value

- .doCount: a list containing
 - counts: the summarized counts as a matrix of dimension number of genes x 1
 - size: the library size
- .doBasicCount: a vector containing read counts.
- .bestExonSummarization: a vector containing summarized counts.
- .geneModelSummarization: a vector containing summarized counts.
- .extendCountList: a named list of matrices. The names are according to the counting/summarization already performed.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- ShortRead:readAligned
- RNAseq easyRNASeq.

easyRNASeq summarization methods Count methods for RNAseq object

Description

Summarize the read counts per exon, feature, gene, transcript or island.

- exonCounts: for that summarization, reads are summarized per exons. An "exon" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work. See easyRNASeq annotation methods for more details on the annotation object.
- featureCounts is similar to the 'exons' one. This is just a wrapper to summarize count for genomic features that are not exon related. I.e. one could use it to measure eRNAs. Again, a "feature" field is necessary in the annotation object for this to work.
- geneCounts sums the counts per either bestExons or geneModels. In either case, the annotation object needs to contain both an "exon" and a "gene" field.
- islandCounts sums the counts per computed islands.

transcriptCounts sums the counts obtained by exons into their respective transcripts. Note
that this often result in counting some reads several times. For this function to work you need
both an "exon" and a "transcript" field in your annotation object. To avoid this, one could
create transcript specific synthetic exons, i.e. features that would be unique to a transcript. To
offer this possibility, transcripts count can be summarized from "features", in which case the
annotation object need to have both the "feature" and "transcript" fields defined.

Usage

```
exonCounts(obj)
featureCounts(obj)
transcriptCounts(obj,from="exons")
geneCounts(obj,summarization=c("bestExons","geneModels"),...)
islandCounts(obj,force=FALSE,...)
```

Arguments

| obj | An object derived from class RNAseq, can be a matrix for RPKM, see details |
|---------------|--|
| force | For islandCount, force RNAseq to redo findIsland |
| from | either "exons" or "features" can be used to summarize per transcript |
| summarization | Method use for summarize genes |
| | See details |

Details

...for

- geneCounts: additional options for the .geneModelSummarization
- islandCounts: additional options for findIslands

Value

A numeric vector containing count per exon, feature, gene or transcript.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

easyRNASeq annotation methods .geneModelSummarization findIslands

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
```

```
# get the example data files
tdir <- tutorialData()</pre>
```

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```
# get an example annotation file - we retrieve it from GitHub using curl
gAnnot.rda <- fetchData("gAnnot.rda")</pre>
# create an RNAseq object
# summarizing 2 bam files by exons
rnaSeq <- easyRNASeq(tdir,</pre>
                     organism="Dmelanogaster",
                     chr.sizes=seqlengths(Dmelanogaster),
                     readLength=36L,
                     annotationMethod="rda",
                     annotationFile=gAnnot.rda,
                     format="bam",
                     count="exons"
                     pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
                     outputFormat="RNAseq")
# summing up the exons by transcript
rnaSeq <- transcriptCounts(rnaSeq)</pre>
```

End(Not run)

easyRNASeq,character-method

easyRNASeq method

Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. Is the easiest way to get a count matrix from a set of read files. It does the following:

- use ShortRead/Rsamtools methods for loading/pre-processing the data.
- fetch the annotations depending on the provided arguments
- get the reads coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarize the reads according to the selected summarization features
- optionally apply a data correction (i.e. generating RPKM).
- use edgeR methods for post-processing the data, this being strongly recommended over RPKM).

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
easyRNASeq(
    filesDirectory = getwd(),
    organism = character(1),
    chr.sizes = c("auto"),
    readLength = integer(1),
    annotationMethod = c("biomaRt", "env", "gff", "gtf", "rda"),
```

```
annotationFile = character(1),
annotationObject = GRangesList(),
format = c("bam", "aln"),
gapped = FALSE,
count = c("exons", "features", "genes", "islands", "transcripts"),
outputFormat = c("matrix", "SummarizedExperiment", "edgeR", "RNAseq"),
pattern = character(1),
filenames = character(0),
nbCore = 1,
filter = srFilter(),
type = "SolexaExport",
chr.sel = c(),
summarization = c("bestExons", "geneModels"),
normalize = FALSE,
max.gap = integer(1),
min.cov = 1L,
min.length = integer(1),
plot = TRUE,
conditions = c(),
validity.check = TRUE,
chr.map = data.frame(),
ignoreWarnings = FALSE,
silent = FALSE,
. . .
```

)

| filesDirectory | The directory where the files to be used are located. Defaults to the current directory. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| organism | A character string describing the organism |
| chr.sizes | A vector or a list containing the chromosomes' size of the selected organism or simply the string "auto". See details. |
| readLength | The read length in bp |
| annotationMetho | od land and a second |
| | The method to fetch the annotation, one of "biomaRt","env","gff","gtf" or "rda". All methods but "biomaRt" and "env" require the annotationFile to be set. The "env" method requires the annotationObject to be set. |
| annotationFile annotationObjec | The location (full path) of the annotation file |
| | A GRangesList object containing the annotation. |
| format | The format of the reads, one of "aln", "bam". If not "bam", all the types supported by the ShortRead package are supported too. As of version 1.3.5, it defaults to bam. |
| gapped | Is the bam file provided containing gapped alignments? |
| count | The feature used to summarize the reads. One of 'exons', 'features', 'genes', 'islands' or 'transcripts'. See details. |

| outputFormat | By default, easyRNASeq returns a matrix. If one of edgeR, RNAseq or SummarizedExperiment is provided then the respective object is returned. |
|----------------|--|
| pattern | For easyRNASeq, the pattern of file to look for, e.g. "bam\$" |
| filenames | The name, not the path, of the files to use |
| nbCore | defines how many CPU core to use when computing the geneModels. Use the default parallel library |
| filter | The filter to be applied when loading the data using the "aln" format |
| type | The type of data when using the "aln" format. See the ShortRead library. |
| chr.sel | A vector of chromosome names to subset the final results. |
| summarization | A character defining which method to use when summarizing reads by genes. So far, only "geneModels" is available. |
| normalize | A boolean to convert the returned counts in RPKM. Valid when the outputFormat is left undefined (i.e. when a matrix is returned) and when it is edgeR. Note that you should not normalize the data prior to using edgeR! |
| max.gap | When computing read islands, the maximal gap size allowed between two islands to merge them |
| min.cov | When computing read islands, the minimal coverage to take into account for calling an island |
| min.length | The minimal size an island should have to be kept |
| plot | Whether or not to plot assessment graphs. |
| conditions | A vector of descriptor, each sample must have a descriptor if you use output- Format edgeR. The size of this list must be equal to the number of sample. In addition the vector should be named with the filename of the corresponding samples. |
| validity.check | Shall UCSC chromosome name convention be enforced? This is only supported for a set of organisms, which are Dmelanogaster, Hsapiens, Mmusculus and Rnorvegicus; otherwise the argument 'chr.map' can be used to complement it. |
| chr.map | A data.frame describing the mapping of original chromosome names towards wished chromosome names. See details. |
| ignoreWarnings | set to TRUE (bad idea! they have a good reason to be there) if you do not want warning messages. |
| silent | set to TRUE if you do not want messages to be printed out. |
| | additional arguments. See details |

Details

- ... Additional arguments for different functions:
 - For the **biomaRt** getBM function
 - For the readGffGtf internal function that takes an optional arguments: annotation.type that default to "exon" (used to select the proper rows of the gff or gtf file)
 - For to the list.files function used to locate the read files.

- the annotationObject When the annotationMethods is set to env or rda, a properly formatted GRangesList object need to be provided. Check the vignette or the examples at the bottom of this page for examples. The data.frame-like structure of these objects is where easyRNASeq will look for the exon, feature, transcript, or gene identifier. Depending on the count method selected, it is essential that the akin column name is present in the annotationObject. E.g. when counting "features", the annotationObject has to contain a "feature" field.
- the chr.map The chr.map argument for the easyRNASeq function only works for an "organism-Name" of value 'custom' with the "validity.check" parameter set to 'TRUE'. This data.frame should contain two columns named 'from' and 'to'. The row should represent the chromosome name in your original data and the wished name in the output of the function.
- count The count can be summarized by exons, features, genes, islands or transcripts. While
 exons, genes and transcripts are obvious, "features" describes any features provided by the
 user, e.g. enhancer loci. These are processed as the exons are. For "islands", it is for an under
 development function that identifies de-novo expression loci and count the number of reads
 overlapping them.
- chr.sizes If set to "auto", then the format has to be "bam", in which case the chromosome names and size are extracted from the BAM header

Value

Returns a count table (a matrix of m features x n samples). If the outputFormat option has been set, a corresponding object is returned: a RangedSummarizedExperiment, a edgeR:DGEList or RNAseq.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

RNAseq RangedSummarizedExperiment edgeR:DGEList ShortRead:readAligned

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(BSgenome.Dmelanogaster.UCSC.dm3)
```

```
# get the example data
tdir <- tutorialData()</pre>
```

```
# get an example annotation file
gAnnot.rda <- fetchData("gAnnot.rda")</pre>
```

```
# creating a count table from 4 bam files
count.table <- easyRNASeq(filesDirectory="tdir",
    pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam$",
    format="bam",
    readLength=36L,
    organism="Dmelanogaster",
```

```
chr.sizes=seqlengths(Dmelanogaster),
    annotationMethod="rda",
   annotationFile=gAnnot.rda,
   count="exons")
# an example of a chr.map
chr.map <- data.frame(from=c("2L","2R","MT"),to=c("chr2L","chr2R","chrMT"))</pre>
# an example of a GRangesList annotation
grngs <- GRanges(seqnames=c("chr01","chr01","chr02"),</pre>
                      ranges=IRanges(
                              start=c(10,30,100),
                              end=c(21,53,123)),
                           strand=c("+","+","-"),
                           transcript=c("trA1","trA2","trB"),
                           gene=c("gA","gA","gB"),
                           exon=c("e1","e2","e3")
                           )
grngsList<-split(grngs,seqnames(grngs))</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

easyRNASeq-datasets Dataset included in the package

Description

The package contains a dataset from the Robinson, Delhomme et al., 2014 publication.

easyRNASeq-global-variables Objects created when the package is attached.

Description

The package creates the following objects when attached

- GTF.FIELDS
- ANNOTATION.TYPE
- TUTORIAL.DATA
- VIGNETTE.DATA

Arguments

| libname | a character string giving the library directory where the package defining the namespace was found. |
|---------|---|
| pkgname | a character string giving the name of the package. |

Details

These objects hold the following information

- GTF.FIELDS c("gene_id","transcript_id","exon_id","gene_name")
- ANNOTATION.TYPE c(mRNA="mRNA", exon="exon")
- TUTORIAL.DATA: The list of files needed for the help and test pages
- VIGNETTE.DATA: The list of files needed for the vignette

and are designed as global variables to expose the fact that they are hardcoded. These exist as placeholder in case a user would require different values for these.

See Also

.onAttach in the base package.

edgeR additional methods

Extension for the edgeR package

Description

This method extends the edgeR package by offering the functionality to plot the effect of the normalization factor.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DGEList,character,character'
plotNormalizationFactors(
   obj = DGEList(),
   cond1 = character(1),
   cond2 = character(1)
)
```

file.exists methods

Arguments

| obj | An object of class DGEList |
|-------|--|
| cond1 | A character string describing the first condition |
| cond2 | A character string describing the second condition |

Value

none

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

```
## Not run:
## create the object
dgeList <- DGEList(counts,group)
## calculate the sie factors
dgeList <- calcNormFactors(dgeList)
## plot them
apply(combn(rownames(dgeList$samples),2),
2,
function(co,obj){plotNormalizationFactors(obj,co[1],co[2])},dgeList)
```

End(Not run)

| file.exists methods | Extend the file.exists function to check the path slot of a Rsamtools |
|---------------------|---|
| | BamFile class for existence |

Description

Check if the bam file represented by a BamFile object exists.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
file.exists(...)
```

Arguments

... a BamFile object

Methods

list("signature(object = \"BamFile\")") Checkk if the bam file linked to by a BamFile object
 exists.

genomeIntervals additional methods

Extension for the genomeIntervals package

Description

type Another way to access the content of the gff type column.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'Genome_intervals'
type(x)
```

Arguments

x An object of class Genome_intervals

Value

type The content of the type column, usually a factor or a character vector

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- genomeIntervals object
- genomeIntervals-readGff3

Examples

```
# library
library(genomeIntervals)
```

```
# fetch the example data
gffFilePath <- fetchData("Dmel-mRNA-exon-r5.52.gff3.gz")
annot<-readGff3(gffFilePath,quiet=TRUE)
type(annot)</pre>
```

getBamFileList

Description

A utility function to create a BamFileList-class object from a set of filenames. The filenames need to contain the file path if they are not in the working directory.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character, character'
getBamFileList(filenames = character(0), indexnames = character(0))
```

Arguments

| filenames | a character vector containing fully defined BAM file filenames |
|------------|--|
| indexnames | a character vector containing fully defined BAM index file filenames |

Value

a BamFileList-class

See Also

BamFileList-class dir

Examples

IRanges additional methods

Extension of the IRanges package

Description

Return the ranges of the genomic annotation.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
ranges(x)

Arguments

х

An object of the RNAseq class

Details

It retrieves the object stored in the genomicAnnotation slot of the RNAseq object and apply the ranges function on it.

Value

An IRangesList object, where the split is performed by seqnames (e.g. chromosomes).

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

Examples

parallel additional methods

parallel additional methods

Description

Functions defined in the easyRNASeq package that enhance the parallel package.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'list,function'
parallelize(obj = list(), fun = NULL, nnodes = 1, ...)

Arguments

| obj | the object which processing has to be parallelizes |
|--------|--|
| fun | the function to be applied in parallel |
| nnodes | the number of nodes to use |
| | additional arguments passed to the function fun |

Details

The parallelize function ease the use of the parallel package. If the number of nodes provided by the user is 1, then a simple 'lapply' is used, otherwise a cluster object is created and the object dispatched for parallelization.

Value

the result of the clusterApply function.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

clusterApply makePSOCKcluster and stopCluster in makeCluster

Examples

parallelize(list(a<-c(1,2),b<-c(2,1)),sum,nnodes=1)</pre>

print methods

Description

Print information about a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
print(x, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| х | An object from class RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam |
|---------|--|
| verbose | A logical to have a verbose or not output. Default to FALSE For object of the RNAseq class only. |
| | Additional arguments, currently unused. |

Value

Print information about the provided object.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

RNAseq class Class "RNAseq"

Description

A class holding all the necessary information and annotation to summarize couts (number of reads) per features (i.e. exons or transcripts or genes) for RNA-Seq experiments.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RNAseq", ...).

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

RnaSeqParam class

See Also

- GRangesList
- RleList
- easyRNASeq
- easyRNASeq accessors
- easyRNASeq annotation
- easyRNASeq correction (FPKM)
- easyRNASeq coverage
- easyRNASeq summarization
- easyRNASeq print methods

Examples

showClass("RNAseq")

RnaSeqParam class Class "RnaSeqParam"

Description

A class holding all the necessary parameters to process a bam file issued from an RNA-Seq experiment together with the related annotation to compute a count-table using the simpleRNASeq function. The precision slot is used to determine the count unit:

- readsdefault. The standard summarizeOverlaps-methods function is used to extract the read counts
- bpThe easyRNASeq summarization functions are used to extract the read covered bp counts

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("RnaSeqParam", ...) or using the RnaSeqParam constructor.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- RnaSeqParam constructor
- RnaSeqParam accessors
- simpleRNASeq function
- AnnotParam
- AnnotParam constructor
- BamParam
- BamParam constructor
- summarizeOverlaps-methods
- easyRNASeq summarization functions

Examples

```
showClass("RnaSeqParam")
```

ShortRead additional methods

Methods extending the ShortRead package functionalities

Description

These are functions extending the ShortRead packages capabilities:

Usage

```
demultiplex(obj,barcodes=c(),barcodes.qty=12,barcode.length=6,
edition.dist=2,type=c("independant","within"),index.only=FALSE,mc.cores=1L)
barcodePlot(obj,barcodes=c(),type=c("independant","within"),
barcode.length=6,show.barcode=20,...)
chastityFilter(.name="Illumina Chastity Filter")
naPositionFilter(.name="NA Position Filter")
```

Arguments

| obj | An object derived from class AlignedRead |
|----------------|---|
| barcodes | A character vector describing the multiplex (i.e. barcode) sequences used in the experiment. |
| barcodes.qty | An integer describing the number of barcodes |
| barcode.length | An integer describing the barcode length in bp |
| edition.dist | The maximal edition distance (i.e. the number of changes to apply), to accept an incorrectly sequenced barcode. |

| type | The type of barcode used. independent represents barcodes generated by the illumina protocol; i.e. a separate additional sequencing step performed once the first mate has been sequenced. within represents barcodes that are part of the sequenced reads as established by Lefrancois P et al., BMC Genomics, 2009 |
|--------------|--|
| index.only | simply return the index and not the barcode themselves. |
| mc.cores | A parameter ultimately passed to srdistance to enable parallel processing on mc.cores. On linux and Mac only, windows task remain serially processed. |
| .name | An internal string describing the filter |
| show.barcode | An integer specifying how many barcodes should be displayed in the final output. |
| | additional graphic parameters |

Details

- barcodePlot Creates a plot showing the barcode distribution of a multiplexed sequencing library.
- chastityFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read according to the chastity filtering value.
- demultiplex Split a single AlignedRead object into a list of AlignedRead objects according to the barcodes provided by the user. It supports multicore processing but has a default serial behaviour.
- naPositionFilter Creates a SRFilter instance that filters SolexaExport read having an NA position.

When demultiplexing, the function if provided with just the AlignedRead will try to find out how many barcodes were used and what they are. This is unwise to do as many barcodes will get wrongly sequenced and not always the most frequent ones are the one you used! It's therefore strongly advised to specify the barcodes' sequences that were used.

Value

- barcodePlot returns invisibly the barcode frequencies.
- chastityFilter returns a SRFilter instance.
- demultiplex returns a list of AlignedRead objects.
- naPositionFilter returns a SRFilter instance.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

SRFilter AlignedRead

Examples

```
## Not run:
# the barcode
barcodes=c("ACACTG","ACTAGC","ATGGCT","TTGCGA")
invisible(download.file(paste0("https://github.com/UPSCb/UPSCb/raw/",
       "master/tutorial/easyRNASeq/multiplex_export.txt.gz"),
       "multiplex_export.txt.gz"))
 # the multiplexed data
 alns <- readAligned(".",</pre>
                    pattern="multiplex_export",
                    filter=compose(
                      chastityFilter(),
                      nFilter(2),
                      chromosomeFilter(regex="chr")),
                    type="SolexaExport",
                    withAll=TRUE)
 # barcode plot
barcodePlot(alns,
            barcodes=barcodes,
            type="within",
            barcode.length=6,
            show.barcode=20,
            main="All samples",
            xlim=c(0,0.5))
 # demultiplexing
 dem.alns <- demultiplex(alns,</pre>
                        barcodes=barcodes,
                         edition.dist=2,
                        barcodes.qty=4,
                         type="within")
 # plotting again
 par(mfrow=c(2,2))
 barcode.frequencies <- lapply(</pre>
                               names(dem.alns$barcodes),
                               function(barcode,alns){
                                 barcodePlot(
                                             alns$barcodes[[barcode]],
                                             barcodes=barcode,
                                             type="within",barcode.length=6,
                                             show.barcode=20,
                                             main=paste(
                                                "Expected barcode:",
                                                barcode))
                               },dem.alns)
```

End(Not run)

show methods

Description

Display the content of a RNAseq, AnnotParam, BamParam or RnaSeqParam object.

Usage

S4 method for signature 'RNAseq'
show(object)

Arguments

object An object of the AnnotParam, BamParam, RnaSeqParam or RNAseq class

Methods

Annot/Bam/RnaSeqParam The respective object settings.

Description

This function is a wrapper around the more low level functionalities of the package. It is the simplest way to get a RangedSummarizedExperiment object from a set of bam files. RangedSummarizedExperiment are containers meant to hold any Next-Generation Sequencing experiment results and metadata. The simpleRNASeq method replaces the easyRNASeq function to simplify the usability. It does the following:

- use GenomicAlignments for reading/pre-processing the BAM files.
- get the annotations depending on the selected parameters
- calculate the coverage from the provided file(s)
- summarizes the read counts according to the selected summarization
- returns a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFileList,RnaSeqParam'
simpleRNASeq(
    bamFiles = BamFileList(),
    param = RnaSeqParam(),
    nnodes = 1,
    verbose = TRUE,
    override = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

| bamFiles | a BamFileList object |
|----------|---|
| param | RnaSeqParam a RnaSeqParam object that describes the RNA-Seq experimental setup. |
| nnodes | The number of CPU cores to use in parallel |
| verbose | a logical to be report progress or not. |
| override | Should the provided parameters override the detected ones |

Value

returns a RangedSummarizedExperiment object.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- For the input:
 - AnnotParam
 - BamParam
 - RnaSeqParam
- For the output: RangedSummarizedExperiment
- For related functions:
 - BamFile
 - BamFileList getBamFileList

Examples

```
# the data
tdir <- tutorialData()
annot <- fetchData("Drosophila_melanogaster.BDGP5.77.with-chr.gtf.gz")
# create the BamFileList, get the BAM and BAI index files from the Bioc cache
filenames <- dir(tdir,pattern="[A,T].*\\.bam$",full.names=TRUE)
indexnames <- sapply(paste0(sub(".*_","",basename(filenames)),".bai"),fetchData)</pre>
```

```
bamFiles <- getBamFileList(filenames,indexnames)
# create the AnnotParam
annotParam <- AnnotParam(annot,type="gtf")
# create the RnaSeqParam
rnaSeqParam <- RnaSeqParam(annotParam=annotParam)
# get a RangedSummarizedExperiment containing the counts table
sexp <- simpleRNASeq(
    bamFiles=bamFiles,
    param=rnaSeqParam,
    verbose=TRUE
)
# get the counts
assays(sexp)$exons</pre>
```

Description

Describes extensions to the Rsamtools package.

- For BamFile and BamFileList objects:
 - validate validates a BamFile or BamFileList object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'BamFile'
validate(obj, header = TRUE, cross.validation = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| obj | An object of the BamFile or BamFileList class |
|-----------------|---|
| header | a boolean to (de)activate the check for a BAM header |
| cross.validatio | on |
| | a boolean - only valid for BamFileList objects - to (de)activate the cross validation of all the BAM files header |

Details

validate checks whether the BAM file exists and if a BAI index is present.

validate returns invisibly a vector of boolean. Fails anyway if any file is missing.

Author(s)

Nicolas Delhomme

See Also

- BamFile
- BamFileList

Examples

```
# retrieve the data
tdir <- tutorialData()</pre>
```

get the bam file path from the Bioc cache
filenames <- dir(tdir,pattern="[A,C,T,G]{6}\\.bam\$",full.names=TRUE)</pre>

retrieve the index from the Bioc cache too
inxnames <- sapply(paste0(sub(".*_","",basename(filenames)),".bai"),fetchData)</pre>

bfl <-BamFileList(filenames,index=inxnames)</pre>

validate(bfl)

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